ASSEMBLING AND USING YOUR....

TUBE CHECKER MODEL TC-2

595-63

BENTON HARBOR,
MICHIGAN

PRICE \$1.

ASSEMBLY AND OPERATION OF THE HEATHKIT TUBE CHECKER

MODEL TC-2



Simplified set-up procedure.

Rapid switch selection of individual tube elements.

Any combination of base pin connections.

Check for quality, emission, shorted elements, open elements, and filament continuity.

Checks 4, 5, 6, and 7 pin large, regular and miniature, octal, loctal, Hytron, 9 pin miniature and pilot lamps.

Individual tests on multiple element tubes.

Blank panel socket for obsolescence protection.

Compensation for line voltage variation.

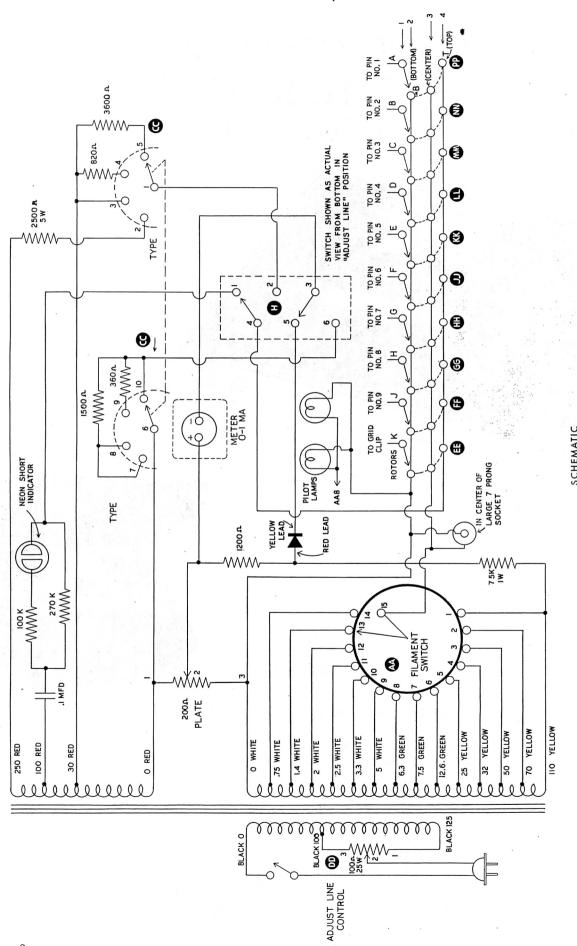
New smooth rolling illuminated roll chart.

Easy to read GOOD-BAD meter scale.

Fourteen Filament voltages - .75 to 117 volts

Element Test Voltages......0-250 volts

Dimensions......14" wide x 11" deep x 4 1/4" high



SCHEMATIC HEATHKIT TUBE CHECKER Model TC-2

NOTES ON ASSEMBLY AND WIRING

The Heathkit model TC-2 Tube Checker, when properly constructed will provide a service type instrument capable of many years of satisfactory operation. We urge you to take the necessary time to assemble and wire the instrument carefully. Do not hurry the work and you will be rewarded with a greater sense of confidence both in the equipment and your own workmanship.

This manual is supplied to assist you in every way to complete the instrument with the least possible chance of error. We suggest that you take a few minutes now and read the entire manual through very carefully before any work is started. This will enable you to proceed with the work much faster and with greater accuracy. The large fold-in pictorials are handy to attach to the wall above your work space. Their use will greatly simplify the construction of the kit. These diagrams are repeated in smaller form within the manual. We suggest that you retain the manual in your files for future reference, both in the use and maintenance of the TC-2 Tube Checker.

Unpack the kit carefully and check each part against the parts list. By so doing, you will become acquainted with each part. Refer to the charts and other information shown on the inside covers of the manual to help you identify any parts about which there may be a question. If some shortage is found in checking the parts, please notify us promptly and return the inspection slip with your letter to us. Hardware items are counted by weight, and if a few are missing, please obtain them locally if at all possible.

Read the note on soldering on the inside of the back cover. Crimp all leads tightly to each terminal before soldering. Be sure both the lead and the terminal are clean of wax, corrosion or other foreign substances. Use only the best rosin core solder, preferably one containing the new activated fluxes, such as Kester "Resin Five," Ersin "Multicore," or similar types.

NOTE: ALL GUARANTEES ARE VOIDED AND WE WILL NOT REPAIR OR SERVICE INSTRUMENTS IN WHICH ACID CORE SOLDER OR PASTE FLUXES HAVE BEEN USED. WHEN IN DOUBT ABOUT SOLDER, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT A NEW ROLL PLAINLY MARKED "ROSIN CORE RADIO SOLDER" BE PURCHASED.

Resistors and controls generally have a tolerance rating of $\pm 20\%$ unless otherwise stated in the parts list. Therefore a 100 K Ω resistor may test anywhere from 80 K Ω to 120 K Ω . (The letter K is commonly used to designate a multiplier of one thousand.) Tolerances on condensers are generally even greater. Limits of +100% and -50% are common for electrolytic condensers. The parts furnished with your Heathkit have been specified so as not to adversely affect the operation of the finished instrument.

In order to expedite delivery to you, we are occasionally forced to make minor substitutions of parts. Such substitutions are carefully checked before they are approved to insure that the parts supplied will work satisfactorily. By checking the parts list for resistors, for example, you may find that a 2.2 megohm resistor has been supplied in place of a 2 megohm as shown in the parts list. These changes are self-evident and are mentioned here only to prevent confusion to you in checking the contents of your kit.

We strongly urge that you follow the wiring and parts layout shown in this manual. The desirable position of wires and parts has been previously determined for arrangement in logical sequence. Any changes may seriously affect the characteristics of the circuit or the operation of the completed instrument.

INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION

The Heathkit model TC-2 Tube Checker was expressly designed for checking tubes encountered in everyday radio and TV service work. It is capable of providing an overall quality test, will indicate shorted elements, open elements and filament continuity. It will check 4, 5, 6, and 7 pin, large, regular and miniature, octal, loctal, Hytron, 9 pin miniature series tubes and pilot lamps. Separate tests for the oscillator section of converter tubes have been provided. A blank socket is arranged on the panel to facilitate modification for checking newly added tube types as protection against obsolescence.

The roll chart contains all necessary data for the checking of currently used tubes. Because of the constantly growing list of tubes, it was decided to eliminate tubes classified as seldomused, or obsolete, in an effort to hold down the physical length of the roll chart. The information for various settings of the tubes in this particulat classification is supplied on a separate sheet. The Heath Company periodically revises the roll chart in order to provide the latest test information. Announcement of new chart availability is usually made in Heathkit Flyer advertising and replacement charts can be obtained for a nominal charge of fifty cents (\$0.50).

One secondary winding of the power transformer is tapped for fourteen different filament voltages which range from .75 volts up to 110 volts. Such an arrangement assures placing the proper filament voltages on the hundreds of tubes listed on the chart and the filament switch makes proper connections.

The other secondary winding has voltage taps of 30 volts, 100 volts and 250 volts, and the various tests use these different voltages. Three basic circuits are set up as the tube is checked and these operate in the following manner.

The first basic circuit is used when making the quality and open checks. In these tests, 30 volts AC are placed across the tube between filament and plate and the tube under test conducts as a half-wave rectifier. The filament and cathode are connected together as are the plate and the grids. The PLATE adjust control adjusts the sensitivity of the BAD-GOOD meter, which is in the circuit at this time. The roll chart gives the setting for PLATE adjust control and a good tube with the sensitivity of the meter properly set will have sufficient cathode emission to swing the meter needle to the GOOD position. If the tube emission is too low, the conducting current of the tube will not be high enough to bring the needle into the GOOD section, rather into the? or BAD section. Thus the cathode emission is checked.

Basically, the open check works as follows. The plate and all grids connected together will receive a certain amount of electrons from the cathode. The meter reading with this flow is noted. Then, to test each element individually for opens, each of the grids is in turn disconnected and if the element is not open, the current through the meter drops and the reading is less than originally noted. If an element is open, it is recognized because the meter reading does not drop when this element is checked. For tubes with quite a number of grids, the operation is somewhat more complex, but the same theory applies in general. For gas tubes, (OZ4, etc.) the 250 volt tap rather than the 30 volt tap is used. The circuitry remains unchanged.

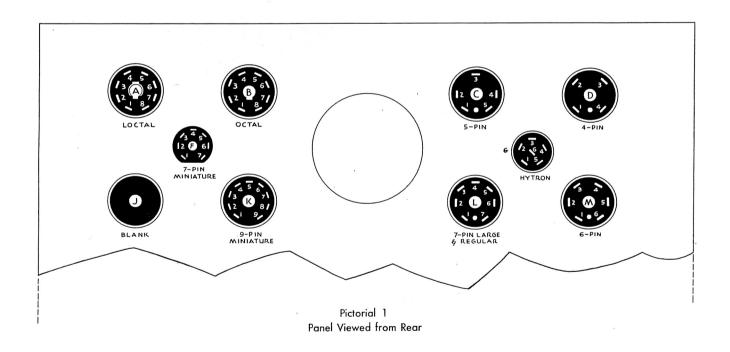
The second basic circuit is used in short and filament continuity test. The 100 volt tap is connected to the neon bulb short indicator and associated network, and is in series with the plate of the tube being tested. The meter is not now in the circuit and the checks are indicated by the neon bulb. Putting the switches in the positions as indicated on the roll chart, connect the various tube elements in such a manner that a shorted element will cause considerable increased current flow through the resistor in parallel with the neon bulb. The voltage drop then produced reaches the operating voltage of the neon bulb, and it glows brightly indicating a short. For the filament tap continuity test, the filament setting is reduced to .75 volts and with continuity the neon bulb will glow.

