

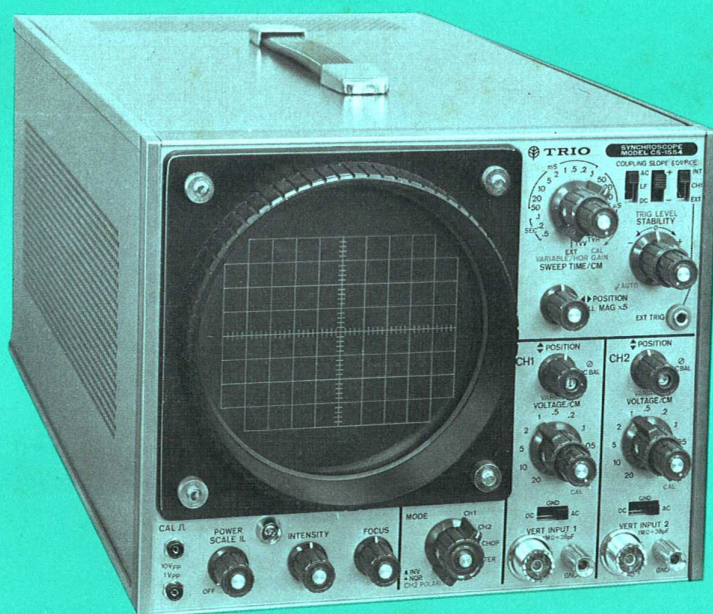


TRIO

SERVICE MANUAL

CS-1554

DUAL-TRACE SYNCHROSCOPE



CONTENTS

| | |
|---|---------|
| SPECIFICATIONS | 3 |
| CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS ON FRONT PANEL | 4 |
| CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS ON REAR PANEL | 5 |
| CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION | 6 ~ 9 |
| TROUBLE SHOOTING | 10 ~ 18 |
| VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS AT INDIVIDUAL POINTS OF CIRCUIT | 19 ~ 20 |
| ADJUSTMENT POINTS ON PC BOARD | 21 |
| ADJUSTMENT | 22 ~ 27 |
| PARTS LAYOUT (FRONT VIEW) | 28 |
| PARTS LAYOUT (REAR VIEW) | 29 |
| PARTS LAYOUT (TOP VIEW) | 30 |
| PARTS LAYOUT (SIDE VIEW) | 31 |
| PARTS LAYOUT (BOTTOM VIEW) | 32 |
| PC BOARD VERTICAL AMPLIFIER UNIT (X73-0011-00) | 33 |
| PC BOARD HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER UNIT (X65-0008-01) | 34 |
| PARTS LIST OF CS-1554 | 35 ~ 39 |
| PARTS LIST OF X65-0008-01 | 40 ~ 42 |
| PARTS LIST OF X73-0011-00 | 43 ~ 45 |
| BLOCK DIAGRAM | 45 |
| SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM | 46 |
| COLOR CODE | 47 |

SPECIFICATIONS

CATHODE RAY TUBE: 130 ARB 1
VERTICAL SECTION (Specifications common to both channels)

Display: CH1 only, CH2 only, CHOPPED, ALTERNATE and ADD

Deflection sensitivity: 0.01 V/cm - 20 V/cm $\pm 5\%$, continuously adjustable in all 11 ranges.

Rise time: 35 n sec.

Input impedance: 1 M Ω shunted by 38pF

Frequency response: DC DC \sim 10 MHz (-3 dB)
 AC 2Hz \sim 10 MHz (-3 dB)

Overshoot: Less than 3% (100 kHz square wave)

Sag: Less than 5% (AC, 50 Hz square wave)

Isolation between channels: More than 55 dB at 1kHz

Chopping frequency: 140 kHz

Polarity inversion: CH2 signal can be inverted.

Maximum input voltage: 300V (DC + AC peak) or 600 Vpp

SWEEP SECTION

Sweep rate: 0.5 μ sec/cm \sim 0.5 sec/cm $\pm 5\%$, continuously variable in all 19 ranges.
 TV - V (3.6m sec/cm)
 TV - H (13 μ sec/cm)

Sweep magnification: Each sweep rate can be increased 5 times by horizontally expanding the center portion of display.

Linearity: Better than 3% (0.5 sec/cm \sim 2 μ sec/cm ranges)
 Better than 5% (1 μ sec/cm \sim 0.5 μ sec/cm ranges)

SWEEP TRIGGERING

Mode: Automatic triggering or adjustable triggering at desired level

Source and signal requirement: Internal triggering (with an input signal level providing more than 10mm deflection CH1 (with an input signal level

on the CRT)
 more than 10m Vpp)
 External triggering (with an input signal level more than 1 Vpp)

Coupling: AC 30 Hz \sim 10 MHz (with AUTO position 50 Hz \sim 10 MHz)
 LF 5 Hz \sim 10 kHz (with AUTO position 10 Hz \sim 10 kHz)
 DC DC \sim 10 kHz (with AUTO position 10 Hz \sim 10 kHz)

Trigger slope: Either positive or negative slope of the triggering signal

EXTERNAL HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER

Deflection sensitivity: 250 mV/cm

Frequency response DC \sim 1 MHz (-3 dB)

Input impedance 100 k Ω ($\pm 20\%$) shunted by less than 60pF

CALIBRATOR:

10 Vpp and 1 Vpp $\pm 5\%$, 1 kHz square wave

INTENSITY MODULATION

VOLTAGE: More than 15 Vpp

POWER REQUIREMENT: 100V AC (117V, 230V) 50/60 Hz, 27 watts

DIMENSIONS

(include all protrusion): Width 250 mm max.
 Height 224 mm max.
 Depth 438 mm max.
 8.4 kg

WEIGHT:

ACCESSORIES furnished

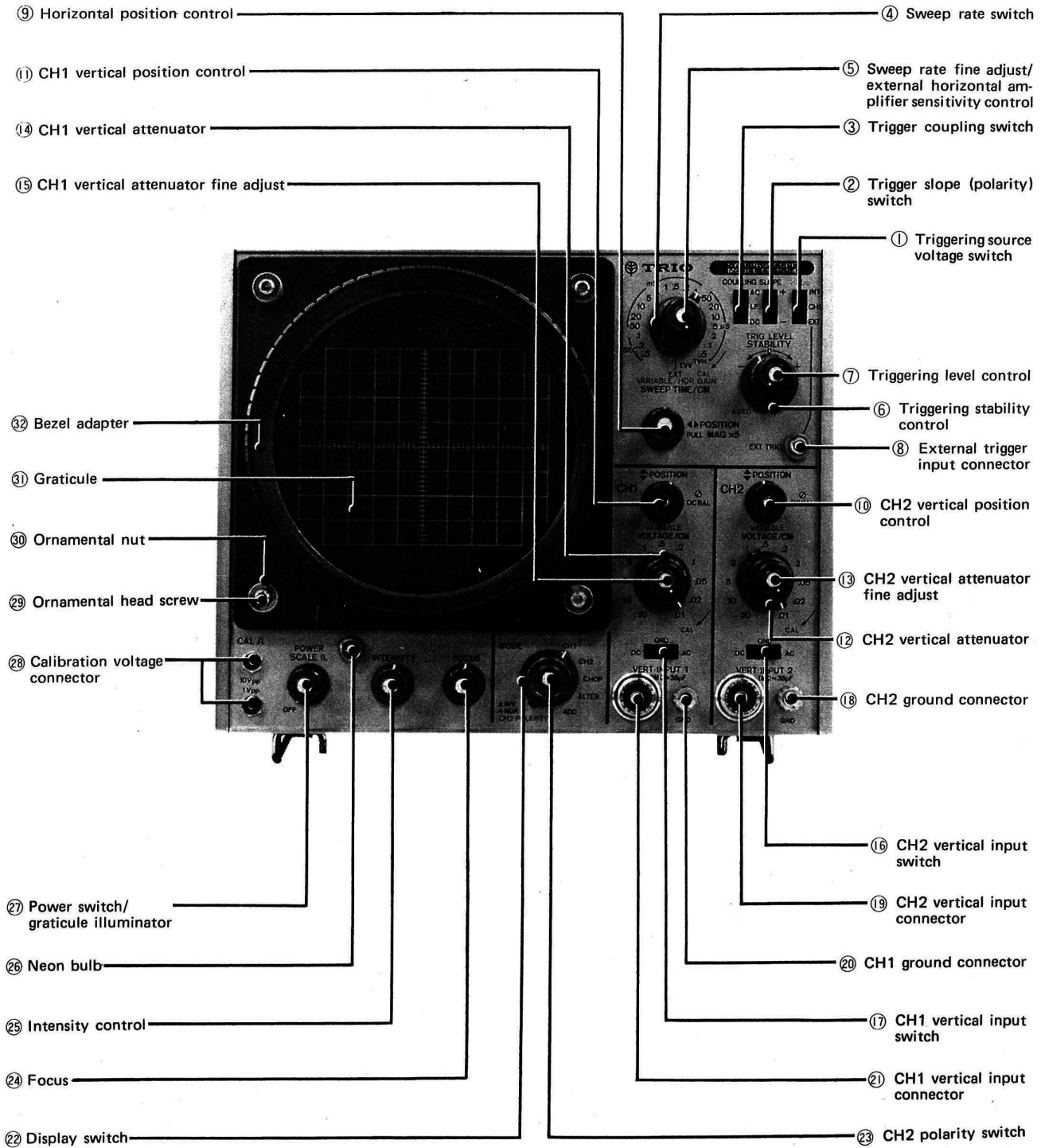
Probe (PC - 12) . . . 2: Attenuation 1/10
 Input impedance 10M Ω shunted by 15pF

