

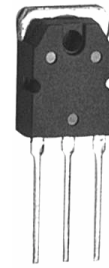


**2SD717**

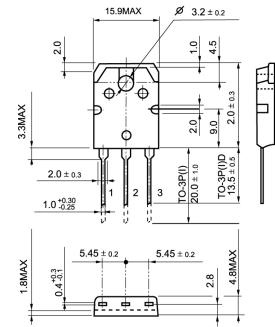
**Silicon Epitaxial Planar Transistor**

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

Silicon NPN high frequency, high power transistors in a plastic envelope, primarily for use in audio and general purpose



TO-3P(I)D



**QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CB0}$	Collector-emitter voltage peak value	$V_{BE} = 0V$	-	70	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage (open base)		-	70	V
$I_C$	Collector current (DC)		-	10	A
$I_{CM}$	Collector current peak value		-		A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation	$T_{mb} \leq 25^\circ C$	-	80	W
$V_{CEsat}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 4.0A; I_B = 0.4A$	-	2	V
$V_F$	Diode forward voltage	$I_F = 3.5A$	1.5	2.0	V
$t_f$	Fall time	$I_C = 4A, I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 0.4A, V_{CC} = 30V$	0.4	1.0-	$\mu s$

**LIMITING VALUES**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CESM}$	Collector-emitter voltage peak value	$V_{BE} = 0V$	-	70	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter voltage (open base)		-	70	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base voltage (open collector)			5	V
$I_C$	Collector current (DC)		-	10	A
$I_B$	Base current (DC)		-	2.5	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation	$T_{mb} \leq 25^\circ C$	-	80	W
$T_{sta}$	Storage temperature		-55	150	$^\circ C$
$T_j$	Junction temperature		-	150	$^\circ C$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{CB0}$	Collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = 70V$	-	0.2	mA
$I_{EBO}$	Emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = 5V$	-	0.2	mA
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = 1mA$	70		V
$V_{CEsat}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltages	$I_C = 4.0A; I_B = 0.4A$	-	3	V
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = 1A; V_{CE} = 5V$	50	240	
$f_T$	Transition frequency at $f = 5MHz$	$I_C = 1A; V_{CE} = 12V$	10	-	MHz
$C_c$	Collector capacitance at $f = 1MHz$	$V_{CB} = 10V$	350	-	pF
$t_{on}$	On times	$I_C = 4A, I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 0.4A, V_{CC} = 30V$	0.3		us
$t_s$	Turn-off storage time	$I_C = 4A, I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 0.4A, V_{CC} = 30V$	2.5		us
$t_f$	Fall time	$I_C = 4A, I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 0.4A, V_{CC} = 30V$	0.4		us

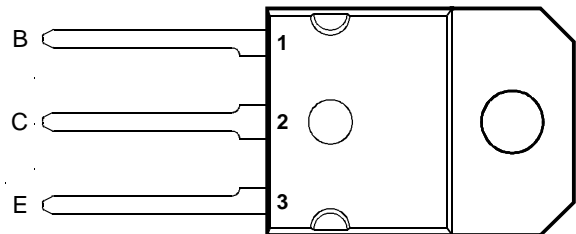
# BD249, BD249A, BD249B, BD249C NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

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JUNE 1973 - REVISED MARCH 1997

- Designed for Complementary Use with the BD250 Series
- 125 W at 25°C Case Temperature
- 25 A Continuous Collector Current
- 40 A Peak Collector Current
- Customer-Specified Selections Available

SOT-93 PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



Pin 2 is in electrical contact with the mounting base.

MDTRAA

## absolute maximum ratings at 25°C case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

RATING		SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Collector-emitter voltage ( $R_{BE} = 100 \Omega$ )	BD249	$V_{CER}$	55	V
	BD249A		70	
	BD249B		90	
	BD249C		115	
Collector-emitter voltage ( $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ )	BD249	$V_{CEO}$	45	V
	BD249A		60	
	BD249B		80	
	BD249C		100	
Emitter-base voltage		$V_{EBO}$	5	V
Continuous collector current		$I_C$	25	A
Peak collector current (see Note 1)		$I_{CM}$	40	A
Continuous base current		$I_B$	5	A
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C case temperature (see Note 2)		$P_{tot}$	125	W
Continuous device dissipation at (or below) 25°C free air temperature (see Note 3)		$P_{tot}$	3	W
Unclamped inductive load energy (see Note 4)		$\frac{1}{2}LI_C^2$	90	mJ
Operating junction temperature range		$T_j$	-65 to +150	°C
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	°C
Lead temperature 3.2 mm from case for 10 seconds		$T_L$	250	°C