The third basic circuit is in the SET LINE position. The SET LINE control in the primary of the power transformer, varies the voltage across the primary thereby in turn the secondary voltage. The meter with the voltage divider network and the rectifier now in the circuit will indicate the proper secondary voltage when the needle is set on the SET LINE marking. The purpose of the SET LINE is to assure proper voltages on the tube under test, rather than have false indication as a result of high or low power line voltages.

NOTE: In some sections of the country where AC line supply voltages are somewhat higher than the average, it may be necessary to further compensate for increased voltage by installing a resistor in series with one leg of the transformer primary winding. The exact resistance value required can best be determined experimentally, but it will generally fall between 50 and 100 ohms. Due to the power requirements of the Tube Checker it would be advisable that the resistor have a rating of at least 20 watts and should preferably be of the wire-wound type.

MECHANICAL ASSEMBLY

Study Pictorial 1 very carefully, and note the placement of various parts. This pictorial shows the aluminum panel as viewed from the rear. Throughout this manual, a system of alphabetical



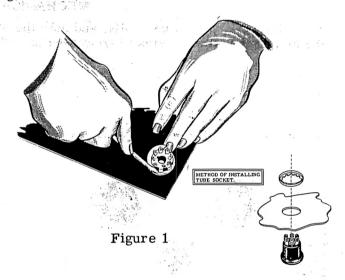
designation will be used for each part, and each terminal connection of the part will be assigned a number. Therefore, the first tube socket in the upper left corner, which is a loctal socket, is designated as A, and the eight pins will be identified as A1, A2, A3, etc. Actually marking the panel openings will prove helpful. This same procedure will be used throughout instrument construction. Please note also that some parts such as the lever switches, have been assigned a dual alphabetical designation, such as EE, FF, GG, etc.

Actual assembly will first begin with the mounting of the ten tube sockets. These sockets are of rugged construction and will provide good service under the strain to which they are subjected through the constant insertion and removal of tubes during test procedure. All of these sockets are of ring mounting type for additional strength. When installing these sockets with the ring mounting be sure to make the installation properly so that no difficulty with socket loosening will occur later on after all of the wiring has been installed. When installing sockets be sure to note the keyway designation or the relative locations of the socket pins as shown in Pictorial 1. You will note that in most instances, each pin of the socket has a molded number for quick identification.

An additional wavy ring and lock ring have been provided for your convenience in event a ring should become damaged during construction. Please note that one of the wavy rings is much larger, and this ring should be used only on socket L, which is the large seven-pin socket having the pilot light test socket incorporated in its design.

To prevent marring the finish of the Tube Checker panel, it is advisable to place a pad or cloth over the workbench or working surface for protective purposes. Sockets are held in place by a wavy ring which is forced over the back of the socket and into the grooves along the edge as shown in Figure 1.

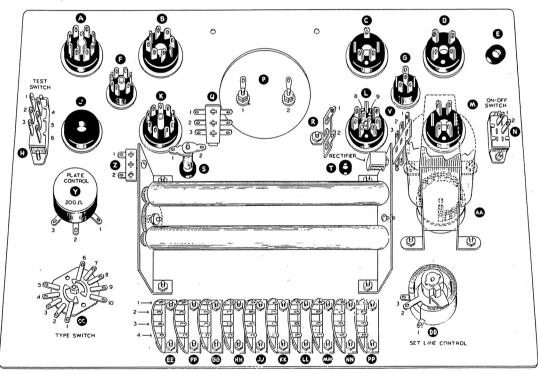
() Mount the seven pin miniature socket in location F. Note placement of flat on side of socket. It is held in place by a small lock ring, which is pressed over the base after it is properly placed in the panel. In event the lock ring fitting is too tight for installation, it might be necessary to bend the teeth upwards slightly with a pair of long-nose pliers.



- (1) In a similar manner, mount the five pin Hytron socket in location G. Pay particular attention to the pin numbering on the socket as the flat side of the socket does not correspond with the relative location of the socket previously installed.
- (Mount the loctal socket in location A, using the wavy ring mounting method previously described. Note keyway placement.
- (V) Mount the octal ring in location B. Note keyway placement.
- () Mount the five pin socket in location C.
- (V) Mount the four pin socket in location D.
- (V) Mount the blank socket in location J.
- (v) Mount the nine pin miniature socket in location K. Note that the blank space in the socket pin ring is placed toward the bottom of the panel.
- (Mount the large seven pin socket in location L. This socket uses the largest of the wavy rings supplied.
- (\bigvee) Mount the six pin socket in location M.

Observe Pictorial 2 for the steps immediately following.

- (1) Using 6-32 screws, lockwashers and nuts, mount the OFF-ON switch in location N. Use care to see that the lugs are positioned exactly as shown in Pictorial 2.
- (\smile) Mount the double pole double throw spring return slide switch in location H. When mounting this switch, orient it so that the slide button is normally in the ADJUST LINE SHORT (see front of panel) position. Use 6-32 screws. No lockwashers or nuts are needed as switch frame is tapped and threaded.
- (\checkmark) Mount the 200 Ω control in location Y by means of a control lockwasher, control panel washer and nut.
- (Mount the 14 position rotary switch in location AA with a control lockwasher, control panel washer and nut.



ARTS PLACÉMENT AND TERMINAL IDENTIFICATIO

Pictorial 2

HEATHKIT TUBE CHECKER MODEL TC-2

- () Mount the two pole four position rotary switch in location CC. Use a control lockwasher, control panel washer and nut. Before tightening the nut, note the flat on the switch shaft and orient the flat so that it is on the side of the shaft opposite the panel designation type 1. This should be done with the switch indexed maximum counter-clockwise. This precaution is observed so that the switch will not be mounted upside down.
- Mount the 100 Ω 25 watt control in location DD. Use one nut below the panel when mounting the control, as the locating pin on the control is not used and its thickness must be accounted for. Use a control lockwasher, control panel washer and nut in the same manner as when the other controls were mounted.
- ($\ensuremath{\mathcal{U}}$) Slide the 5/16" rubber grommet in the hole in location T.

- (\smile) Slide the 1/2" rubber grommet in location S.
- (L) Slide a 3/8" rubber grommet in location E.
- (L) In order to protect the meter face, the meter will not be installed at this time. Since the meter mounting screws are used to mount a two lug and a three lug terminal strip, these terminal strips will be mounted with 6-32 screws and nuts temporarily. These screws and nuts will then be removed later on when the actual installation of the meter is called for.
- () Mount a three lug vertical terminal strip in location Q.
- (L) In a like manner, mount a two lug terminal strip in location R.
- (L) Observe Pictorial 2 and mount the two lug terminal strip Z on a roll chart bracket. Mount the gear shaft on the same bracket using a #6 lockwasher and a 6-32 nut.
- (-) On the remaining tube chart bracket, install a 6-32 screw, lockwasher and nut in the same relative position as the gear shaft was installed on the first roll chart bracket. The purpose of this screw is to provide a slip on mounting pin for the panel lamp holder, which will later be slipped over both brackets.
- (4) Place the large drive gear on the gear shaft and fasten the angle bracket to the panel using 6-32 hardware.
- (1) Mount the other roll chart bracket in a similar manner. Do not tighten the 6-32 screws at this time, as some play will be required for the mounting of the roll chart in a later step.

LEVER SWITCH MOUNTING

The ten lever switches should now be mounted in locations EE, FF, GG, etc. When mounting these switches, be sure that the switch frame mounting flange is pointing in the direction shown in Pictorial 2. Because of variations in switch supply, it is possible that some switches may already have tapped mounting frames requiring only the use of 6-32 screws for switch mounting.

In event there is any confusion regarding the mechanical mounting of the lever switches, please inspect the switches very carefully. You will note that one of the four solder lugs is a "common" lug, which can be switched to any one of the three remaining lugs. In all cases, the switch should be mounted so that the "common" lug is toward the roll chart mounting or away from the lower edge of the Tube Checker panel. Reversed switch mounting will result in a short circuit condition which will seriously overload the power transformer and could conceivably cause transformer failure. The importance of correct switch mounting cannot be over-emphasized.

NOTE: In all future correspondence, please be sure to properly identify the particular lever switches used in your kit. They may be any one of the following three major types:

- 1. JBT; identified by initials JBT on arm assembly, leaf spring detent action and numbered designation SS 141L3.
- 2. CENTRALAB; identified by frame designation CRL 10938 and coil spring detent action.
- 3. GRIGSBY-ALLISON; identified by frame designation G-A 5263 and leaf spring detent action.
- () Install all ten lever switches in an identical manner with the "common" lug of each switch toward the roll chart assembly. For installation ease start with switch EE and work towards the right.

The preliminary mechanical assembly of the Tube Checker has now been completed with the exception of the installation of the meter, power transformer, and a few other miscellaneous items which will be installed in later steps. The instrument is now ready for basic switch and tube socket wiring. However, before proceeding with the wiring, carefully recheck all assembly up to this point. In event any errors are present, it is much easier to correct them now rather than after all of the wiring is in place.

SWITCH AND SOCKET WIRING

In order to simplify the detailed but very important wiring between the tube sockets and the lever switches, color coded wire will be used. A four foot length of 8-wire color coded cable has been furnished with this kit. Two lengths of this cable will be required for two separate wiring harnesses. Therefore, measure and cut off a 15" length of 8-wire cable and a 12" length of 8-wire cable. The remaining length of wire cable should now be pulled apart in order to use the individual sections of colored wire. This can be accomplished by cutting a portion of the outer plastic insulation and then removing the wires by pulling them out of the cable one at a time. Do not separate the 15" and 12" lengths of cable previously cut.

To further standardize wiring procedure, the color code used in resistance work will be used as much as possible with the exception of the black and white cable wires. In actual wiring procedure calling for the wiring of pin 1 on all sockets and connecting to the corresponding lever switch the same color wire will be used all the way from the lever switch to pin 1 on all sockets. In this instance, the color of the wire will be brown. For convenience the following code will be used.

- 1. Brown
- 2. Red
- 3. Orange
- 4. Yellow
- 5. Green
- 6. Blue
- 7. Black
- 8. White

By installing all wiring using this color code, it will be much easier to trace out all wiring in event trouble shooting should be required at any time.