Cable assembly

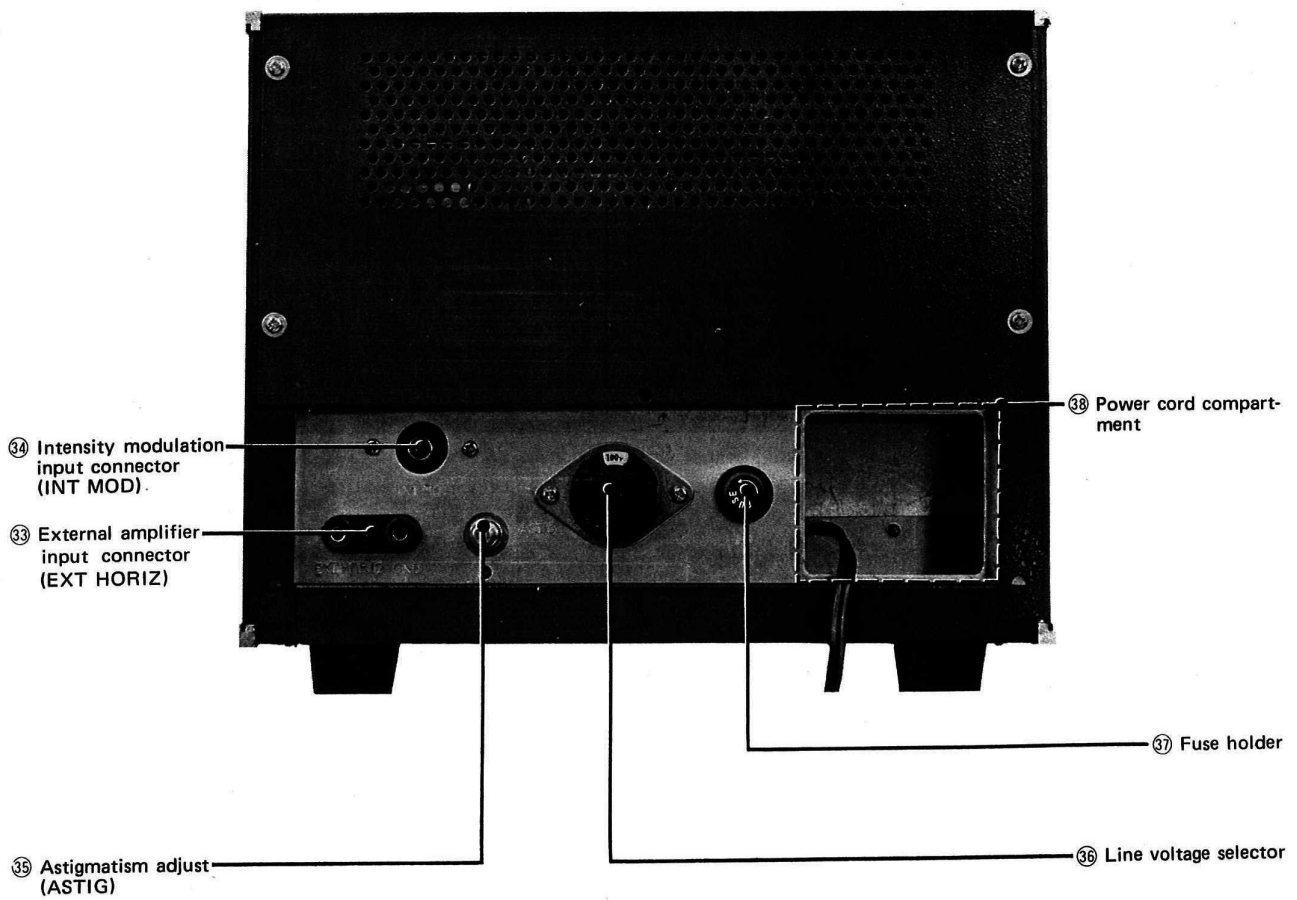
(CA - 36) 1: Shielded cable terminated on one end with a dual banana plug and on the other end with alligator clips.

Instruction manual . . 1
 (0.5A for 230V source) 3

CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS ON FRONT PANEL(1)



CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS ON REAR PANEL(2)



CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

NOTE: Components numbers given in parenthesis apply to CH1.

1. VERTICAL SECTION (X73-0011-00)

1) INPUT CIRCUIT AND ATTENUATOR

Input signals applied to the VERTICAL INPUT 1 and 2 connectors can be ac-coupled, dc-coupled or internally disconnected by the AC-GND-DC selector switch. The signals passed through the switch are coupled to the frequency-compensated attenuators and are reduced to the desired level. The input impedance of each channel is $1\text{ M}\Omega$ shunted by 38 pF through 11 ranges.

2) VERTICAL AMPLIFIER

The output signals from the attenuator networks are applied through the excessive input protection circuit using FET (Field Effect Transistor) Q2 (Q4) to the vertical Amplifier. The protection circuit, utilizing the diode characteristic of FET limits V_{GDS} of Q5 (Q7) to below 1 volt. FET Q5 (Q7) is used as source followers to provide a high input impedance to the input circuit. Also, FET Q6 (Q8) is used to form a balanced circuit for reducing the effect of drift due to variation of power source voltage and temperature. Further, the following stages Q9, 10 (Q11, 12) provide a low output impedance and their output signals are connected to differential amplifier's Q13, 14 (Q15, 16).

The dc level is adjusted by the DC BAL source resistor VR101a (VR102a) to obtain the balance of the emitter GAIN circuit. VR103, VR1 (VR104, VR3) placed in the emitters of Q13, 14 (Q15, 16) respectively, provide the gain adjustment, and Q17, 18 VR101b VR2 (Q19, 20 VR102b VR4) shift the dc level to position the trace on the CRT at the proper position horizontally. The signal from CH1 is coupled directly to the dual-trace switching gate, the signal from CH2 is coupled through the CH2 POLARITY switch to the dual-trace switching gate circuit.

The dual-trace switching gate determines whether the CH1 signal or CH2 signal passes on to the differential amplifier Q23 ~ Q26 through the emitter follower Q21 ~ 22.

