



# CHALLENGER II HF LINEAR AMPLIFIER

(GS 35 Model)



**Operating Manual** 

WiMo Antennen und Elektronik GmbH

Am Gäxwald 14, D-76863 Herxheim Tel. (07276) 96680 FAX 6978 http://www.wimo.com e-mail: info@wimo.com

### INDEX

- 1. Specifications
- 2. Introduction
- 3. Installation
- 4. Operating controls
- 5. Operation
- 6. Circuit diagrams

### CAUTION

There are dangerously high voltages inside the amplifier when the power is switched on. DO NOT remove the covers unless the power has been disconnected and sufficient time has elapsed for the capacitors to discharge.

### NOTE

The Challenger is capable of a greater power output than the CW rating shown in the specifications. In order to achieve the stated PEP output, the amplifier must be capable of operating CW at the same level for short periods. Do not try to operate the amplifier at greater than the recommended level.

If the amplifier is operated for long periods at levels greater than the recommended ones, then damage may occur. Care should be taken not to exceed 400mA grid current or to drive with more than 130W continuous wave drive. Also care should be taken not to exceed 1.5 : 1 SWR.

# WiMo Antennen und Elektronik GmbH

Am Gäxwald 14, D-76863 Herxheim Tel. (07276) 96680 FAX 6978 http://www.wimo.com e-mail: info@wimo.com (1)

## 1. SPECIFICATIONS

FunctionThe Challenger is a desk top linear RF amplifier with a nominal output of 1500W covering the HF Amateur bands.
Type of EmissionSSB/CW/RTTY
Output power1500W SSB or CW, 1000W continuous RTTY
Gain13dB nominal
Power requirements
Duty cycleFull O/P with normal amateur service
CoolingForced air cooling
Frequency coverageAll amateur bands 1.8 - 29.7 MHz (incl. WARC)
Input impedence
ValvesSingle GS 35 ceramic triode
Harmonics50dB typical
Intermodulationmore than -35dB at 1kW O/P
DC Voltage
MeteringPlate current, switchable Grid current / RF relative O/P
ALCFront panel adjustable ALC
ProtectionPrimary AC fuses, grid current trip, soft start and timer at switch-on
Dimensions16in wide x 9.5in high x 17in deep 410mm x 240mm x 475mm
Weight

### 2. INTRODUCTION

The Challenger is a high quality RF linear amplifier which is designed around a single GS 35 medium mu triode in grounded grid configuration. The amplifier uses a Pi network in the output circuit and a tuned input circuit on each band to give maximum rejection of harmonics. The amplifier is fan-cooled with an internal flatpack blower to provide forced air cooling for the valve and also good circulation around the transformer.

The GS 35 valve must be allowed to warm up properly hence a 2.5 min start-up timing circuit is incorporated which disables the PTT operation until the time has elapsed. There is also a soft-start circuit to prevent a high EHT surge on switch-on. There are five LED status indicators READY, WAIT, GRID, TRIP and ON-AIR.

Two panel meters provide continuous indication of Plate current and a switch-selected choice of Grid current or relative RF output. The latter should normally reside in the Grid current position as it is most important to monitor the grid current at all times.

A nine position switch, one for each band 10, 12, 15, 17, 20, 30, 40, 80 and 160m, selects band coverage.

The Tune and Load controls are attached to the capacitor using 6:1 epicyclic drives to ensure silk-smooth tuning.

The power supply uses a specially designed 2.5kVA toroidal transformer, which provides the three separate voltages needed in the amplifier:-

- 1. HIGH VOLTAGE which is 3600V (voltage doubled from the transformer), the main voltage applied to the valve anode.
- 2. HEATER SUPPLY which is 13V at 4Amps.
- 3. CONTROL VOLTAGE which is 12V used for pulling in the Tx/Rx relays and gives the LEDs the control condition of the amplifier.

The cabinet chassis is made from Zintec steel plate for maximum strength but the covers and front panel are aluminium to reduce weight.



#### (3)

### 3. INSTALLATION

### **SETTING UP**

a) Unpack the amplifier and check that it is undamaged. The carton should also contain an operating manual, phono plugs (for relay switching lead) and spare fuse. Please retain the packing and box should it be necessary to ship it or move it to another location.

b) Ensure you have a reasonable airflow around the site you have chosen to install your amplifier. Do not enclose the cabinet or restrict the airflow in any way. Try to avoid extremes of heat, humidity or dust in order to give many hours of trouble-free operation.

c) Ensure ALL connectors to be used by yourself are of a sufficient electrical standard to carry the higher RF output generated by the amplifier. To properly tune the amplifier a high quality Wattmeter (e.g. Bird thruline) should be used to measure the output and if possible a similar meter between the driver and the amplifier to correctly measure the input.

d) NEVER attempt to operate the amplifier without first connecting an antenna or 500hm dummy load. Check the SWR of the antenna with the amplifier in the OFF or STBY position and do not operate the amplifier if the SWR is greater than 2 : 1.

e) Check that the front panel switches are in the STBY and OFF positions.

### CONNECTIONS

- a) POWER CABLE. The amplifier is fitted with a 3-wire Mains cable terminated in a 13A plug (UK only). The supply must be 230VAC single phase, 50/60 Hz.
- b) OUTPUT COAX. Any good quality 50 ohm coax capable of carrying up to 2000W at 28MHz is suitable. This needs an SO239 connector to go on to the amplifier and whatever connector is required for your Wattmeter.
- c) INPUT COAX. Good quality 50 ohm coax with an SO239 connector to the amplifier and a connector of your choice for the driver.
- d) RELAY SWITCHING LEAD. Two phono plugs are provided for you to make a lead to go into the PTT and ALC sockets on the rear of the amplifier and connect to the linear amplifier connections on your transceiver.