The 12" and 15" lengths of 8-wire cable will be prepared as separate wiring harnesses before actual installation. If the following instructions are carefully followed, a neat compact wiring job will result.

CABLE HARNESS PREPARATION

The 15" length of 8-wire cable will be installed first. This should be prepared by removing 5" of outer covering from one end and 3" of outer covering from the other end of the cable. This can be easily accomplished by bending the wire cable at the point where a circular cut will be made through the outer insulation. Use a sharp knife or a razor blade and cut the insulation covering very carefully so as to not damage the insulation on the wires underneath the outer covering. Rotate the cable during the cutting procedure and a very neat job can be obtained. After the circular cut is made, the outer covering can be easily slipped off the cable end without disturbing the wires. Prepare both ends of the 15" cable length in this manner.

Starting with the end of the cable from which the 5" length of insulation was removed, the following wires should be cut to length. Do not cut the brown, red, and orange wires.

- (1) Cut off a 1/2" length of the yellow wire.
- (✓) Cut off a 1" length of green wire.
- (\checkmark) Cut off a 1 1/2" length of blue wire.

- (ι) Cut off a 1 1/2" length of black wire.
- ($^{\downarrow}$) Cut off a 1 1/2" length of white wire.

The remaining lengths of wire at the 5" end of the cable should now be prepared for soldering by removing 1/4" of insulation from the end of each wire. Twist the loose strands together and tin each wire end by using a hot soldering iron being careful not to burn or damage the plastic covering.

Prepare the other end of the 15" cable harness by cutting the following wires.

- (L) Cut off 2" of the brown wire.
- (∠) Cut off 2" of the red wire.
- () Cut off 2" of the orange wire.
- (∠) Cut off 1" of the yellow wire.
- () Cut off 1" of the green wire.
- () Cut off 1" of the white wire.

NOTE: The blue and black wires are not cut as the full length will be used.

Prepare this end of the harness by removing 1/4" of the insulation from the end of each wire. Twist the loose strands together and tin the wire by using a hot iron and permitting solder to flow through the strands to form a compact wire end without allowing any excess solder blobs to remain on the wire.

(S) means solder.

- (NS) means do not solder yet.
- () Connect a length of hookup wire to lever switch EE1 (S).
- () Dress this wire around the roll chart bracket and across the panel to R1 (NS).
- () Connect a length of hookup wire to lever switch FF1 (S).
- (E) Dress the wire around the roll chart bracket to K9 (S).
- (v) The end of the cable harness from which the 5" length of insulation was removed will now be installed to the lever switches starting by connecting the brown wire to PP1 (S).
- () Connect the red wire to NN1 (S).
- (ν) Connect the orange wire to MM1 (S).
- (i) Connect the yellow wire to LL1 (S).
- (L) Connect the green wire to KK1 (S).
- (L) Connect the blue wire to JJ1 (S).
- () Connect the black wire to HH1 (S).
- () Connect the white wire to GG1 (S).

Page 11

Subsequent wiring steps will require the use of the various lengths of assorted colored wire previously separated. In each instance, the length of wire should be roughly determined and will usually be between 2'' or 3'' long. The insulation should be stripped 1/4'' from each end of the wire, the wire twisted, and tinned in the same manner called for in the preparation of the harness.

- () The 15" cable harness should now be dressed around the roll chart bracket to socket K and wiring will continue by connecting the brown cable wire to K1 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of brown wire from K1 (S) to F1 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of brown wire from F1 (S) to A1 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of brown wire from A1 (S) to B1 (NS).
- () Connect the red cable wire to K2 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of red wire from K2 (S) to F2 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of red wire from F2 (S) to A2 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of red wire from A2 (S) to B2 (NS).
- () Connect the orange cable wire to K3 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of orange wire from K3 (S) to F3 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of orange wire from F3 (S) to A3 (NS).
- (Connect a short length of orange wire from A3 (S) to B3 (NS).
- () Connect the yellow cable wire to K4 (NS).
- (C) Connect a short length of yellow wire from K4 (S) to F4 (NS).
- (Connect a short length of yellow wire from F4 (S) to A4 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of yellow wire from A4 (S) to B4 (NS).
- () Connect the green cable wire to K5 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of green wire from K5 (S) to F5 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of green wire from F5 (S) to A5 (NS).
- (Connect a short length of green wire from A5 (S) to B5 (NS).
- (/) Connect the blue cable wire to K6 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of blue wire from K6 (S) to F6 (NS).
- (\smile) Connect a short length of blue wire from F6 (S) to A6 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of blue wire from A6 (S) to B6 (NS).
- () Connect a black cable wire to K7 (NS).
- (Connect a short length of black wire from K7 (S) to F7 (NS).

- () Connect a short length of black wire from F7 (S) to A7 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of black wire from A7 (S) to B7 (NS).
- () Connect the white cable wire to K8 (NS).
- (,) Connect a short length of white wire from K8 (S) to A8 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of white wire from A8 (S) to B8 (S).

Prepare the remaining 12" length of 8-wire cable in a similar manner by removing 2 1/2" of outer covering from one end and 4 1/2" of outer covering from the other end. This length of 8-wire cable will be used in making connections from socket B to the group of tube sockets on the other side of the panel. Since the number 8 white wire will not be used it can either be ignored or pulled out of the cable assembly. Before installing the cable harness, the ends should be cut and tinhed in the same manner as the 15" length of wire previously installed.

- (ω) Starting with the cable length from which 2 1/2" of insulation or outer covering have been removed, cut off 1" of yellow wire.
- (\checkmark) Cut off 1" of the green wire.
- (>) Cut off 1" of the blue wire.
- () Cut off 1" of the black wire.

1/4" of insulation should be removed from each end of the wires, the loose strands twisted tightly together, and the wire carefully tinned.

- (\lor) Going to the other end of the wire harness, cut off 3" of the brown wire.
- (\smile) Cut off 3" of the red wire.
- (\cup) Cut off 3" of the orange wire.
- (∠) Cut off 2" of the yellow wire.
- (\cup) Cut off 1" of the green wire.
- (/) Cut off 1" of the blue wire.

DO NOT cut the black wire.

Again the insulation should be removed from the wire ends, the loose strands tightly twisted and carefully tinned.

- () Starting with the end of the cable from which 2 1/2" of insulation have been removed, connect the brown cable wire to B1 (S).
- () Connect the red cable wire to B2 (S).
- () Connect the orange cable wire to B3 (S).
- () Connect the yellow cable wire to B4 (S).
- () Connect the green cable wire to B5 (S).
- () Connect the blue cable wire to B6 (S).

() Connect the black cable wire to B7 (S).

NOTE: There is no connection to B8 as far as this particular cable installation is concerned.

- (Dress the harness across the top of the panel to socket C and connect the brown cable wire to C1 (NS).
- (C) Connect a short length of brown wire from C1 (S) to D1 (NS).
- (\smile) Connect a short length of brown wire from D1 (S) to G1 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of brown wire from G1 (S) to M1 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of brown wire from M1 (S) to L1 (S).
- () Connect the red cable wire to C2 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of red wire from C2 (S) to D2 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of red wire from D2 (S) to G2 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of red wire from G2 (S) to M2 (NS).
- (1) Connect a short length of red wire from M2 (S) to L2 (S).
- () Connect the orange cable wire to C3 (NS).
- (1) Connect a short length of orange cable wire from C3 (S) to D3 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of orange wire from D3 (S) to G3 (NS).
- (b) Connect a short length of orange wire from G3 (S) to M3 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of orange wire from M3 (S) to L3 (S).
- () Connect the yellow cable wire to C4 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of yellow wire from C4 (S) to D4 (NS).
- (\checkmark) Connect a short length of yellow wire from D4 (S) to G4 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of yellow wire from G4 (S) to M4 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of yellow wire from M4 (S) to L4 (S).
- () Connect the green cable wire to C5 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of green wire from C5 (S) to G5 (NS).
- (ω) Connect a short length of green wire from G5 (S) to M5 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of green wire from M5 (S) to L5 (S).
- () Connect the blue cable wire to G6 (NS). (G6 is the center terminal of the Hytron socket.)
- () Connect a short length of blue wire from G6 (S) to M6 (NS).
- () Connect a short length of blue wire from M6 (S) to L6 (S).

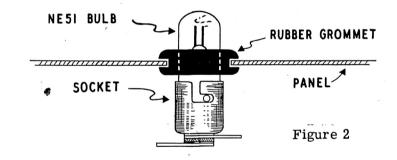
(Connect the black cable wire to L7 (S).

You have now completed all of the wiring between the tube sockets and lever switches which will permit individual switch selection of any tube element. This represents the major portion of the Tube Checker instrument wiring and it is very important that all of the wiring be correctly done. May we suggest that at this time you recheck all connections to the various tube socket terminals to make sure that no loose strands of wire, cuttings, or blobs of solder can cause a short circuit. Dress all the wiring neatly away from each socket terminal and press the wiring down toward the panel.

To carry the test further, the use of an ohmmeter between terminal 1 of each lever switch and the corresponding socket terminals will indicate proper continuity. In a similar manner, short circuits between lever switch terminals, socket terminals, or even grounding to the panel can be detected. The importance of correctly installing this wiring cannot be over-emphasized.

FINAL ASSEMBLY AND WIRING

- () Referring to Pictorial 2 mount the meter rectifier and the 3 lug vertical terminal strip in the position shown on the roll chart bracket. (Straighten the L-shaped terminal mounting to permit vertical placement.)
- (Place the neon bulb in the bayonet socket and slide the bulb into grommet S. See Figure 2.
- (\triangleright) Run a wire from S1 (S) to Q1 (S).
- (\smile) Connect a 270 K Ω resistor (red-purple-yellow) between Q2 (S) and Q3 (NS).
- (\smile) Run a wire from S2 (S) to Q2 (NS).
- (\smile) Connect a 100 K Ω resistor (brownblack-yellow) from Q1 (S) to Q3 (NS).