This amplifier Q23 ~ Q26 is connected in a cascade connection to reduce the Miller effect to the signal in the higher RF region. This allows the differential amplifier to provide sufficient bandwidth.

The output signal of the differential amplifier is fed through Q27, Q28 which presents low output impedance, to final stage amplifier. Also, the same output signal is fed through Q43 and Q44 serving as buffer and level shifter to the sweep trigger circuit for the internal trigger source. VR6 (INT DC ADJ) provides dc level adjustment of the trigger signal at zero volts.

The final stage Q29 ~ Q32, which forms a cascade differential circuit is a frequency-compensated amplifier. In this stage, the signal is sufficiently amplified and directly connected to the vertical deflection plates of the CRT. The overall gain of the vertical amplifier is approximately 60 dB, which corresponds to a deflection sensitivity (factor) of 10 mV/cm measured on the CRT screen. Also, the frequency response of the vertical amplifier is DC to 10 MHz (-3 dB).

3) DUAL-TRACE SWITCHING GATE CIRCUIT

D1 ~ D4 (D5 ~ D8) form the switching gate circuit. The four-diode gate can be considered as a switch that selects the channel signal desired at

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

the output amplifier. Two square wave outputs that are opposite in phase are produced from the switching multivibrator Q41, Q42 and are used to turn the four-diode gate circuits on and off. Thus, the preceding vertical amplifiers are switched alternately by the switching gate.

4) SWITCHING MULTIVIBRATOR AND CHOP-BLANKING CIRCUIT

The multivibrator Q41, Q42 is operated as a flip-flop or an astable multivibrator by biasing transistors. In the CHOP mode, the multivibrator operates as an astable multivibrator with 140 kHz repetition rate, from which the square wave output turns the four-diode gates on and off.

In the ALTER mode, the multivibrator operates as a flip-flop. Then, the signal to trigger the multivibrator is applied from the gate multivibrator in the sweep circuit through the unblanking amplifier and triggering circuit to the bases of Q41, Q42. Accordingly, at the end of each sweep, the output of the flip-flop is inverted and turns the four-diode gate on and off.

In the ADD mode, the power supply to the switching multivibrator is disconnected. Therefore, the four-diode gates of both channels are opened, and the added signal of CH1 and CH2 signal is connected to the output amplifier. In the CHOP mode, when the multivibrator is inverted, the pulse appears at the emitter of the multivibrator.

The pulse is amplified by Q45. This pulse and the unblanking signal are coupled to the first grid of the CRT for unblanking the switching interval trace and transient distortion during the chopping period.

5) TRIGGER SIGNAL AMPLIFIER

In the CH1 position of the SOURCE switch, the sweep is triggered by the signal applied from CH1 only.

Therefore, the trigger signal is applied from the emitter of Q11 (with a low output impedance), placed in front of the switching gate circuit, to the emitter follower Q33, Q47 which offers no disturbance to the preceding stage. For elimination of drift, the circuit is composed as a balanced amplifier. Further, the trigger signal is connected through Q34, Q35 (amplifier), Q36, Q37 (serving as impedance converter), PNP junction Q38, Q39 (amplifier and level shifter) and Q40 (emitter follower with a low output impedance) to the sweep trigger circuit.

The dc level of the trigger signal amplified in the above stages is adjusted by the emitter resistor VR5.

2. SWEEP TRIGGER CIRCUIT (X65-0008-01)

1) PHASE INVERTER AND LIMITER CIRCUIT

The SOURCE switch determines the source of the trigger signal to be coupled to this stage Q6, Q7. This circuit is a differential amplifier with a ground potential at its input. Because of its narrowed dynamic range, the level of its input signal is limited to a certain level. At the same time, this stage operates as a phase inverter. That is, in the positive (+) position of the SLOPE switch, the trigger signal is coupled to the base of Q6. While in the negative (-) position, the signal is coupled to the base of Q7, this causes the circuit to deliver the phase inverted output. In the above operation, the transistor with no input signal is biased through VR105a to adjust the triggering level. Also, in the AUTO position, the circuit with a ground potential input is biased with a fixed bias.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

In the AC position of the MODE switch, the dc component of the trigger signal is blocked by the coupling capacitor C110 and the ac component of trigger signal is coupled to the SLOPE switch. In this position, triggering frequency bandwidth is 30 Hz ~ 10 MHz (50 Hz ~ 10 MHz, in the AUTO position). In the LF position, since noise and unwanted components of the chopping signal are rejected by the capacitor C111 (placed in the input circuit), triggering frequency bandwidth is limited to a very low frequency i. e. 5 Hz ~ 10 kHz (10 Hz ~ 10 kHz in the AUTO position). In the DC position, the sweep is triggered with frequencies down to dc, since the trigger signal is directly coupled to the sweep trigger circuit. Also, as in the LF position, the capacitor C111 is placed in the input circuit, and the triggering frequency bandwidth is DC ~ 10 kHz.

2) SQUARE WAVE SHAPER CIRCUIT

This stage consists of the Schmitt Circuit Q8, Q9 mainly. In this circuit, when the input level of the trigger signal reaches a certain level, the Schmitt Circuit produces a uniform square wave with a constant level coincident with the input signal. This square wave is coupled through the differentiation circuit to the gate multivibrator Q10 ~ Q13 as the triggering signal. When in the AUTO position, the bistable multivibrator is turned into an astable multivibrator with 40 ~ 50 Hz repetition rate. Under these conditions, if the input signal is not applied the sweep repetition rate is 40 ~ 50 Hz. Since this astable multivibrator is level sensitive, it will be easily pulled into synchronization with the input signal if supplied.

3. SWEEP CIRCUIT (X65-0008-01)

1) GATE MULTIVIBRATOR, MILLER INTEGRATOR AND HOLD-OFF CIRCUIT

The gate multivibrator Q10 ~ Q13, i. e. a bistable multivibrator of the square wave shaper circuit, the Miller integrator Q17 ~ Q20 and the hold-off circuit, Q14, which is driven under control from the triggering signal, form a dc loop to generate a sawtooth wave. When the STABILITY control is adjusted, the multivibrator is conditioned to invert its state on the incoming trigger signal. That is, when the triggering signal is fed from the square wave shaper, the state of the multivibrator is changed and the switching diodes D3 and D4 are turned off.

This charges the time-base capacitors inserted in the gate circuit of FET Q17 in accordance with the time constant determined by the value of the time-base resistor and resistor. This charging signal is received through a high input impedance FET Q17, from which it is applied to the following stage Q18, Q19 amplify the charging signal, and invert the phase.

The output of the emitter follower Q20 with a low output impedance feed the horizontal amplifier. The amplified signal is the sweep voltage to the horizontal deflection plates of the CRT which displays the trace.

A part of the output of Q20 is fed back to one side of the time-base capacitor mentioned above. This enables the time-base capacitor to be charged with a constant current, thereby providing a linear sawtooth wave. The hold-off circuit provides delay for the charging waveform back to the input of the gate multivibrator until it reaches a given level, then it inverts the state of the gate multivibrator to the original condition to complete one sweep.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

2) INVERTER CIRCUIT

The gate multivibrator produces a negative pulse for the output signal during a display. To obtain a positive pulse for the unblanking signal, this pulse is inverted in phase by Q15. The positive signal produced, together with the chop-blanking signal, is coupled to the grid of the CRT. This cuts off the CRT in the period of the blanking without input signal. Also, in the ALTER mode the output of the inverter is coupled through the differentiation circuit to the triggering circuit providing a trigger pulse for driving the flip-flop Q41, Q42 (X73-0011-00).

3) HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT

The sawtooth wave output of the Miller circuit is applied to emitter follower Q21, with a low output impedance. The output of emitter follower is fed to the differential amplifier Q22, Q23.