- NOTES: 1. This value applies for  $t_p \leq 0.3 \text{ ms}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 10\%$ .  
 2. Derate linearly to 150°C case temperature at the rate of 1 W/°C.  
 3. Derate linearly to 150°C free air temperature at the rate of 24 mW/°C.  
 4. This rating is based on the capability of the transistor to operate safely in a circuit of:  $L = 20 \text{ mH}$ ,  $I_{B(on)} = 0.4 \text{ A}$ ,  $R_{BE} = 100 \Omega$ ,  $V_{BE(off)} = 0$ ,  $R_S = 0.1 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 20 \text{ V}$ .

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

Information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications in accordance with the terms of Power Innovations standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

# BD249, BD249A, BD249B, BD249C

## NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

JUNE 1973 - REVISED MARCH 1997

### electrical characteristics at 25°C case temperature

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(BR)CEO}$ Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ (see Note 5)	$I_B = 0$	BD249 BD249A BD249B BD249C	45 60 80 100			V
$I_{CES}$ Collector-emitter cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 55 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 70 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 90 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 115 \text{ V}$	$V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{BE} = 0$ $V_{BE} = 0$	BD249 BD249A BD249B BD249C			0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	mA
$I_{CEO}$ Collector cut-off current	$V_{CE} = 30 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}$	$I_B = 0$ $I_B = 0$	BD249/249A BD249B/249C			1 1	mA
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter cut-off current	$V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}$	$I_C = 0$				1	mA
$h_{FE}$ Forward current transfer ratio	$V_{CE} = 4 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 4 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 4 \text{ V}$	$I_C = 1.5 \text{ A}$ $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	(see Notes 5 and 6)	25 10 5			
$V_{CE(sat)}$ Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_B = 1.5 \text{ A}$ $I_B = 5 \text{ A}$	$I_C = 15 \text{ A}$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	(see Notes 5 and 6)			1.8 4	V
$V_{BE}$ Base-emitter voltage	$V_{CE} = 4 \text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 4 \text{ V}$	$I_C = 15 \text{ A}$ $I_C = 25 \text{ A}$	(see Notes 5 and 6)			2 4	V
$h_{fe}$ Small signal forward current transfer ratio	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ A}$	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	25			
$ h_{fe} $ Small signal forward current transfer ratio	$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	$I_C = 1 \text{ A}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	3			

NOTES: 5. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques,  $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

6. These parameters must be measured using voltage-sensing contacts, separate from the current carrying contacts.

### thermal characteristics

PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$ Junction to case thermal resistance			1	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$ Junction to free air thermal resistance			42	°C/W

### resistive-load-switching characteristics at 25°C case temperature

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS †			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{on}$ Turn-on time	$I_C = 5 \text{ A}$	$I_{B(on)} = 0.5 \text{ A}$	$I_{B(off)} = -0.5 \text{ A}$		0.3		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{off}$ Turn-off time	$V_{BE(off)} = -5 \text{ V}$	$R_L = 5 \Omega$	$t_p = 20 \mu\text{s}$ , dc $\leq 2\%$		0.9		$\mu\text{s}$

† Voltage and current values shown are nominal; exact values vary slightly with transistor parameters.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TYPICAL DC CURRENT GAIN  
VS  
COLLECTOR CURRENT

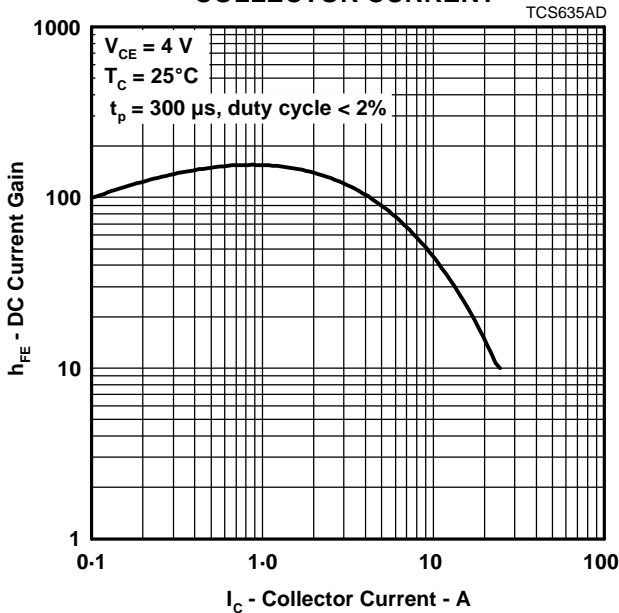


Figure 1.

COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE  
VS  
BASE CURRENT

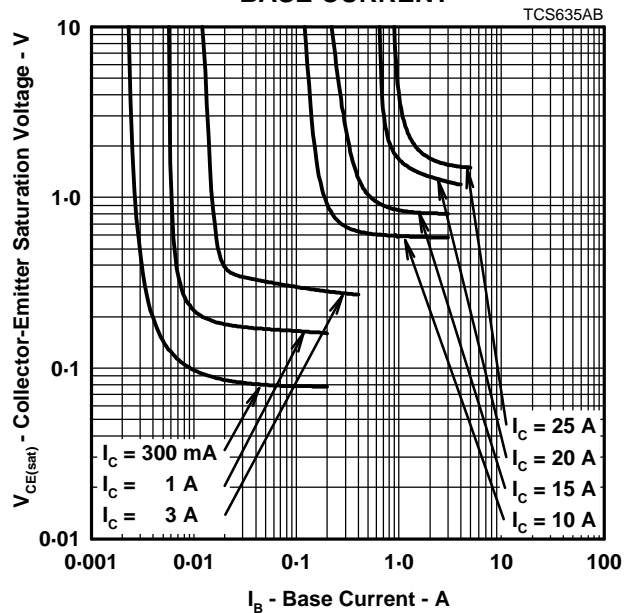


Figure 2.

BASE-EMITTER VOLTAGE  
VS  
COLLECTOR CURRENT

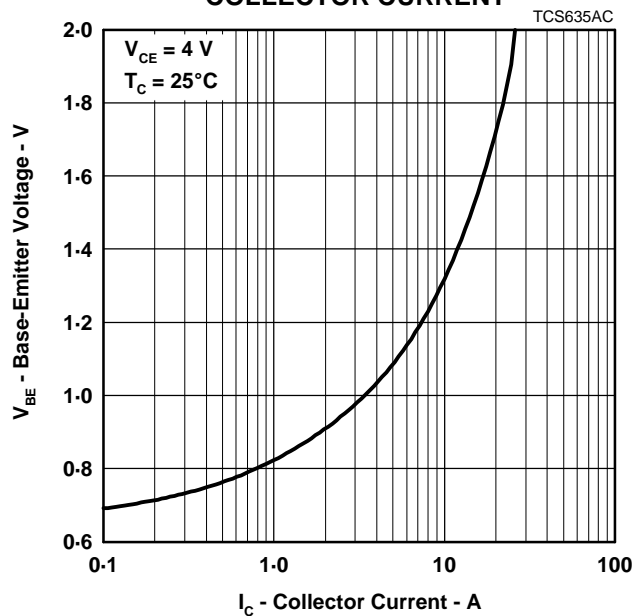


Figure 3.

# BD249, BD249A, BD249B, BD249C NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

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## MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING REGIONS

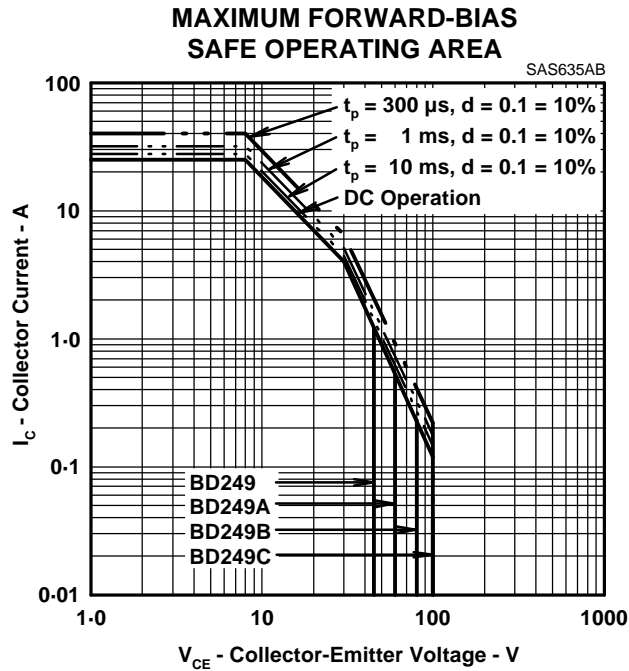


Figure 4.