- () Referring again to the ten lever switches, bend lugs 2, 3, and 4 slightly upward on all ten switches.
- () Dress a length of bare wire through all terminal 2 switch lugs.
- () Dress a similar length of bare wire through all terminal 3 switch lugs.
- () Dress a third length of bare wire through all terminal 4 switch lugs.
- (Carefully solder all terminal connections with the exception of connections on switches EE1, 2, 4 and PP1, 2, 3. These terminals are not soldered at this time as additional connections will be made to these switch solder lugs. When soldering the terminals, be sure to use a hot iron and flow the solder smoothly into each joint. so that a good electrical bond exists. Avoid excessive use of solder which could conceivably cause a switch flooding condition.
- () Refer to Pictorial 2 for placement of switch H.
- () Run a wire from H1 (S) to Q2 (S).
- () Run a wire from H2 (S) to switch CC1 (S).
- () Run a wire from H4 (S) to EE4 (S).
- () Run a wire from H5 (S) to V2 (NS).

- (/) Run a wire from H6 (S) to CC10 (NS).
- Run a wire from plate control Y3 (S) to EE2 (S).
- (\checkmark) Connect a 360 Ω 5% resistor (orange-blue-brown) from CC10 (NS) to CC9 (S).
- (\checkmark) Connect one lead of a 1500 Ω 5% resistor (brown-green-red) to CC10(S), and pass the other lead of the resistor through CC8 (S) and continue to CC7 (S).
- (\lor) Connect an 820 Ω 5% resistor (gray-red-brown) between CC3 (NS) and CC4 (S).
- Connect a 3600 Ω 5% resistor (orange-blue-red) between CC3(NS)and CC5 (S).
- () Moving to socket L, connect a length of hookup wire from L8 (S) to PP3 (NS). Dress this wire around the end of the tube bracket and close to the panel.
- () Connect another wire from L9(S) to PP2(NS) dressing the wire in a similar manner. Avoid excessive use of solder when connecting to L8 and L9 to prevent shorting at the terminal base.
- () Connect a wire from the filament selector switch AA15 (S) to PP3 (S).
- (\wp) Install the 75 K Ω precision resistor from AA1 (NS) to V1 (NS). Dress this resistor placement down near the panel so it will not interfere with wiring to be connected to the filament selector switch terminals. (Use sleeving.)
- Connect the yellow lead of the meter rectifier to V2 (S).
- (v) Connect the red lead of the meter rectifier to V1 (NS).
- () Connect a 1200 Ω resistor (brown-red-red) from V1 (S) to V3 (NS).
- (Connect a 6" length of hookup wire to AA8 (NS). The other end of this hookup wire will be connected to the panel light assembly in a later step.

At this stage of assembly, the roll chart should be mounted in the following manner. Place brass washers on the two wood roller spindle ends opposite the gear end. Loosen the chart very slightly and install face down with the printed surface against the panel opening. Be sure to first slip the chart under the hub of the drive gear. The two spindle ends on which the brass washers were previously installed should now be slipped into place in the roll chart bracket. The gear end of the wood rollers should now be slipped into place on the other roll chart mounting bracket, being certain that the gears properly mesh.

The mounting of the angle bracket assembly to panel should now be checked before the mounting screws are tightened. You will note that the openings in the roll chart angle bracket mounting flanges are elongated to permit some range of adjustment. The purpose of this adjustment range is to prevent undue lateral motion of the roll chart assembly.

The roll chart should roll smoothly and freely from one end of its length of travel to the other without diagonal running or binding. If the chart is loose on the roller, there will be too much play in the action. If too tight, the chart will bind, usually at either end of its travel.

Adjust angle bracket mounting so that thumbwheel drive does not bind. Roller spindles may be lightly lubricated with fine oil.

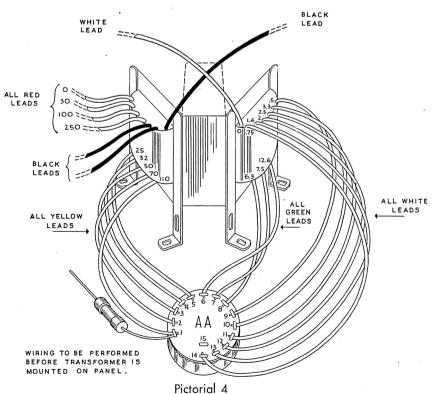
PANEL LAMP BRACKET

- () Install two 1/2" rubber grommets in the panel lamp bracket.
- () Install two #47 pilot lamps in their respective bayonet bases.
- (\cup) Moisten the glass surface of the panel lamps for easy installation. Push them through the rubber grommets until the bayonet pin portion of the lamp and socket engage the grommet.
- () Turn the panel lamp sockets so that the solder lugs are parallel to each other and connect short lengths of hookup wire between terminals 1 (S) of each socket and terminals 2 (S) of each socket. The pilot light bracket can now be installed by slipping the 5-32 mounting hole in one bracket end over the roll chart bracket opposite the bracket with the gear mounting. The bracket mounting hole should be slipped over the end of the 6-32 screw and nut previously installed in the same relative location as the gear shaft mounting on the other bracket. The remaining end of the pilot light bracket should be slipped over the 6-32 stud mounting for the main drive gear.

Please note that the free mounting of the pilot light bracket is deliberate. The bracket should not be bolted or fastened to either of the studs and is held in place by the slip-on method of installation. As the roll chart is rotated from one end of its travel to the other, the pilot lamp bracket will rock slightly and act as a chart guide. It might be necessary to adjust the mounting tension of the panel lamp bracket and this can be accomplished by slight bending of the end pieces.

- () Connect the free end of the short length of hookup wire previously installed to AA8 to one of the pilot light socket terminals (S).
- () From the other pilot light socket terminal, connect a short length of hookup wire to PP2 (NS). Refer to Pictorial 5.

POWER TRANSFORMER MOUNTING AND WIRING



Expanded View of Power Transformer Wiring

The power transformer should be inspected, and you will note that the leads are color coded as well as marked on the paper wrapper around the windings. Straighten the leads and identify each lead. During this process handle the transformer leads with care. Although they are firmly anchored, it would be wise to avoid unnecessary difficulty that might be caused through undue tension on the leads. If an ohmmeter is available, it would be advisable to check transformer continuity at this time. The power transformer is partially wired into the circuit before it is mounted. Follow Pictorial 4 carefully and do not cut the leads. They are of the proper length to be easily connected into the circuit.

- (4) Connect the yellow 110 volt lead to AA1 (S).
- () Connect the yellow 70 volt lead to AA2 (S).
- () Connect the yellow 50 volt lead to AA3 (S).
- (1) Connect the yellow 32 volt lead to AA4 (S).
- () Connect the yellow 25 volt lead to AA5 (S).
- () Connect the green 12.6 volt lead to AA6 (S).
- (_) Connect the green 7.5 volt lead to AA7 (S).
- () Connect the green 6.3 volt lead to AA8 (S).
- () Connect the white 5 volt lead to AA9 (S).
- () Connect the white 3.3 volt lead to AA10 (S).
- () Connect the white 2.5 volt lead to AA11 (S).
- (\vee) Connect the white 2 volt lead to AA12 (S).
- (\vee) Connect the white 1.4 volt lead to AA13 (S).
- (\vee) Connect the white .75 volt lead to AA14 (S).

The white 0 volt lead is left unconnected at this time.

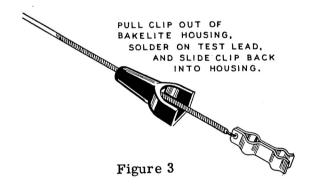
The power transformer should now be mounted above switch AA. In mounting each of the power transformer flanges, slide a 6-32 screw through the proper hole in the panel, set the transformer flange over the screw, slip a plain washer and a lockwasher over the screw and fasten with a 6-32 nut. Repeat this procedure for the other three flanges. Before tightening the screws, stand the Tube Checker panel on its end so that the weight of the transformer will allow the slotted flanges to slide away from the roll chart bracket assembly. This is done to provide as much clearance as possible between the pilot lamp bracket and the transformer winding. Firmly tighten the 6-32 screws and nuts.

NOTE: If necessary the transformer mounting legs can be bent slightly in order to increase the clearance between the transformer and pilot bracket.

Before proceeding further, check all wiring in the vicinity of the transformer mounting. Make sure that the wiring has not been pinched between the panel and transformer mounting flanges. Dress excess transformer lead wiring underneath the power transformer so that it will not interfere with the necessary clearance required for mounting the panel to the Tube Checker cabinet.

- () Connect the red 0 volt power transformer lead to Y1 (NS).
- (L) Run a wire from Y1 (S) to CC6 (S).
- () Connect a red 30 volt power transformer lead to CC3 (S).
- () Connect the red 100 volt lead to R2 (NS). (The red 250 volt lead is left unconnected at this time.)
- (\smile) Mount the .1 μ fd condenser between R2 (S) and Q3 (S).
- () Connect the black 0 volt transformer lead to N2 (S).
- (Connect the black 100 volt transformer lead to DD3 (S).
- () Connect the black 125 volt power transformer lead to DD1 (S).
- () Connect the white 0 volt transformer lead to PP2 (S).
- ($^{\cup}$) Connect the 2500 Ω 5 watt wire-wound resistor between Z1 (NS) and Z2 (NS).
- (Run a wire from Z2 (S) to CC2 (S).
- (>) Connect the red 250 volt power transformer lead to Z1 (S).
- () Study Figure 3 and mount the grid clip on the grid clip test lead. Note that the metal clip section should be pulled out of the bakelite cap and the conductor of the test lead soldered to it. Do not use excessive solder as the clip is pushed back into the bakelite housing after the soldering has been completed.

NOTE: This clip will accommodate both sizes of grid caps found on radio receiving tubes.