The variable resistor VR6 (MAG CENT) provides the shift of the bias of D23 to adjust the dc balance, which may be changed when the MAG switch is pulled out or in. The amplifier is also provided with a variable resistor VR7 (POS ADJ1) which is inserted between the emitter resistor R54 and R55 of Q22, D23, and provides a horizontal waveform position adjust on the CRT screen. To obtain the rated gain as selected by the MAG switch, the switch provides selection of VR8 (GAIN ADJ) and VR9 (MAG ADJ) inserted in the emitter circuit of Q22, Q23. In the case where the trace is swept by an external signal, the signal is connected from the EXT HORIZ connector to the variable resistor VR106b (GAIN), where gain is adjusted. The signal from VR106b is applied to FET Q16 (serving as an impedance converter) and then to the horizontal amplifier mentioned above.

The variable resistor VR4 (POS ADJ2) is provided to adjust the dc level of the external signal to the same level as the mean voltage of the internal sweep signal in order to position the waveform to the horizontal center of the CRT screen. In this case, the horizontal amplifier provides a deflection sensitivity (factor) of 250 mV/cm and a frequency bandwidth of DC ~ 1 MHz (- 3 dB).

4. CALIBRATOR CIRCUIT (X65-0008-01)

The calibrator consists of 1 kHz multivibrator Q1, Q2 and the Schmitt circuit. The output of the 1 kHz multivibrator is fed to the Schmitt circuit. The Schmitt circuit turns the 1 kHz signal from the multivibrator into the square wave signal which is connected to the resistor voltage divider.

Thus, calibration voltages of 10 Vpp and 1Vpp are delivered to the respective CAL terminals.

5. POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT (Chassis and X65-0008-01)

The AC source voltage is applied to the primary windings of the power transformer. The source voltage is induced across the high voltage secondary windings and is rectified by high voltage selenium rectifiers D101 and D102. A voltage doubler provides high voltage for the CRT. The voltage induced across the low voltage secondary windings of the transformer is rectified by diodes D104, D105, D9 and D10 to provide the B supply voltage.

The low voltages for the vertical and horizontal amplifiers are supplied by the stabilized B supply through regulator Q24 and Zener diode D7.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

REMOVAL OF CABINET PLATES

1. Remove four screws located on the rear-panel of the instrument.
2. While holding the top plate at the handle, slide the plate backward approximately 10mm and lift upward, then it comes off the side frames quite easily.
3. Slide the side plate backward after removal of the top plate until they come off the side frame.
4. Remove six screws located on the bottom plate. Draw the plate backward while lifting its rear end up slightly and it comes off the side frames.

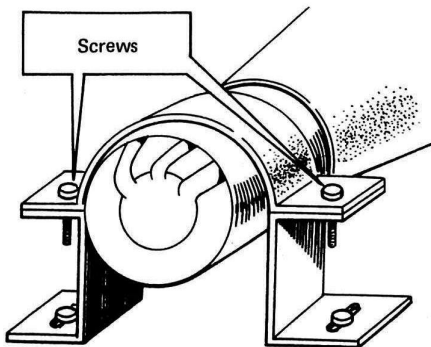
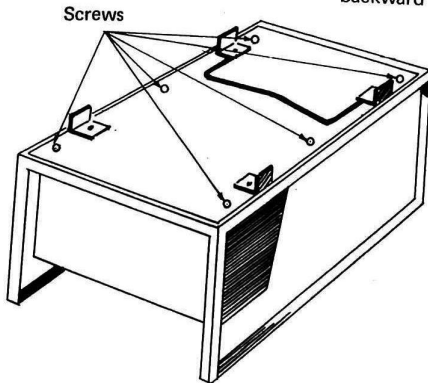
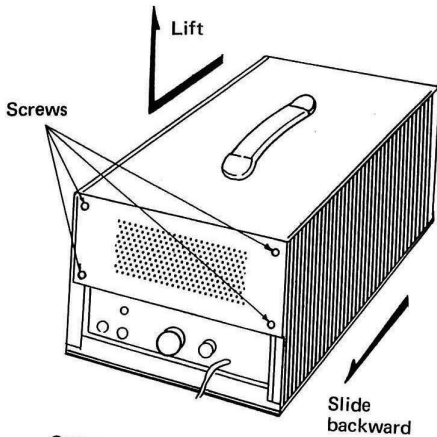
NOTE: The side plate and top plate can be separated independently.

CAUTION: When performing the above procedure, always turn off the power. Also, be careful not to touch 2500 volt section after removal of the case plates.

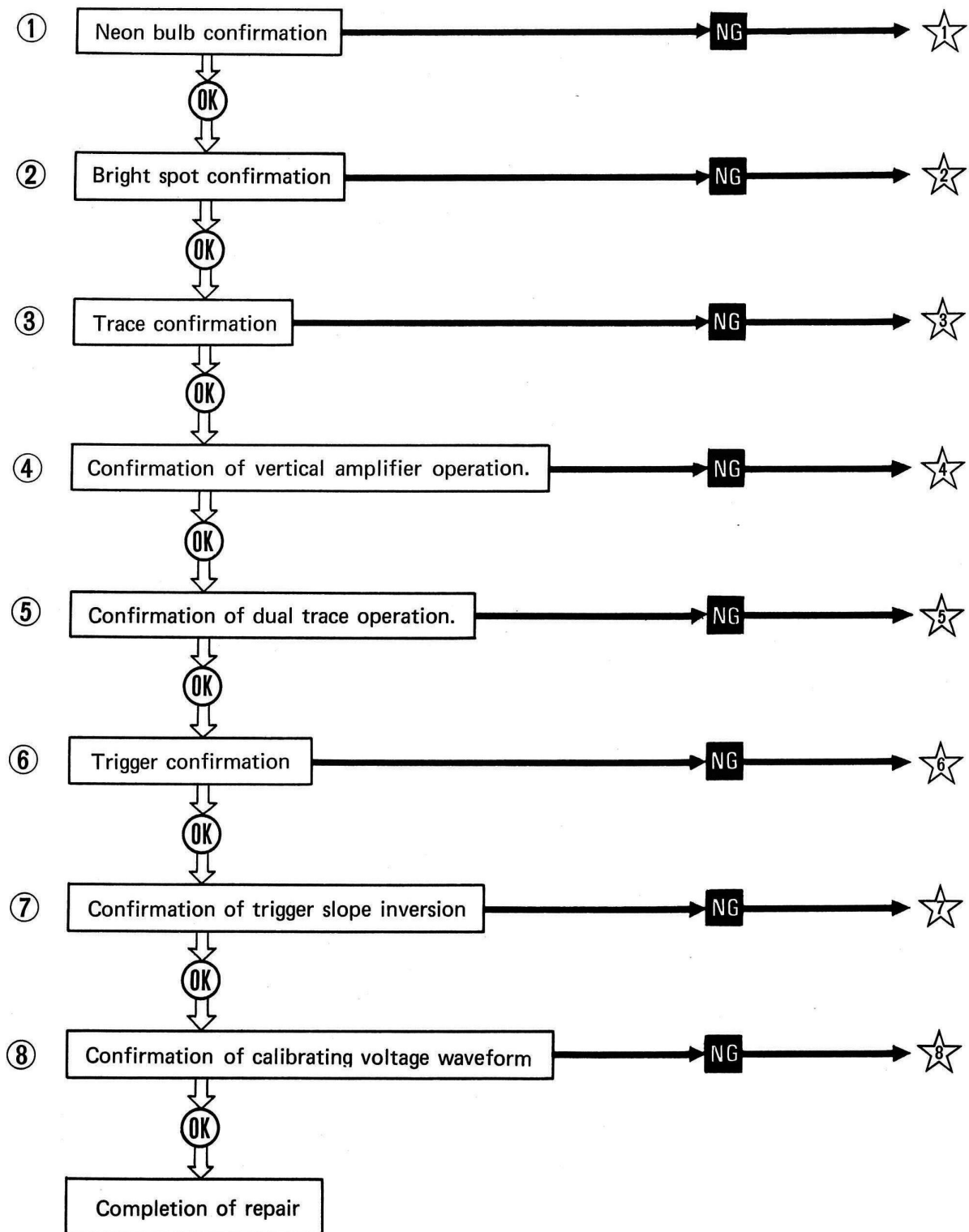
ASSEMBLY OF CABINET PLATES

To assemble the cabinet plates to the case frames, reverse the order given in REMOVAL of CABINET PLATES above. Note that the top plate should be assembled to the frames while sliding it forward with the handle being depressed by the hand.