## THERMAL INFORMATION

### MAXIMUM POWER DISSIPATION vs CASE TEMPERATURE

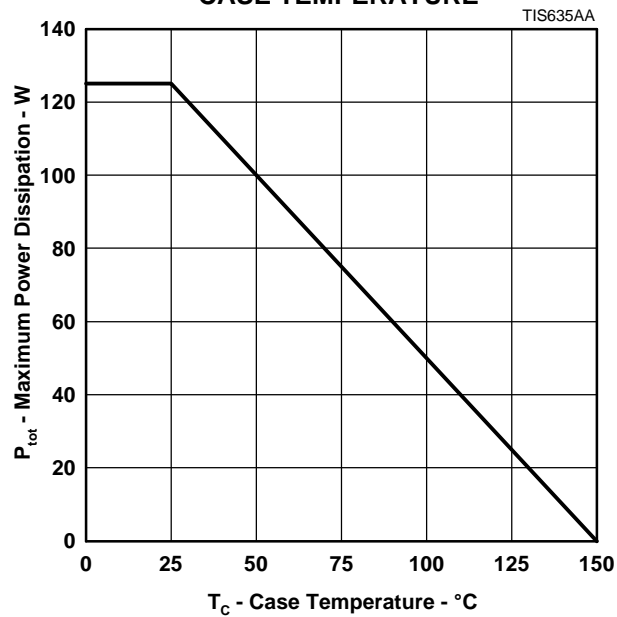


Figure 5.