- () Dress the flexible grid clip wire through the small rubber grommet T from the panel side of the Tube Checker, remove 1/4" of insulation from the end of the wire, and tie the wire in a simple overhand knot about 1 1/2" from the end. Connect the flexible wire to R1 (S).
- () Pass the line cord through panel grommet E. Knot the cord as shown, and allow sufficient length to fasten one lead to DD2 (S) and the other lead to N1 (S).

METER MOUNTING

The 4 1/2" meter should now be removed from its carton for panel installation. First it will be necessary to remove the 6-32 screws and nuts which were temporarily installed to hold the two lug terminal strip R and the three lug terminal strip Q in place. Install the meter in the panel opening and slip the two and three lug terminal strips over the meter mounting studs. Use #6 lockwashers and 6-32 nuts to fasten the meter in place.

- () Connect a length of hookup wire from H3 (S) to meter terminal P2 (S).
- () Connect a length of hookup wire from Y2 (S) to meter terminal P1 (NS).
- () Connect a length of hookup wire from V3 (S) to meter terminal P1 (S).

This completes instrument construction and the knobs can now be installed on the panel controls. Install the large pointer knobs on the filament switch and the plate control. Index the filament switch knob so that in maximum counterclockwise position it indexes at the .75 volt position, and in maximum clockwise position it indexes at the 100-115 volt position. Install the plate control knob so that at its maximum counterclockwise position it indexes at zero, and in maximum clockwise position it indexes at 100. The SET LINE and TYPE knobs should also be installed in a similar manner. The lever switch buttons should now be installed on the lever switches. Inspection of the switch buttons will show that they must be correctly positioned before being pushed down on the switch arms. Two additional buttons have been supplied with your kit to be used as spares. Retain them for possible future use.

PRELIMINARY TESTS

Plug the line cord into a 117 volt AC 50 to 60 cycle supply source. Never use 25 cycle or DC supply voltage, as the power transformer will suffer severe damage. Turn the panel switch to its ON position. The roll chart panel lamps should immediately light, and the meter pointer will deflect to mid-scale. With the use of the SET LINE control, it should be possible to adjust the meter pointer to the meter line test position. It is normal for the range of adjustment to be on the high side of the meter, rather than toward the low end. This is understandable in view of the fact that when heavy current drain tubes, such as rectifiers drawing 2 and 3 amperes on the filament, are being tested, the reading will drop somewhat and it will be necessary for the SET LINE control to be readjusted to the line test position.

If the neon short lamp lights up during any of these preliminary tests, turn the Tube Checker off immediately and systematically trouble-shoot the circuit for possible cause of difficulty. The short test should not indicate any glow during the preliminary test procedure if the instrument is correctly wired. Should difficulty be encountered, a voltage check of the power transformer would be helpful. Use an AC voltmeter and refer to the schematic for the proper voltages that would normally be obtained at the various windings.

If preliminary tests indicate that the Tube Checker is functioning, the action of the checker can be further tested by making actual tests on a variety of tubes that may be available.

CABINET INSTALLATION

The Tube Checker can now be installed in the cabinet or carrying case. When the panel is in place, you will note that there has been a slight space provided between the cabinet wall and the edge of the panel to accomodate any small variations that may occur. After properly centering the panel, small holes should be drilled in the wood corner supports, so that the panel mounting screws can be installed. If a drill is not available, a starting hole can usually be made with a small, sharp screwdriver or a small awl.

USING THE HEATHKIT TC-2 TUBE CHECKER

The Heathkit Tube Checker will provide a number of varied tests and these are outlined in the steps below. The following steps should always be used as a guide in setting up tube testing procedure.

- (1) With power cord connected, move roll chart to listing of the tube to be tested, and turn SET LINE control until meter pointer is at LINE TEST point.
- (2) Set the TYPE switch to the number shown on the chart.
- (3) Set the FILAMENT selector to the voltage shown.
- (4) Set the PLATE control according to chart information.
- (5) Set LEVER switches to TOP and BOTTOM positions as shown in top and bottom columns in chart.
- (6) Insert tube and re-set the SET LINE control if necessary.

- (7) Check tube for short by moving levers shown in light type through the two positions returning to the positions shown on chart. A shorted tube is indicated by a steady glow of the neon bulb. Disregard neon bulb flashing as lever switches are moved. It is possible that some serious short circuits, such as plate to filament, will momentarily overload the power transformer. This condition will be indicated by complete dim out of the panel lamps. Do not allow the Tube Checker to operate under this extreme condition for any length of time. Make the test as quickly as possible in order to obtain the desired information.
- (8) Check tube for quality test by moving the test slide switch to TEST position after allowing sufficient time for the tube to reach operating temperature. If the meter pointer falls in the GREEN scale, the quality of the tube is GOOD.

TO TEST FOR OPEN ELEMENTS, PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:

(1) Holding slide switch in TEST position, move each lever in the TOP position (only those in light type) to the BOTTOM position and return. Satisfactory tube elements (those properly connected to their pins) are indicated by a change in meter reading. The grid element usually shows a large change, while a screen or plate show only a slight change.

NOTE: If the meter indication in the quality test (step 8) is off scale, reduce the meter reading to an on-scale reading by turning the PLATE control, then proceed with the open element test.

TO CHECK FILAMENTS, FILAMENT TAPS, INTERNAL CONNECTIONS FOR CONTINUITY:

Set FILAMENT selector switch to .75. Move each lever shown in dark type through each of its other two positions. Always move only one lever at a time. Satisfactory filaments, taps and internal connections will be shown by a bright glow of the SHORT test indicator.

MULTIPLE TUBE TYPES:

Tubes which contain several sets of elements are indicated on the chart by a bracket set of listings, one for each test to be made on the tube. The tester is set up according to the tests in each line and checked through all of the tests as outlined above.

PILOT LIGHTS:

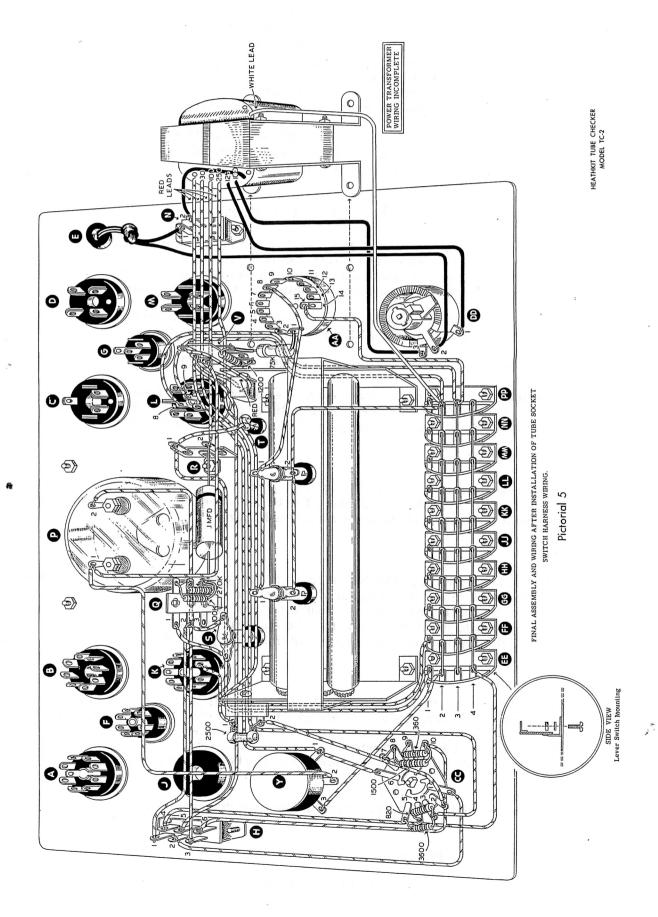
Check pilot lights by setting the FILAMENT selector switch to the proper voltage and inserting the pilot light in the socket found in the center of the seven pin socket. This is a universal contact-type pilot light test socket and does not require that the lamp be permanently inserted. It is merely necessary to hold the pilot lamp so that the side wall of the base and the center pin of the lamp make contact with the corresponding points in the lamp socket.

NEW TUBES:

The Heath Company periodically revises the Tube Checker roll chart in order to keep abreast of new tube releases. However, because of the great quantity of new tubes being released by manufacturers, a customer will occasionally desire to check a new tube before the test data appears on the roll chart. The instructions below will tell exactly how to set up the instrument for obtaining temporary settings so that these new tubes may be checked provided manufacturer's data is available.

- (a) Note manufacturer's data carefully concerning the base diagram of the pin connections and filament voltage.
- (b) Set the Tube Checker TYPE switch as follows:

Type 1 - for low cathode current tubes (below 4 ma) usually diode type tubes.



Type 2 - for cathode current tubes between 3 ma and 15 ma. These are usually filament type tubes with the exception of diodes.

Type 3 - for cathode current type tubes greater than 8 ma. These are usually indirectly heated cathode types with the exception of diodes.

Type 4 - for gas control tubes, gaseous rectifiers, and eye or target tubes.

- (c) Set filament voltage to values specified by manufacturer.
- (d) Set all levers to the center position.
- (e) Determine the first filament connection from the tube base diagram and leave its connection lever in the center position. Its connection lever can be found as follows: Lever A correponds to pin 1. Lever B to pin 2. Lever C to pin 3, etc.
- (f) Determine the second filament connection from the tube base diagram and set its connection lever to the B (bottom) position.
- (g) Determine from base diagram if tube has a filament tap, and if so, set connection lever corresponding to tap to the B (bottom) position. Also determine from base diagram if tube has panel lamp.
- (h) If the tube has more than one section (duo diodes, duo triodes, etc.) make a separate test for each section. For the section being tested follow instructions below. For the section not being tested, move all corresponding connection levers to the B (bottom) position. If tube has only one section, follow instructions below.
- (i) Move the connection lever corresponding to the cathode to the B (bottom) position.
- (j) Move all other elements of the section being tested (screens, supressors, grids, plate, etc.) to the T, top position.
- (k) Plug tube into correct socket.
- (1) Plug instrument into 105-125 volt, 50-60 cycle outlet and turn power on.
- (m) Adjust SET LINE control so that the meter indicates line test.
- (n) Hold the adjust line short-test switch in the test position and adjust plate voltage control to bring the pointer to the middle of the good scale. (If possible, make this adjustment for at least three new tubes and select the average setting.)
- (o) List all these settings in the manual.
- (p) If the tube is of the multi-section type check the remaining sections in the manner outlined above and list the settings in the manual.