## (4)

## 4. OPERATING CONTROLS



### FRONT PANEL CONTROLS

1. ON/OFF SWITCHMains power on and off
2. STBY/TXAmplifier standby / operate
3. PLATE METER1.5 Amps, monitors the plate current of the valve
4. GRID METER0 - 400mA, monitors the grid current which should not rise above 400.
or RF OUT METERrelative RF O/P adjustable with RF SET
5. GRID / R.F. OUTSwitches Grid meter to use as relative RF O/P meter
6. RF SETWhen the above switch is at RF Out, this control adjusts the sensitivity of the meter
7. ALCWhen turned anti-clockwise until it clicks, the ALC is off and the amplifier power is determined by the transceiver power control (which should not exceed 130W). Click and turn clockwise to set required output, this will adjust the drive power from your transceiver automatically.
8. BAND SWITCHSelects the desired frequency range
9. TUNE CONTROLControls the amplifier resonant frequency
10. LOAD CONTROLControls the amplifier output loading (For approximate Tune and Load positions, see back page of this manual)

- 12. WAIT LED.....PTT operation is disabled while lit
- 13. TRIP LED......Shows amplifier is disabled due to excessive grid current

14. ON-AIR LED......Shows the amplifier is on-air Notes on LED indicators:

- a) The WAIT LED comes on when the amplifier is switched on and indicates that the timer is in operation. The amplifier cannot be operated at this time. After approx. 2.5 minutes the light will go out .
- b) The TRIP LED comes on when the grid current has exceeded 400mA, due either to excessive drive being applied or to mis-tuning. In either case, the amplifier ceases to operate until the cause has been rectified and the amplifier re-set. To reset the amplifier, make sure the Tune and Load controls are in the correct positions and the drive turned down a little. Now press the STBY/TX switch to STBY and immediately back to TX, the Trip LED should now have gone out and the amplifier is able to be keyed once more.



### **REAR PANEL**

1	FUSE HOLDER	
2.	MAINS	
3.	ТХ	SO239 connector, coaxial INPUT to amplifier from driver
4.	ANT	SO239 connector, coaxial OUTPUT to antenna through a
		suitable power meter
5.	PTT	Phono connector to transceiver relay
6.	ALC	Phono connector to transceiver ALC
NB	B. Refer to transceive	r operating manual for connections to a linear amplifier.
7.	EARTH	

(6)

### 5. OPERATION

### SET-UP

Connect all the cables as previously described in the manual, then double check. Ensure that your transceiver is set for operation with a linear amplifier (refer to your transceiver manual). When you are satisfied that everything is correct and the STBY/TX switch is on STBY, switch the amplifier ON. The green LED should be lit (3-4 second delay for soft-start to operate). After approx. 2.5 minutes the red WAIT LED will go out indicating that the valve has warmed up and is ready for operation. Select the band you wish to operate on and set the Tune and Load controls to the settings shown on the back page of this manual. Now put the STBY switch to TX, which puts it into the operate mode.

With no RF drive applied, key the amplifier and check that the plate meter shows a standing current of about 100mA. The green ON-AIR LED will be on when the amplifier is keyed.

### **TUNE-UP**

Now set your transceiver to 50 Watts output, in either CW or FSK, key the amplifier and using the Tune control adjust for maximum output on the desired frequency. The Load control setting as per the chart is an optimum position for the amplifier running 1300W into a 50 ohm load. If a power of less than 1kW is required, the Load control can be adjusted clockwise to a setting where the efficiency becomes greater but ensure the grid current remains low. Running at 1300W the drive control on your transceiver should be around 90W and the positions on the Tune and Load chart should be correct.

The amplifier is now ready for operation.

#### **OPERATION**

The mode of operation, CW or SSB, can now be selected and operate as normal.

When the amplifier is in the STBY position the RF goes straight through from the transceiver to the antenna, and when it is in the TX position the amplifier comes into operation.

During operation, keep a careful eye on the Grid meter making sure it does not go too high. (However, if 400mA is exceeded then the Grid Trip will operate)

### **OPERATING PRECAUTIONS**

To ensure safe and reliable operation please regard the following precautions:-

HIGH VOLTAGES CAN BE LETHAL. Never try to operate your amplifier with the covers removed. If it is necessary to work inside the cabinet, always disconnect the Mains supply and allow the capacitors to discharge fully.

Never operate the amplifier into a load or antenna with an SWR greater than 2 : 1.

Always tune the amplifier for resonance using low drive at the operating frequency.

The components in the amplifier are designed to be used within the parameters of the specifications on page 2. Excessive drive giving output in excess of these specifications will shorten valve life and could affect the reliability of other components.

### WARRANTY

Linear Amp UK Ltd warrants to the original purchaser that this product shall be free from defects in material or workmanship for 12 months from the date of the original purchase. Valves are excluded from this warranty.

Notification should be given as soon as possible after discovering a possible defect. Carriage charges for any parts or units submitted for replacement or repair under this warranty must be paid by the purchaser.

Correct maintenance, repair and use are important to ensure proper performance from this product. Carefully read the operating manual. This warranty does not apply to any defect Linear Amp UK Ltd determines is caused by (1) improper maintenance or repair, including the installation of parts or accessories tat do not conform to the quality and specification of the original parts; (2) misuse, abuse, neglect or improper installation; (3) accidental or intentional damage; (4) acts of God.

Linear Amp UK Ltd is not responsible for damage to other equipment or property or any other consequential or incidental damage of any kind.

This warranty is not transferable from the original owner on sale of the unit to another.

# WiMo Antennen und Elektronik GmbH

Am Gäxwald 14, D-76863 Herxheim Tel. (07276) 96680 FAX 6978 http://www.wimo.com e-mail: info@wimo.com