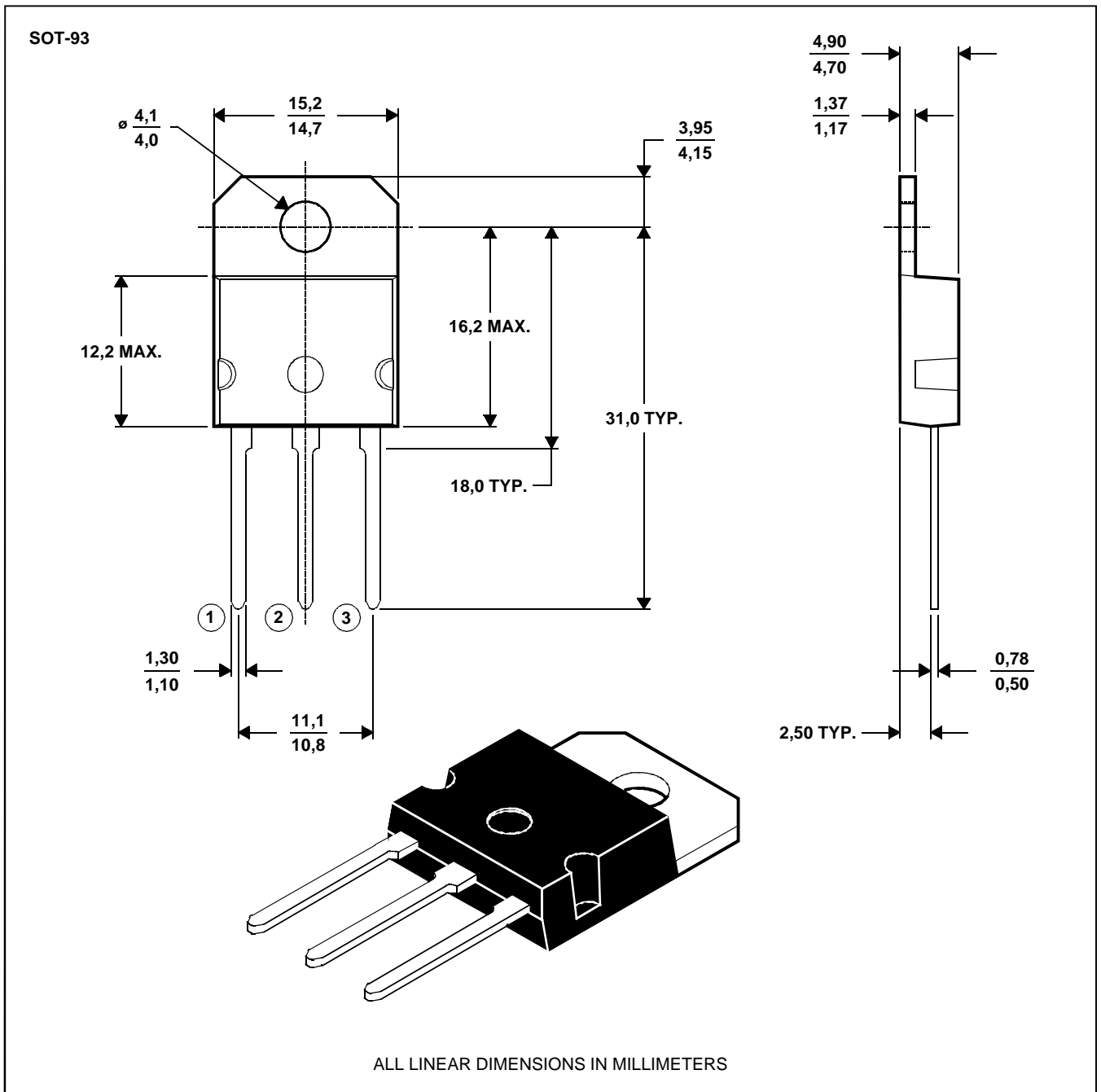
## PRODUCT INFORMATION

MECHANICAL DATA

SOT-93

3-pin plastic flange-mount package

This single-in-line package consists of a circuit mounted on a lead frame and encapsulated within a plastic compound. The compound will withstand soldering temperature with no deformation, and circuit performance characteristics will remain stable when operated in high humidity conditions. Leads require no additional cleaning or processing when used in soldered assembly.



NOTE A: The centre pin is in electrical contact with the mounting tab.

MDXXAW

# BD249, BD249A, BD249B, BD249C NPN SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

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## COMPLEMENTARY SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

The 2N3773 and 2N6609 are power base power transistors designed for high power audio, disk head positioners, linear amplifiers, switching regulators, solenoid drivers, and dc to dc converters or inverters.

### FEATURES:

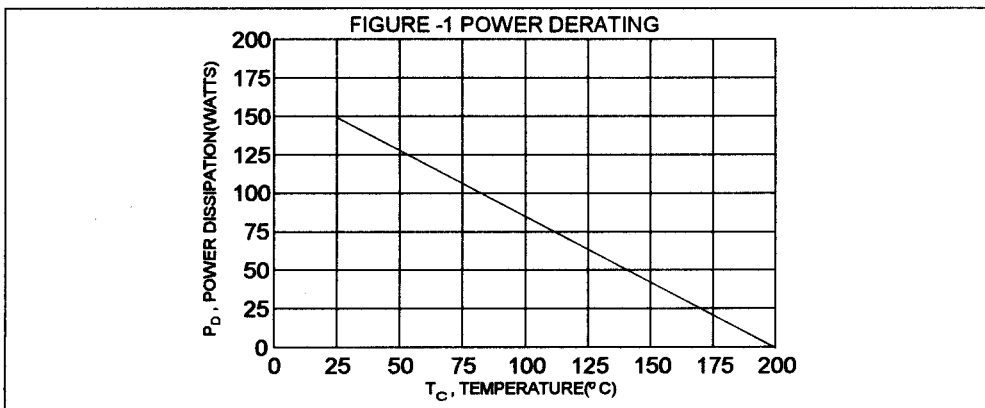
- \* High Power Dissipation  
 $P_D = 150 \text{ W (} T_C = 25^\circ\text{C)}$
- \* High DC Current Gain and Low Saturation Voltage  
 $h_{FE} = 15-60 @ I_C = 8 \text{ A, } V_{CE} = 4 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{CE(SAT)} = 1.4 \text{ V (Max.) @ } I_C = 8 \text{ A, } I_B = 0.8 \text{ A}$

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO(SUS)}$	140	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEX}$	160	V
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	160	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	7	V
Collector Current-Continuous Peak (1)	$I_C$ $I_{CM}$	16 30	A
Base Current-Continuous Peak (1)	$I_B$ $I_{BM}$	4.0 15	A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	150 0.857	W W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