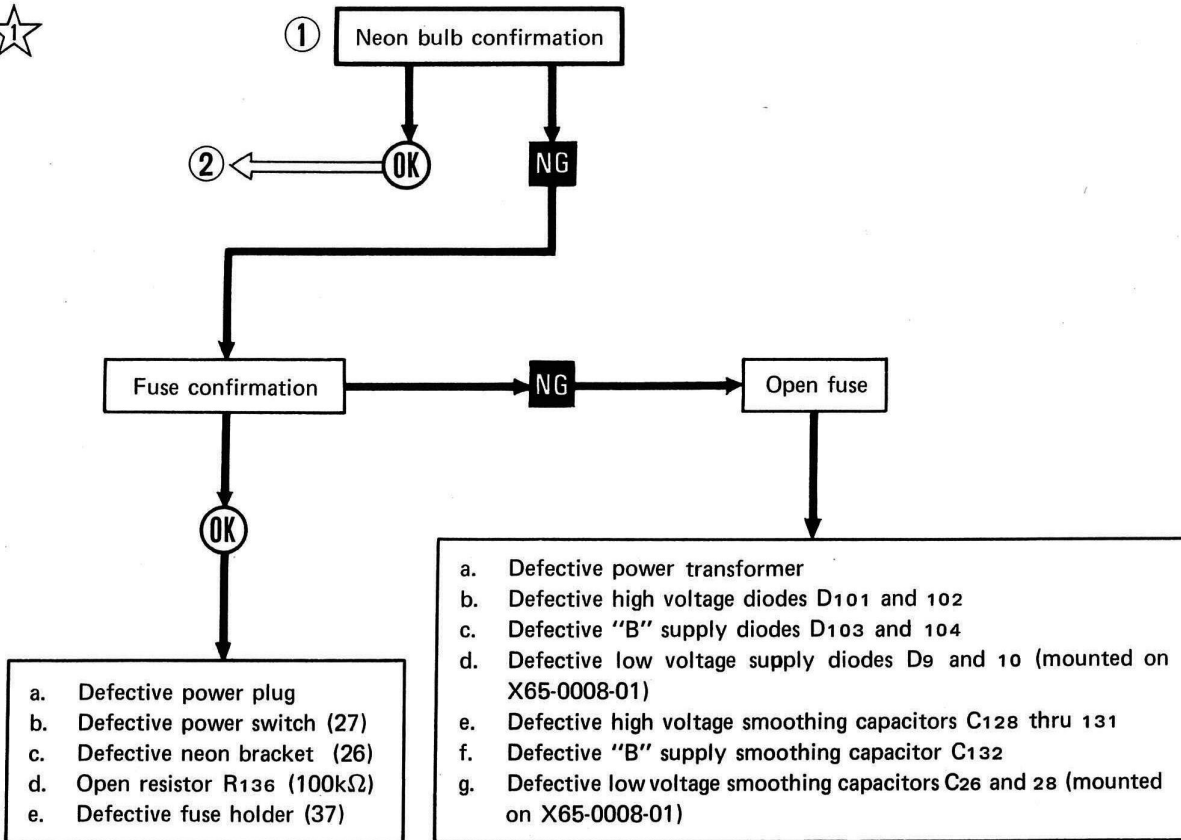
CAUTION: When performing the above procedure, be careful not to touch a cathode ray tube socket, of which the metallic parts assume high voltage (1300V).



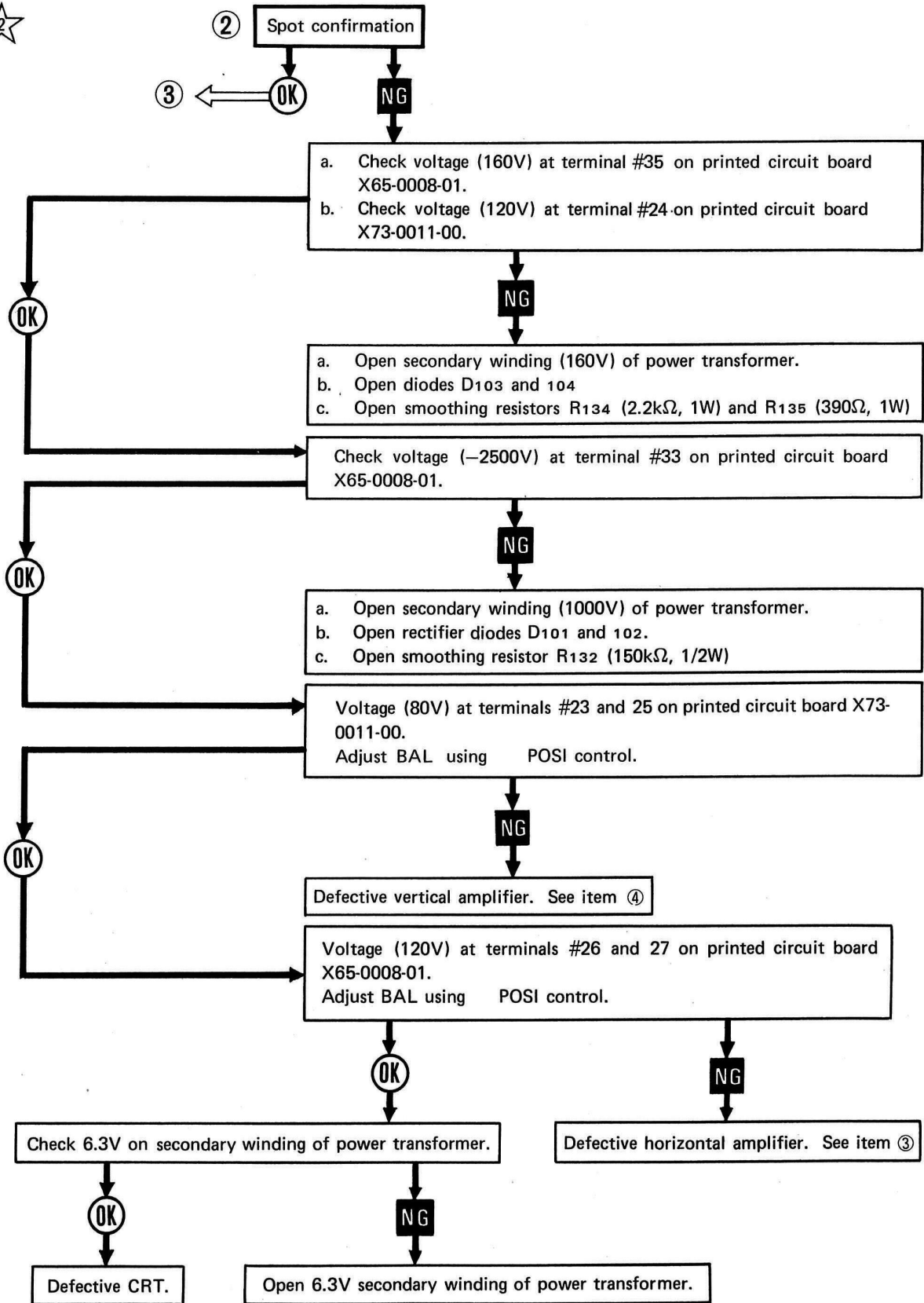
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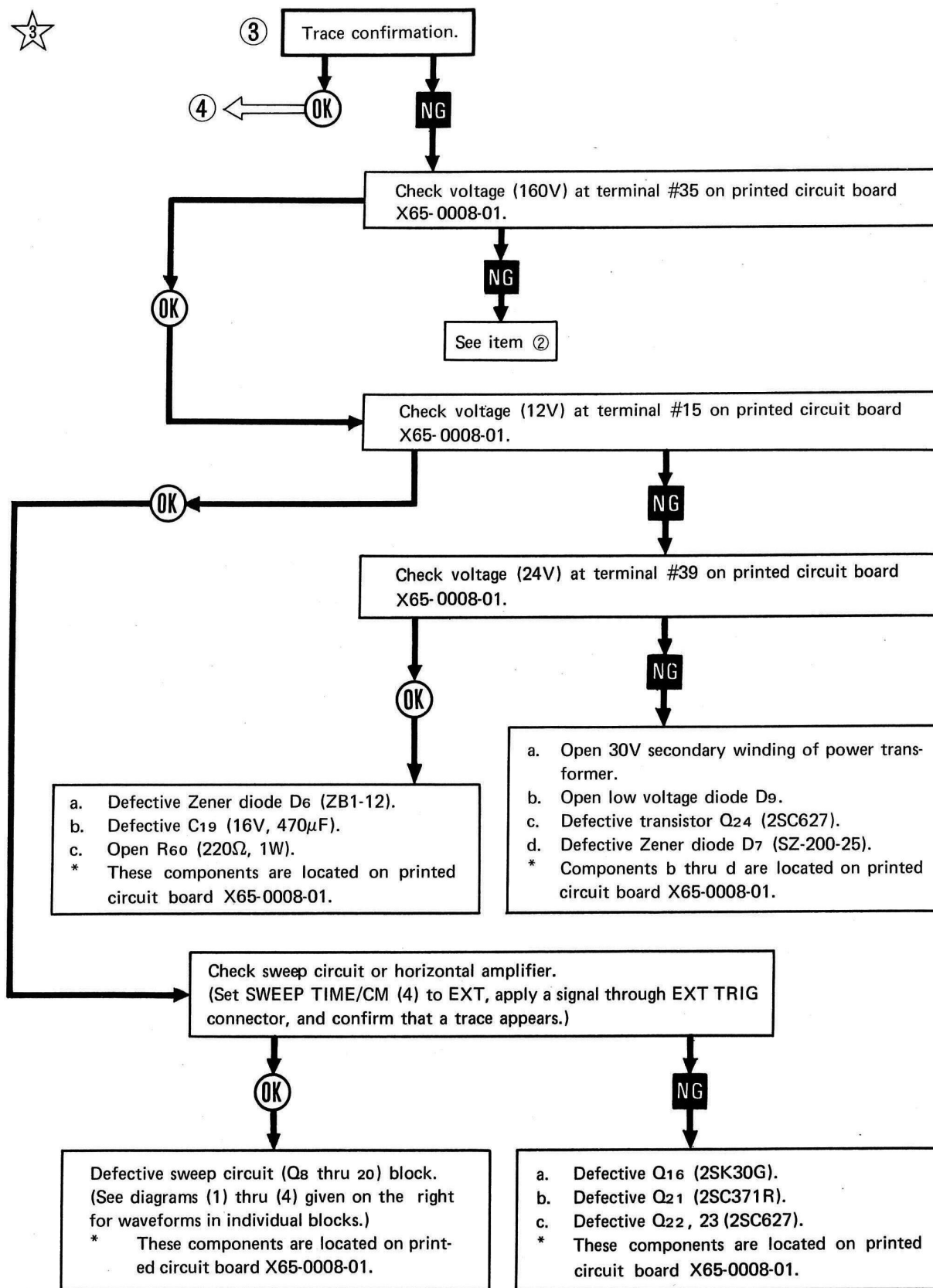
TROUBLE SHOOTING