SPECIAL SOCKET:

The Heath Company can supply a special acorn socket which can be installed in the blank socket panel position. The acorn socket is available from the Heath Company for a nominal charge of \$0.75, including installation and wiring instructions. It will be necessary to enlarge the blank socket panel opening slightly by using a file, and to drill two mounting holes for the acorn socket. In testing tubes of more than one top contact, a small grid clip lead can be made with a phone tip on the other end which can be inserted in a vacant socket contact and connected into the tester with the proper lever switch.

IN CASE OF DIFFICULTY

- 1. Recheck wiring. Follow each lead on the schematic with a colored pencil and trace it out on the instrument following the color code. Most cases of difficulty result from wrong or reversed connections. (Often having a friend check the wiring will reveal an error consistently being overlooked.)
- 2. Check the voltages as shown on the transformer wrapper at the connections of the transformer leads. This information is duplicated on the instrument schematic. This will show up mis-interpretation of the transformer lead identification.
- 3. Make continuity check between lever switch rotor contacts and various socket pins to make certain that all contacts are connected to levers.
- 4. The SET LINE control normally operates at a rather high temperature and affects part of its cooling through the aluminum panel. This does not indicate a fault.
- 5. If you are unable to locate the difficulty, write to the Heath Company technical consultation service department supplying all possible pertinent information. Include voltage data, as well as any characteristic of operation that may afford a clue to the difficulty. Trained, technical correspondents will analyze the problem and suggest the corrective measures that may be required.

REPLACEMENTS

Material supplied with Heathkits has been carefully selected to meet design requirements and ordinarily will fulfill its function without difficulty. Occasionally improper instrument operation can be traced to a faulty tube or component. Should inspection reveal the necessity for replacement, write to the Heath Company and supply all of the following information:

- A. Thoroughly identify the part in question by using the part number and description found in the manual parts list.
- B. Identify the type and model number of kit in which it is used.
- C. Mention the order number and date of purchase.
- D. Describe the nature of defect or reason for requesting replacement.

The Heath Company will promptly supply the necessary replacement. Please do not return the original component until specifically requested to do so. Do not dismantle the component in question as this will void the guarantee. If tubes are to be returned, pack them carefully to prevent breakage in shipment as broken tubes are not eligible for replacement. This replacement policy does not cover the free replacement of parts that may have been broken or damaged through carelessness on the part of the kit builder.

SERVICE

In event continued operational difficulties of the completed instrument are experienced, the facilities of the Heath Company Service Department are at your disposal. Your instrument may be returned for inspection and repair for a service charge of \$5.00 plus the cost of any additional material that may be required. THIS SERVICE POLICY APPLIES ONLY TO COMPLETED INSTRUMENTS CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS AS STATED IN THE MANUAL. Instruments that are not entirely completed or instruments that are modified in design will not be accepted for repair. Instruments showing evidence of acid core solder or paste fluxes will be returned not repaired.

The Heath Company is willing to offer its full cooperation to assist you in obtaining the specified performance level in your instrument. Factory repair service is available for a period of one year from the date of purchase or you may contact the Engineering Consultation Department by mail. For information regarding the possible modification of existing kits, the volumes listed in the Bibliography section are recommended. They can be obtained at or through your local library, as well as at any electronic outlet store. Although the Heath Company sincerely welcomes all comments and suggestions, it would be impossible to design, test, evaluate and assume responsibility for proposed circuit changes for specific purposes. Therefore, such modifications must be made at the discretion of the kit builder according to information which will be much more readily available from some local source.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS

Before returning a unit for service, be sure that all parts are securely mounted. Attach a tag to the instrument giving name, address and trouble experienced. Pack in a rugged container, preferably wood, using at least three inches of shredded newspaper or excelsior on all sides. DO NOT SHIP IN THE ORIGINAL KIT CARTON AS THIS CARTON IS NOT CONSIDERED ADEQUATE FOR SAFE SHIPMENT OF THE COMPLETED INSTRUMENT. Ship by prepaid express if possible. Return shipment will be made by express collect. Note that a carrier cannot be held liable for damage in transit if packing, in HIS OPINION, is insufficient.

SPECIFICATIONS

All prices are subject to change without notice. The Heath Company reserves the right to discontinue instruments and to change specifications at any time without incurring any obligation to incorporate new features in instruments previously sold.

WARRANTY

The Heath Company limits its warranty of parts supplied with any kit to a period of three (3) months from the date of purchase. Replacement will be made only when said part is returned postpaid, with prior permission and in the judgment of the Heath Company was defective at the time of sale. This warranty does not extend to any Heathkits which have been subjected to misuse, neglect, accident and improper installation or applications. Material supplied with a kit shall not be considered as defective, even though not in exact accordance with specifications, if it substantially fulfills performance requirements. This warranty is not transferable and applies only to the original purchaser. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties and the Heath Company neither assumes nor authorizes any other person to assume for them any other liability in connection with the sale of Heathkits.

The assembler is urged to follow the instructions exactly as provided. The Heath Company assumes no responsibility for the operation of the completed instrument, nor liability for any damages or injuries sustained in the assembly or operation of the device.

HEATH COMPANY Benton Harbor, Michigan

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Spangenberg, K.R.; Vacuum Tubes Brans, P.H.; World's Radio Tubes

PARTS LIST

HEATHKIT TUBE CHECKER

MODEL TC-2

PART No.	PARTS Per Kit	DESCRIPTION		PARTS Per Kit	DESCRIPTION			
Registo	rc		Hardware	3				
Resistors $1-5$ 1 $360~\Omega~5\%$			250-43 4		8-32 set screw			
1-3 $1-79$	1	820 Ω 5%	250-45	35	6-32 x 3/8 screw			
1-19		1200 Ω 5%	250-12	4	#6 x 5/8 sheet metal screw			
1-80	1		252-3	$\frac{4}{37}$	$6-32 \times 1/4$ nut			
	1	1500 Ω 5%						
1-82	1	3600 Ω 5%	252-7	4	Control nut			
1-26	1	100 ΚΩ	253-8	2	Flatwasher			
1-30	1	270 ΚΩ	253-9	4	Brass washer			
2-21A	1	75 KΩ precision	253-10	4	Flat nickel washer			
3-1E	1	$2500~\Omega$ 5 watt wirewound	254-1	36	#6 lockwasher			
	a	1	254-4	4	Control lockwasher			
Condensers-Switches-Controls								
11-14	1	100 Ω 25 watt		Wire-Grommets				
11-12	1	200 Ω wirewound	73-1	1	3/8 grommet			
23-11	1	.1 μ fd tubular	73-3	3	1/2 grommet			
60-1	1	SPST slide switch	73-4	1	5/16 grommet			
60-3	1	DPDT spring return slide	89-1	1	Line cord			
62-1	10	SP, 3 position lever	340-2	1	length Bare wire			
63-14	1	SP, 14 position rotary	341-1	1	Grid clip test lead			
63-17	1	2-pole, 4 position rotary	344 - 1	1	roll Hookup wire			
			346-1	1	length Insulated sleeving			
Knobs-	Sockets-T	erminal Strips	347 - 1	1	length 8-wire cable			
412-1								
412-3	1	NE51 bulb	Miscellar	neous	•			
431-2	2	2 lug terminal strip	54-8	1	Power transformer			
431-4	2	3 lug terminal strip	57-6	1	Half wave rectifier			
434-1	1	Blank socket	91-1	1	Cabinet			
434-4	1	Octal socket	100-M9	1	Chart and roller assembly			
434-9	1	4 prong socket	203-40F1	4 1	Panel			
434-10		Hytron 5 prong socket	204-M43	2	Roll chart bracket			
434-11		5 prong socket	204-M44	1	Panel lamp bracket			
434-12		6 prong socket	260-3	1	Grid clip			
434-13	1	7 prong socket	407-13	1	Tube checker meter			
434-14	1	7 prong miniature socket	451-1	1	Drive gear			
434-6	î	Loctal socket	453-1	1	Drive gear pin			
434-17	1	9 prong miniature socket	595-63	1	Manual			
434-21	3	Pilot light socket		_	2.2.2. 2.2.2			
435-1	8	Octal socket rings						
435-1 $435-2$	3	Miniature socket rings						
435-2 $435-3$	1	Large socket rings						
462-M5		Large knob						
462-7	12	Lever switch knob						
		Small skirted knob						
462-19	۵	Small skirted knob						