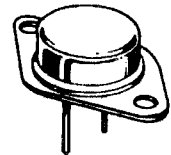
Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	$R_{\theta jc}$	1.17	$^\circ\text{C/W}$



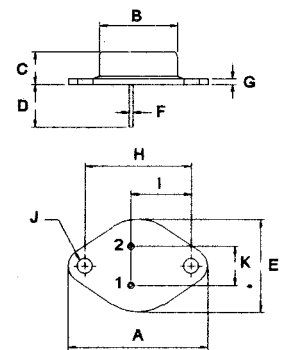
(1) Pulse Test: Pulse width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle < 10%

NPN	PNP
2N3773	2N6609

16 AMPERE  
COMPLEMENTARY SILICON  
POWER TRANSISTORS  
140 VOLTS  
150 WATTS



TO-3



PIN 1. BASE  
2. EMITTER  
COLLECTOR (CASE)

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	38.75	39.96
B	19.28	22.23
C	7.96	9.28
D	11.18	12.19
E	25.20	26.67
F	0.92	1.09
G	1.38	1.62
H	29.90	30.40
I	16.64	17.30
J	3.88	4.36
K	10.67	11.18



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (  $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted )

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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**OFF CHARACTERISTICS**

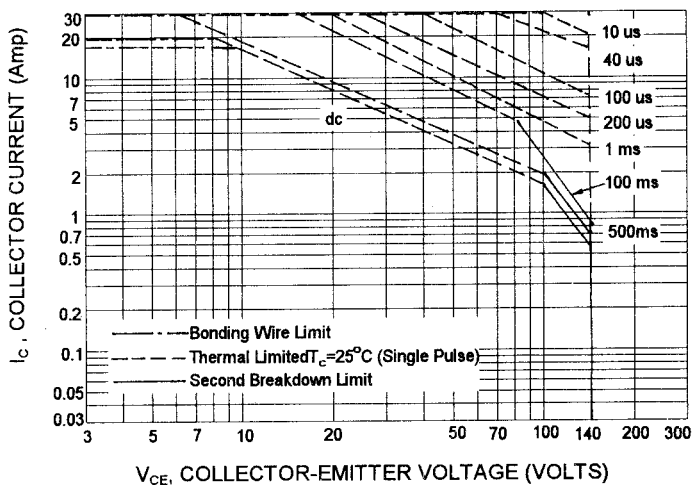
Collector - Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) ( $I_C = 200\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$V_{CE(SUS)}$	140		V
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 120\text{ V}$ , $I_B = 0$ )	$I_{CEO}$		10	mA
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 140\text{ V}$ , $V_{BE(OFF)} = 1.5\text{ V}$ )	$I_{CEX}$		2.0	mA
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CB} = 140\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ )	$I_{CBO}$		2.0	mA
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 7.0\text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		5.0	mA

**ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)**

DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 8.0\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$ ) ( $I_C = 16\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$ )	hFE	15 5.0	60	
Collector - Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_C = 8.0\text{ A}$ , $I_B = 800\text{ mA}$ ) ( $I_C = 16\text{ A}$ , $I_B = 3.2\text{ A}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$		1.4 4.0	V
Base - Emitter On Voltage ( $I_C = 8.0\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$ )	$V_{BE(ON)}$		2.2	V

\* Pulse Test: Pulse width = 300 us , Duty Cycle = 2.0%

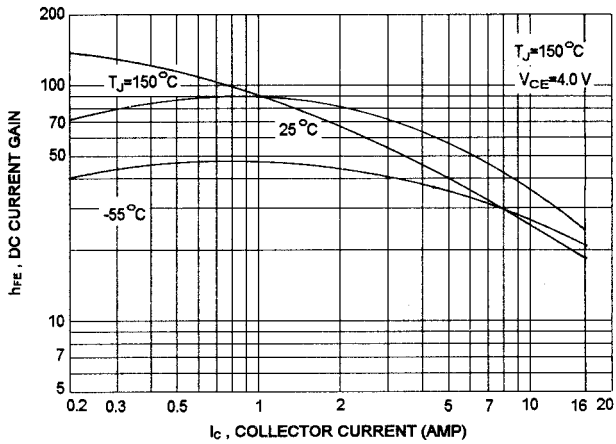
**ACTIVE-REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)**