TROUBLE SHOOTING

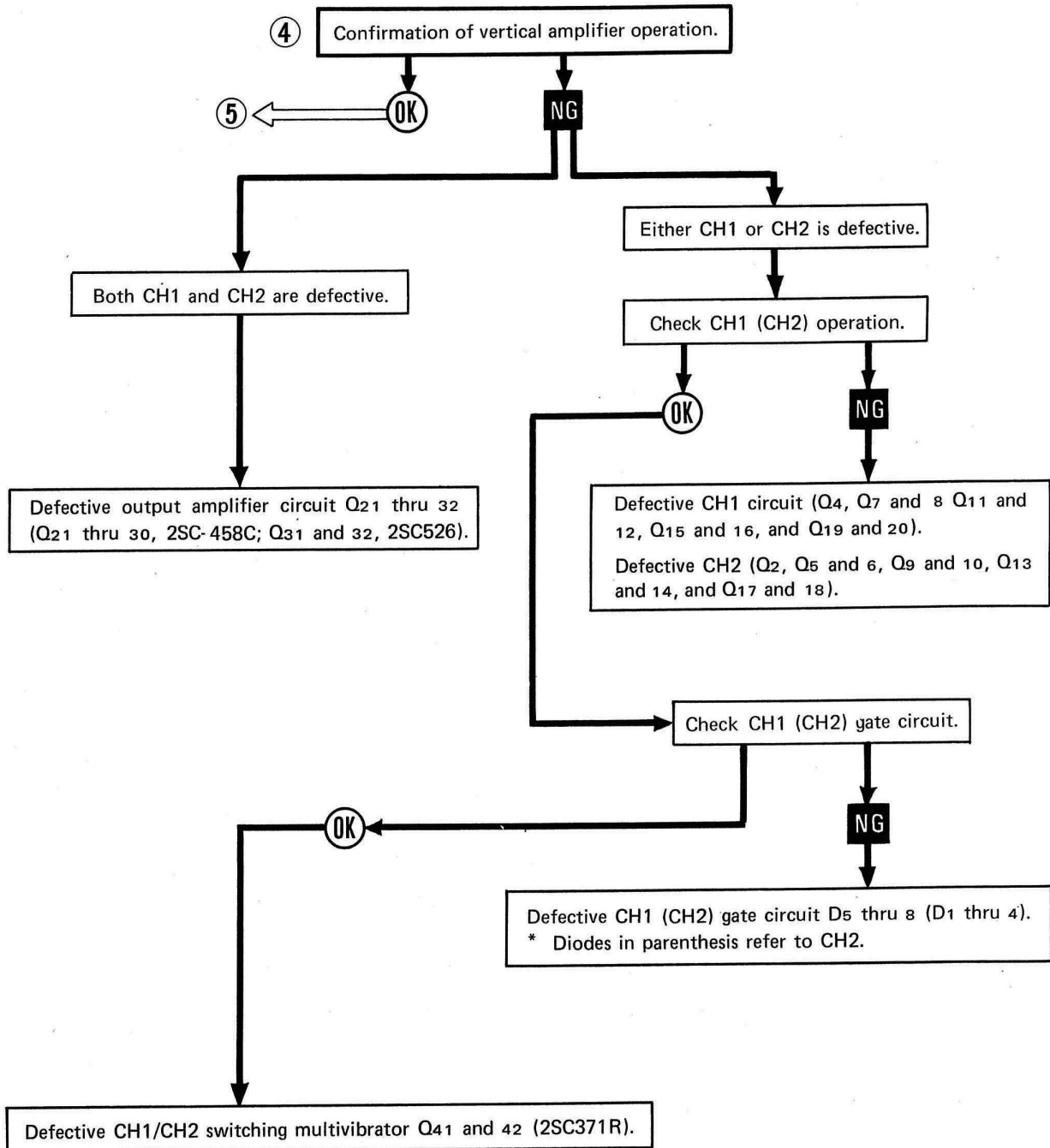


TROUBLE SHOOTING



TROUBLE SHOOTING

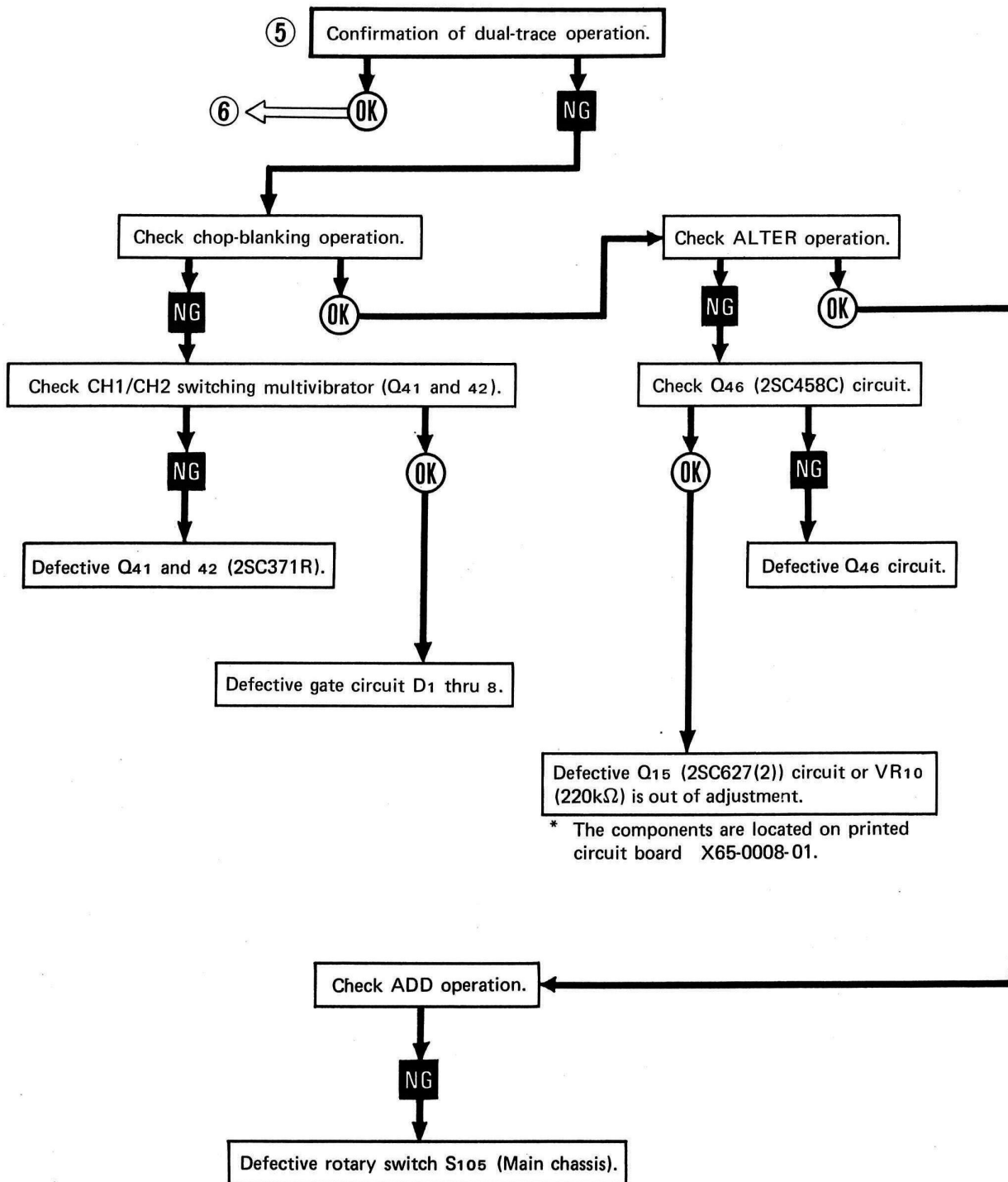
NOTE: The components are located on printed circuit board X73-0011-00.



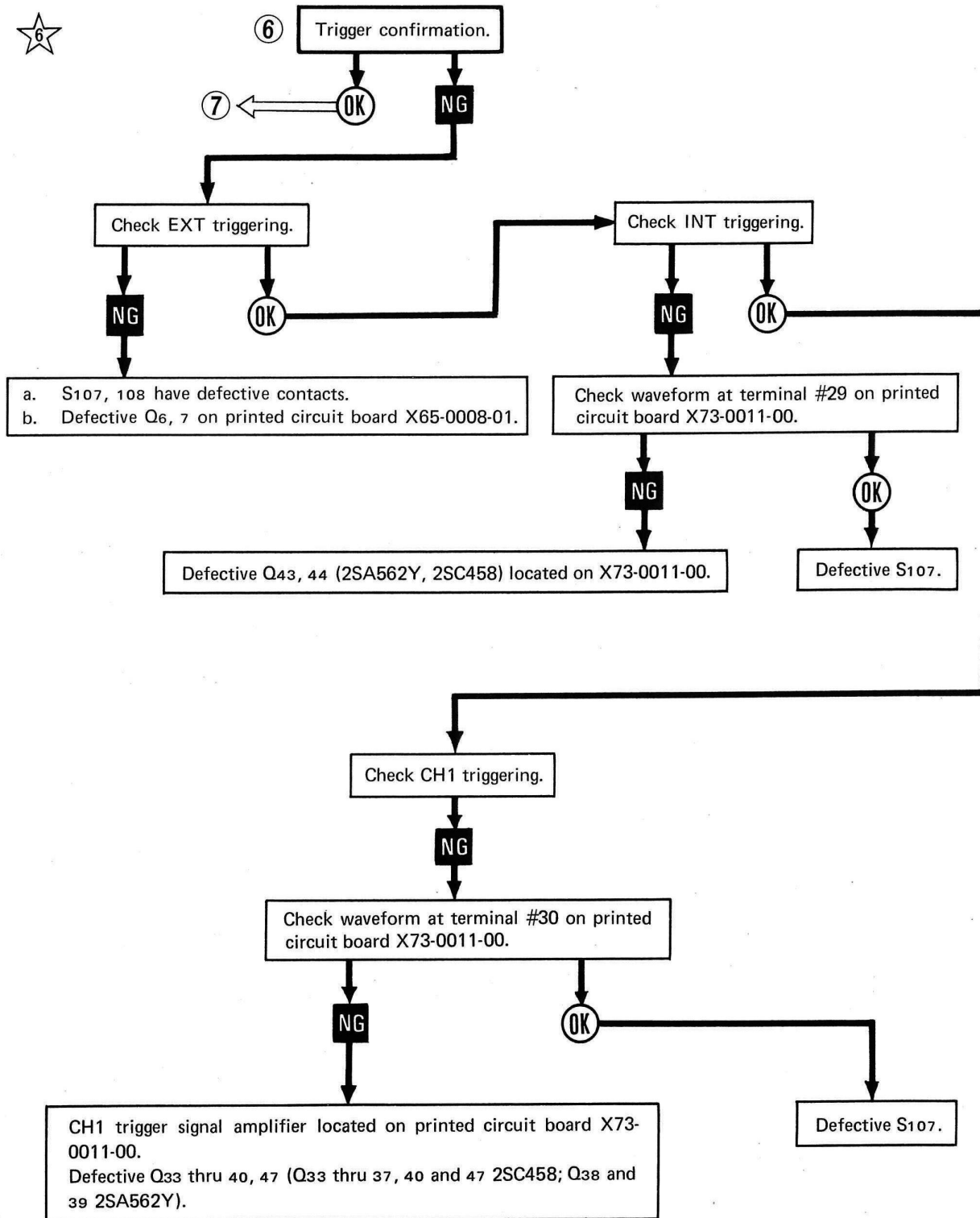