VT No. RMA No. VT No. RMA No. VT No. RMA No. VT-24 864 VT-93A 688G VT-164 1619 VT-26 10 VT-94 6135 VT-165 1624 VT-26 22 VT-94A 613G VT-167 618 CT-167 618 VT-27 618 VT-27 618 CT-167 618 VT-26 22 VT-94B 613G Spec. Selec. VT-168A 679G VT-28 24,24A VT-94C 613G Spec. Selec. VT-169 1203 VT-93 VT-94D 613G Spec. Selec. VT-169 1203 VT-94D 613G Spec. Selec. VT-170 1E5-GP VT-213 33 VT-96 2A3 VT-97 VT-171 1R5 VT-273 VT-274 VT-274 VT-275 VT-277 VT-177 VT-178 VT-178 VT-178 VT-178 VT-178 VT-178 VT-178 VT-178 VT-178						
VT-25 10 VT-94 6J5 VT-165 1628 VT-27 30 VT-94B 6J5 spec. Selec. VT-167 6K8 VT-28 24,24A VT-94C 6J5 spec. Selec. VT-169 12C8 VT-29 27 VT-94D 6J5GTyc. Selec. VT-169 12C8 VT-31 31 VT-96 6N7 VT-170 1E5-GP VT-33 33 VT-96 6N7 VT-171 1E5 VT-36 36 VT-96 6N7 spec. Selec. VT-174 3S4 VT-37 37 VT-97 5W4 VT-174 3S4 VT-38 38 VT-98 6F8G5 VT-174 4S4 VT-340 40 VT-99 6F8G5 VT-177 1LB4 VT-441 32 VT-100 807 VT-178 1LK5 VT-442 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 1LK5 VT-443 46 VT-101 827 VT-181 1LK2	VT No.	RMA No.	VT No.	RMA No.	VT No.	RMA No.
VT-25 10 VT-94A 6J5 VT-167 1624 VT-27 30 VT-94B 6J5G Spec. Selec. VT-16BA 6Y6G VT-29 27 VT-94C 6J5G Spec. Selec. VT-16BA 6Y6G VT-29 27 VT-94D 6J5GT/G VT-170 1E5-GP VT-31 31 VT-96 6N7 VT-171 1E5 VT-33 33 VT-96 6N7 VT-172 1E5 VT-36 36 VT-96 6N7 VT-174 3S4 VT-37 37 VT-97 5W4 VT-174 3S4 VT-38 38 VT-98 6F8G VT-177 1LB4 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-177 1LB4 VT-44 32 VT-100 807 VT-178 1LC6 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 1LN5 VT-47 47 VT-104 12SQ7 VT-181 1LC6 VT-4	VT-24	864	VT-93A	6B8G	VT-164	1619
VT-26 22 VT-94A 6J5G VT-167 6K8 VT-28 24,24A VT-94C 6J5G Spec. Selec. VT-169 12C8 VT-28 24,24A VT-94C 6J5G Spec. Selec. VT-169 12C8 VT-31 31 VT-95 2A3 VT-171 1R5 VT-36 36 VT-96B 6N7 Spec. Selec. VT-172 1R5 VT-36 36 VT-96B 6N7 Spec. Selec. VT-173 1T4 VT-37 37 VT-97 8W4 VT-174 3S4 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-176 6AB7/1853 VT-44 32 VT-100 807 VT-178 1LC6 VT-463 866A VT-103 6SQ7 VT-181 1C6 VT-47 47 VT-104 12SQ7 VT-182 3BT/1291 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6 VT-181 7A4 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6 VT-185 306/12	VT-25					
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VT-26		VT-94A			
VT-28 24,24A VT-94C GJGG Spec. Selec. VT-109 12C8 VT-291 27 VT-96 A3 VT-171 1R5 OV VT-31 31 VT-96 A3 VT-171 1R5 VT-36 36 VT-96B 6N7 Spec. Selec. VT-173 1T4 VT-37 37 VT-98 6U5/6G5 VT-176 6AB7/1853 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-176 6AB7/1853 VT-44 32 VT-100 807 VT-178 1LC6 VT-44 32 VT-101 837 VT-178 1LC6 VT-44 47 VT-103 6SQ7 VT-181 1C6 VT-44 47 VT-105 6SC7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6CT VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-49 39/44 VT-107 6V6CT VT-185 366/1299 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6CT VT-185		30				
VT-29 27 VT-94D 6J5GU7/G VT-170 1E5-GP VT-31 31 VT-96 6N7 VT-171 1E5 VT-33 33 VT-96 6N7 VT-172 1S5 VT-37 37 VT-97 6WA VT-174 3S4 VT-38 38 VT-98 6F8G VT-174 3S4 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-177 1LB VT-44 32 VT-100 807 VT-179 1LN5 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 1LN5 VT-46 866A VT-101 1837 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-47 47 VT-104 12SQ7 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-49 39/44 VT-107 6V6 VT-183 1RA/1294 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6G VT-185 306/129 VT-51<			VT-94C			
VT-31 31 VT-96 2A3 VT-171 1R5 VT-36 36 VT-96B 6N7 Spec. Selec. VT-173 1T4 VT-36 36 VT-96B 6N7 Spec. Selec. VT-173 1T4 VT-37 37 VT-98 6U5/6G5 VT-176 6AB7/1853 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-177 1LD6 VT-44 32 VT-100 807 VT-178 1LC6 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-178 1LC6 VT-46A 866A VT-103 6SQ7 VT-181 1C6 VT-47 47 VT-104 12SQ7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-48 41 VT-105 6SC7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-48 41 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-185 366/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-185 306/1299 VT-53 865 VT-116 6L6 VT-185 306/1299		27				
VT-33 33 VT-96 6N7 VT-172 185 VT-37 37 VT-97 6W4 VT-174 384 VT-38 38 VT-97 6W4 VT-174 384 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-177 1LB4 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-177 1LB4 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 1LN5 VT-46A 866A VT-101 837 VT-181 1LC6 VT-46A 866A VT-104 12SQ7 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-47 47 VT-107 6V6 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6 VT-184 VR00-30 VT-50 50 VT-107 6V6 VT-184 VR00-30 VT-51 841 VT-107 6V6 VT-185 366/1299 VT-52 34 VT-107 6V6 VT-188 7F7 VT-53			VT-95			
VT-36 36 VT-98B 6NT Spec. Selec. VT-173 1T4 VT-38 38 VT-98 605/6G5 VT-176 6AB7/1853 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-1716 6AB7/1853 VT-44 32 VT-100 807 VT-178 1LC6 VT-46 866A VT-101 837 VT-178 1LC5 VT-47 47 VT-103 6SQ7 VT-181 7Z4 VT-48 41 VT-105 6SC7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-49 39/44 VT-107 6V6GT VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-188 7E6 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 7E6 VT-52 56 VT-115 6AC7/1852 VT-188 7E6 VT-53 665 VT-115 6AC7/1852 VT-189 7T7 VT-54 34 VT-115 6AC6 VT-189 7T7 <td></td> <td></td> <td>VT-96</td> <td>6N7</td> <td></td> <td></td>			VT-96	6N7		
VT-37 37 VT-97 SW4 VT-174 S84 VT-38 38 VT-99 6F8G VT-177 1LH4 VT-40 40 VT-99 6F8G VT-177 1LH6 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 1LN5 VT-48 48 VT-103 6SQ7 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-47 47 VT-104 12SQ7 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-48 41 VT-105 6SC7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6 VT-184 VR90-30 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-185 306/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6G VT-188 7E6 VT-52 34 VT-1107B 6V6G VT-189 7F7 VT-53 36 VT-114 5T4 VT-189 7F7 VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-192 7AA VT-57 <td></td> <td></td> <td>VT-96B</td> <td>6N7 Spec. Selec.</td> <td>VT-173</td> <td></td>			VT-96B	6N7 Spec. Selec.	VT-173	
VT-40 40 VT-99 6FBG VT-177 11.H4 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 11.C6 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 11.N5 VT-46A 466A VT-104 128Q7 VT-181 TY-27 VT-47 47 VT-105 68C7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6 VT-184 VR90-30 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6CT VT-185 306/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6CG VT-185 306/1299 VT-54 34 VT-107B 6V6CG VT-189 TF7 VT-55 865 VT-114 5T4 VT-189 TF7 VT-56 56 VT-115A 6L6 VT-192 7AA VT-57 57 VT-115A 6L6 VT-192 7AA VT-58 58 VT-116 6SI7 VT-194 717	VT-37		VT-97	5 W 4		
VT-44 32 VT-100 807 VT-178 ILC6 VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 ILN5 VT-46A 866A VT-103 68Q7 VT-181 724 VT-47 47 VT-104 128Q7 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-48 41 VT-107 68C7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-49 39/44 VT-107 6V6 VT-184 VR90-30 VT-50 50 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-185 306/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 7E6 VT-55 865 VT-114 5T4 VT-190 7B7 VT-55 865 VT-115 6L6 VT-190 7B7 VT-55 57 VT-116 6S17 VT-190 7B7 VT-57 57 VT-116A 6S17 VT-196 6W5G VT-62 801 VT-116 6S17 VT-196 6W5G			VT- 98	6U5/6G5	VT-176	6AB7/1853
VT-45 45 VT-101 837 VT-179 ILN5 VT-46A 866A VT-103 68Q7 VT-181 7Z4 VT-47 47 VT-104 12Q7 VT-182 3B7/1291 VT-48 41 VT-107 6V6 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-49 39/44 VT-107B 6V6 VT-188 7B6 VT-50 50 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 7B6 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 7B6 VT-54 34 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-189 TF7 VT-55 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-192 7A4 VT-57 57 VT-115A 6L6G VT-192 7A4 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJT VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116A 6SJT VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116A 6SJT VT-196 6W5G VT-6	VT-40			6 F 8 G	VT-177	1LH4
VT-46A 866A VT-103 6SQ7 VT-181 724 VT-47 47 VT-104 12SQ7 VT-182 3B7/191 VT-48 41 VT-105 6SC7 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-49 39/44 VT-107A 6V6 VT-183 1R4/1294 VT-50 50 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-185 306/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 7E6 VT-55 865 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-189 7F7 VT-55 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-190 7H7 VT-57 57 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-57 57 VT-116A 6SJ7GT VT-196 6W5G VT-64 800 VT-117 6SK7 VT-196 6W5G VT-65 6C5 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-198A 6G6G <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>VT-178</td><td>1LC6</td></tr<>					VT-178	1 LC 6
VT-47 47 VT-104 12SQ7 VT-183 3B7/1291 VT-49 39/44 VT-107 6V6 VT-184 VR90-30 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-185 306/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 7E6 VT-54 34 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-189 7F7 VT-55 865 VT-114 5T4 VT-190 7H7 VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-193 7C7 VT-57 57 VT-115A 6L6 VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116A 6SJ7T VT-194 7J7 VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7T VT-198A 6G6G VT-64 800 VT-117A 6SK7 VT-198A 6G6G VT-65 6C5 VT-117A 6SK7 VT-199A 6SS7	VT-45				VT-179	1LN5
VT-48 41 VT-107 68C7 VT-184 VR90-30 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-184 VR90-30 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 766 VT-51 841 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-189 7F7 VT-55 865 VT-114 5T4 VT-190 7H7 VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-192 7A4 VT-57 57 VT-116A 6BJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116A 6SJ7GT VT-194 7J7 VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7GT VT-198 6G6G VT-64 800 VT-117 68K7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117A 68K7GT VT-200 CM166s VT-66 6C5 VT-117A 68K7GT VT-201 25L6 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-202 9002 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>6SQ7</td><td></td><td></td></t<>				6SQ7		
VT-49 39/44 VT-107A 6V6 T VT-185 306/1299 VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-185 306/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6GT VT-188 7E6 VT-54 34 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-189 7F7 VT-55 865 VT-114 5T4 VT-190 7H7 VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116B 6SJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116B 6SJ7 VT-198A 6G6G VT-62 801 VT-117 68K7 VT-198A 6G6G VT-64 800 VT-117 68K7 VT-198A 6G6G VT-65A 6C5 VT-117 68K7 VT-198A 6G6G VT-66 6F6 VT-126 1000 1000 1000 1000	VT-47				VT-182	
VT-50 50 VT-107A 6V6GT VT-185 306/1299 VT-51 841 VT-107B 6V6G VT-188 7E6 VT-54 34 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-189 7F7 VT-55 365 VT-115 6L6 VT-190 7H7 VT-57 57 VT-115A 6L6G VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116A 6L6G VT-193 7C7 VT-62 801 VT-116A 6SJ7CT VT-196 6W5G VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7Y VT-198A 6G6C VT-63 46 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-199 6SS7 VT-63 46 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-200 VR105-30 VT-66 6F6 VT-124 1A5GT VT-201 25L6GT VT-67 30 Special VT-125 1C5GT VT-203 9002 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