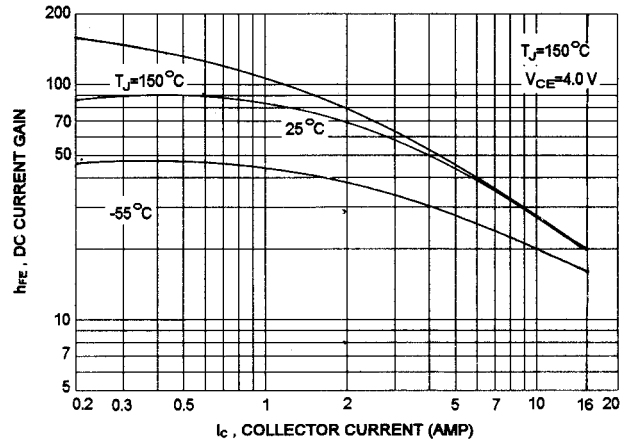
There are two limitation on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C$ - $V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than curves indicate.

The data of SOA curve is base on  $T_{J(PK)}=200^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $T_c$  is variable depending on conditions. second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided  $T_{J(PK)} \leq 200^\circ\text{C}$ . At high case temperatures, thermal limitation will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

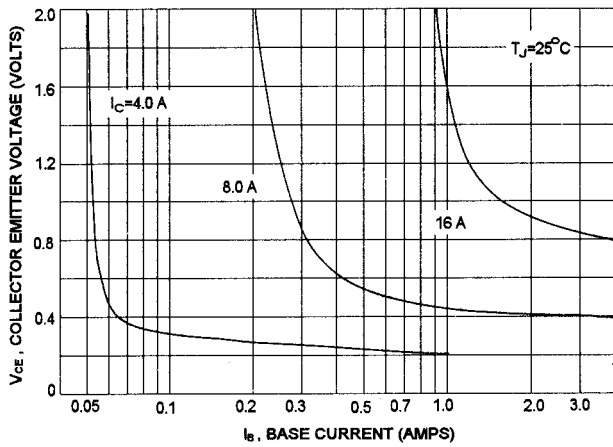
NPN 2N3773  
DC CURRENT GAIN



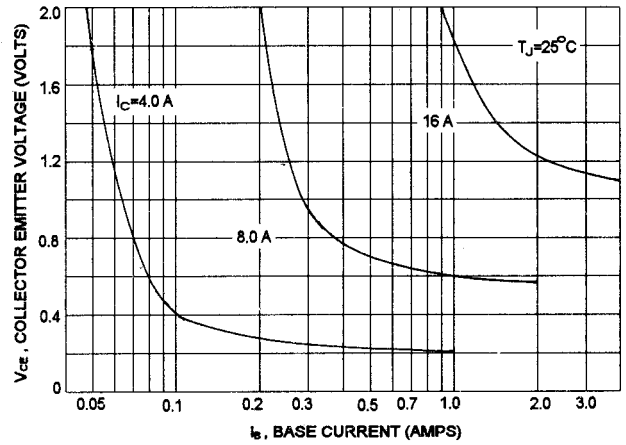
PNP MJ6609  
DC CURRENT GAIN



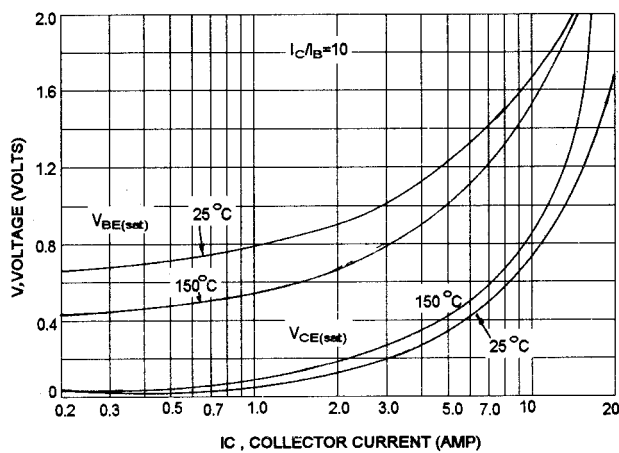
COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION



COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION



"ON" VOLTAGES



"ON" VOLTAGES