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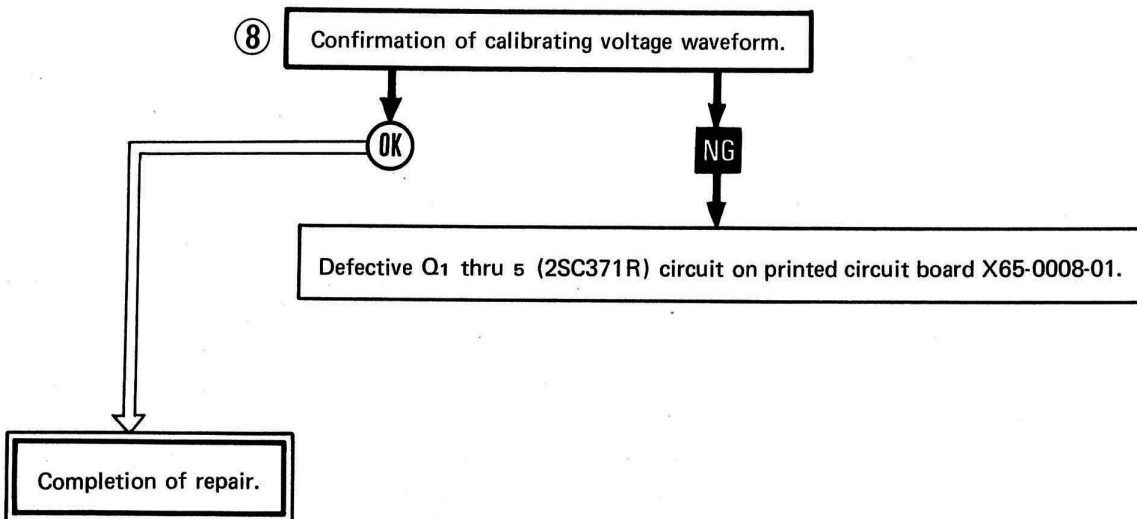
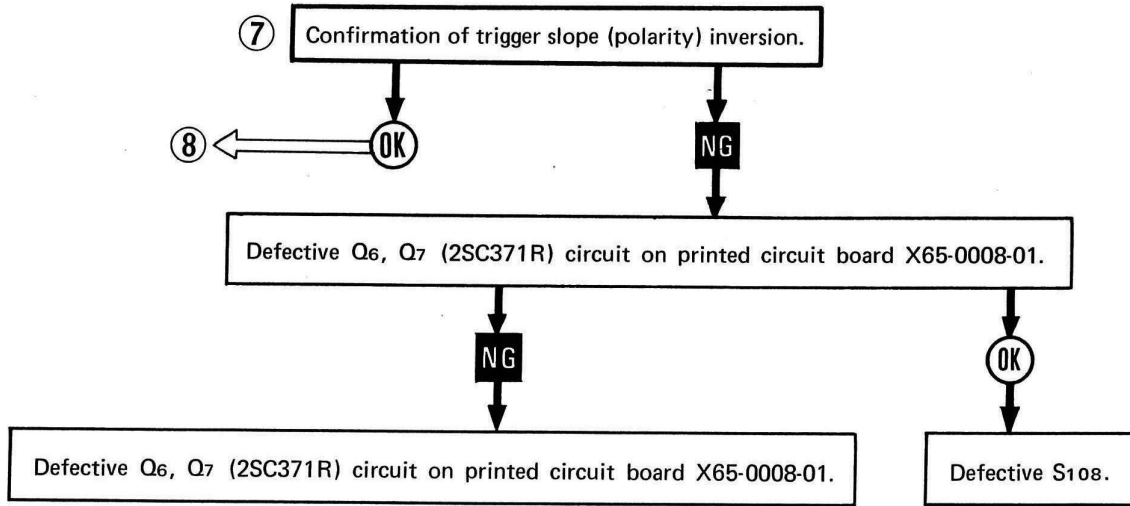
NOTE: All components are located on printed circuit board X73-0011-00 unless otherwise noted.