VT-51 841 VT-107B 6VGG VT-1188 7E6 VT-55 34 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-189 7F7 VT-55 865 VT-115 6L6 VT-192 7A4 VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-192 7A4 VT-57 57 VT-116A 6SJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-58 58 VT-116A 6SJ7T VT-194 7J7 VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7Y VT-196 6W5G VT-63 46 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-64 800 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-66A 6C5G VT-112 12X2/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66A 6F6 VT-125 1C5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9003			VT-107		VT-184	
VT-54 34 VT-112 6AC7/1852 VT-1189 7F7 VT-555 865 VT-114 5T4 VT-190 7H7 VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-193 7C7 VT-57 57 VT-116A 6L6G VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116B 6SJ7CT VT-198A 6G6C VT-63 46 VT-117A 6SK7 VT-198A 6G6C VT-64 800 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-200 VR105-30 VT-66 6C5 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-201 25L6GT VT-66 6F6 VT-125 LC5GT VT-201 25L6GT VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-201 25L6GT VT-68 6F7 VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9002						
VT-55 865 VT-114 5T4 VT-190 7H7 VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-192 7A4 VT-57 57 VT-116A 6L6G VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 717 VT-62 801 VT-116B 6SJ7Y VT-198A 6G6G VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7Y VT-199A 6SG VT-64 800 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-66A 6C5G VT-119 2X2/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66A 6F6G VT-124 1A5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6B7 VT-126A 6X5 VT-203 9002 VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-206A 5V4G						
VT-56 56 VT-115 6L6 VT-192 7A4 VT-57 57 VT-115A 6L6G VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 7J7 VT-62 801 VT-116B 6SJ7 VT-196 6W5G VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7 VT-199 6SG VT-64 800 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117 6SK7 VT-200 VR105-30 VT-66 6F6 VT-124 1A5GT VT-201 25L6GT VT-66 6F6 VT-125 1C5GT VT-201 25L6GT VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-68 6B7 VT-126A 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206 6ST7						
VT-57 57 VT-115A 6L6G VT-193 7C7 VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 717 VT-62 801 VT-116A 6SJ7T VT-198 6W5G VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7Y VT-199A 6SG VT-65 6C5 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117 6SK7 VT-200 VR105-30 VT-66A 6C5G VT-119 2X2/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66A 6F6G VT-125 1C5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6B7 VT-126B 6X5G VT-208 6ST VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5G VT-208 5V3G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7						
VT-58 58 VT-116 6SJ7 VT-194 7JT VT-62 801 VT-116A 6SJ7GT VT-196 6W5G VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7TY VT-198A 6G6G VT-64 800 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117 6SK7GT VT-199 6SS7 VT-65A 6C5G VT-119 2X2/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66 6F6 VT-124 1A5GT VT-201C 25L6GT VT-66 6F6 VT-125 1C5GT VT-201C 25L6GT VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9002 VT-68 6B7 VT-126A 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-128B 6X5GT VT-205 6ST7 VT-70 6F7 VT-131 128K7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-207 12AH7GT						
VT-62 801 VT-116A 68J7GT VT-196 6W5G VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJ7Y VT-198A 6G6G VT-64 800 VT-117A 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-1179 2X2/879 VT-200 VR105-30 VT-66A 6C5G VT-112 1A5GT VT-201 25L6 VT-66A 6F6G VT-125 1C5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6B7 VT-126B 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-211 154 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
VT-63 46 VT-116B 6SJTY VT-198A 6G6C VT-64 800 VT-117 6SKT VT-199 6SST VT-65 6C5 VT-119 2XZ/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66 6F6 VT-124 1A5GT VT-201C 25L6GT VT-66 6F6 VT-125 1C5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6BT VT-126A 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-131 12SK7 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 184 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7						
VT-64 800 VT-117 6SK7 VT-199 6SS7 VT-65 6C5 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-200 VR105-30 VT-65A 6C5G VT-119 2X2/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66 6F6 VT-124 1A5GT VT-201C 25L6GT VT-66A 6F6G VT-125 1C5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126A 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6B7 VT-126B 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-133 12SR7 VT-208 TB8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-211 184 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5GT VT-213 6L5G						
VT-65A 6C5 VT-117A 6SK7GT VT-200 VR105-30 VT-65A 6C5G VT-119 2X2/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66 6F6 VT-124 1A5GT VT-201C 25L6GT VT-66A 6F6G VT-125 1C5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126A 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6B7 VT-126B 6X5G VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-206A 5V4G VT-712 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-133 12SK7 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 15A VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-214A 12H6						
VT-65A 6C5G VT-119 2X2/879 VT-201 25L6 VT-66 6F6 VT-124 1A5GT VT-201C 25L6GT VT-66A 6F6G VT-125 1C5GT VT-203 9003 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-205 6ST7 VT-68 6B7 VT-126B 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-208 7B8 VT-71 2524 VT-132 12K8 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-133 12SF7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-76 76 VT-135 1215GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 1215 VT-213A 6L5G VT-77 77 VT-135A 1215 VT-211 6SG7 VT-78 78 VT-135 1215GT VT-211 6SG7						
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
VT-66A 6F6G VT-125 1C5GT VT-202 9002 VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6BT VT-126A 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 1S4 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-81 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-222 884				and the state of t		
VT-67 30 Special VT-126 6X5 VT-203 9003 VT-68 6B7 VT-126A 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 184 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-81 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT						
VT-68 6B7 VT-126A 6X5G VT-205 6ST7 VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 184 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-81 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34						
VT-69 6D6 VT-126B 6X5GT VT-206A 5V4G VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 1S4 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86 6K7 VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7						
VT-70 6F7 VT-131 12SK7 VT-207 12AH7GT VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 184 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86B 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-231 6SN7GT						
VT-72 842 VT-132 12K8 VT-208 7B8 VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 184 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/624 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87A 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7						
VT-74 5Z4 VT-133 12SR7 VT-209 12SG7 VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 1S4 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7						
VT-75 75 VT-134 12A6 VT-210 184 VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-145 5Z3 VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201						
VT-76 76 VT-135 12J5GT VT-211 6SG7 VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-222 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88 6R7G VT-150 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
VT-77 77 VT-135A 12J5 VT-213A 6L5G VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87 6L7 VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88 6R7GT VT-150 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8G VT-244 5U4G <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
VT-78 78 VT-136 1625 VT-214 12H6 VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87 6L7 VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88 6R7 VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>V 1-211</td> <td></td>					V 1-211	
VT-80 80 VT-137 1626 VT-215 6E5 VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-87 6L7G VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88 6R7 VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30						
VT-83 83 VT-138 1629 VT-222 884 VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87A 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4<						
VT-84 84/6Z4 VT-139 VR150-30 VT-223 1H5GT VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87A 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-153 12C8 VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
VT-86 6K7 VT-145 5Z3 VT-224 2C34/RK34 VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87A 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-153 12C8 VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH						
VT-86A 6K7G VT-146 1N5GT VT-229 6SL7 VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87A 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-153 12C8 VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7<						
VT-86B 6K7GT VT-147 1A7GT VT-231 6SN7GT VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87A 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-153 12C8 VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-87 6L7 VT-148 1D8GT VT-233 6SR7 VT-87A 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-87A 6L7G VT-149 3A8GT VT-239 1LE3 VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-88 6R7 VT-150 6SA7 VT-241 7E5/1201 VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-88A 6R7G VT-150A 6SA7GT VT-243 7C4/1203A VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-88B 6R7GT VT-151 6A8G VT-244 5U4G VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-89 89 VT-151B 6A8GT VT-245 2050 VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						•
VT-90 6H6 VT-152 6K6GT VT-247 6AG7 VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-90A 6H6GT VT-152A 6K6G VT-260 VR75-30 VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7			· ·			
VT-91 6J7 VT-153 12C8 VT-264 3Q4 VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-91A 6J7GT VT-161 12SA7 VT-268 12SC7 VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
VT-92 6Q7 VT-162 12SJ7 VT-288 12SH7						
	VT-92					
				6C8G		

HEATH COMPANY BENTON HARBOR, MICHIGAN