TROUBLE SHOOTING



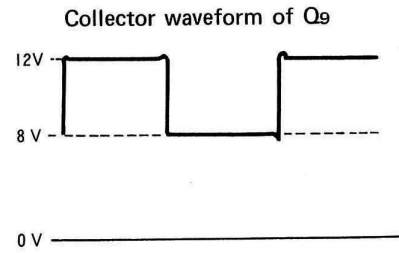
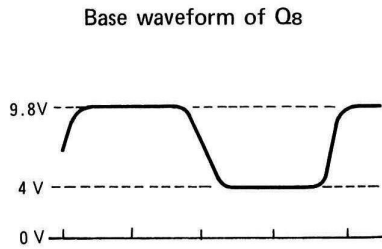
TROUBLE SHOOTING



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS AT INDIVIDUAL POINTS OF CIRCUIT

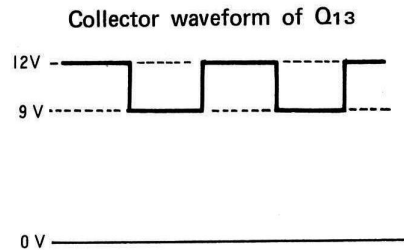
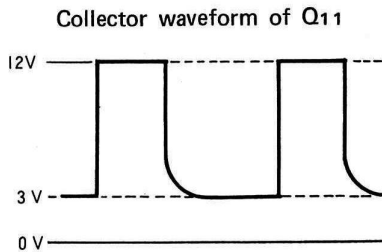
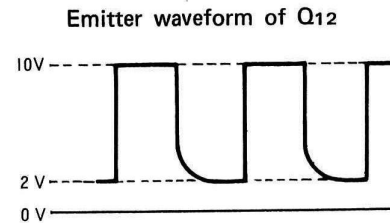
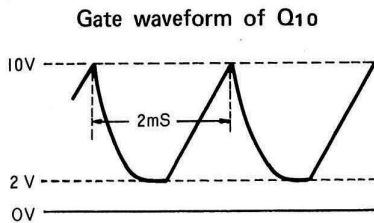
Measuring conditions: Input signal 1 kHz wave 1V
SWEEP TIME 0.1mS/CM

(1) WAVEFORMS OF SQUARE WAVE SHAPER CIRCUIT



(2) WAVEFORMS OF GATE MULTIVIBRATOR

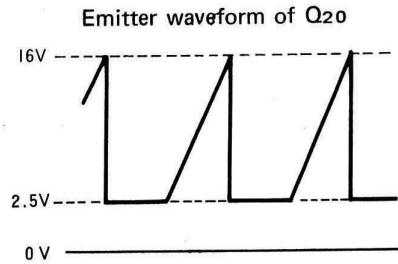
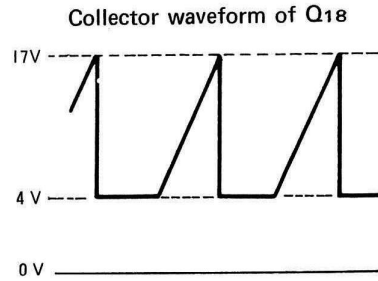
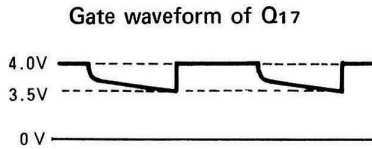
* Q₁₀ thru 13 (Q₁₀, 3SK22GR, Q₁₁ thru 13, 2SC371R) located on printed circuit board X65-0008-01.



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS AT INDIVIDUAL POINTS OF CIRCUIT

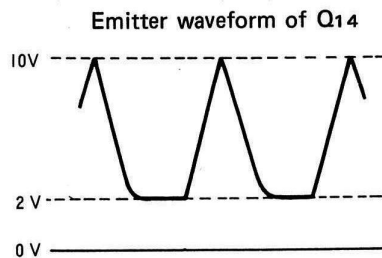
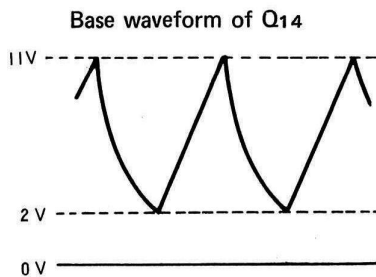
(3) MILLER INTEGRATOR CIRCUIT

* Q17 thru 20 (Q17, 2SK30 (0); Q18 thru 20, 2SC371R) located on printed circuit board X65-0008-01.

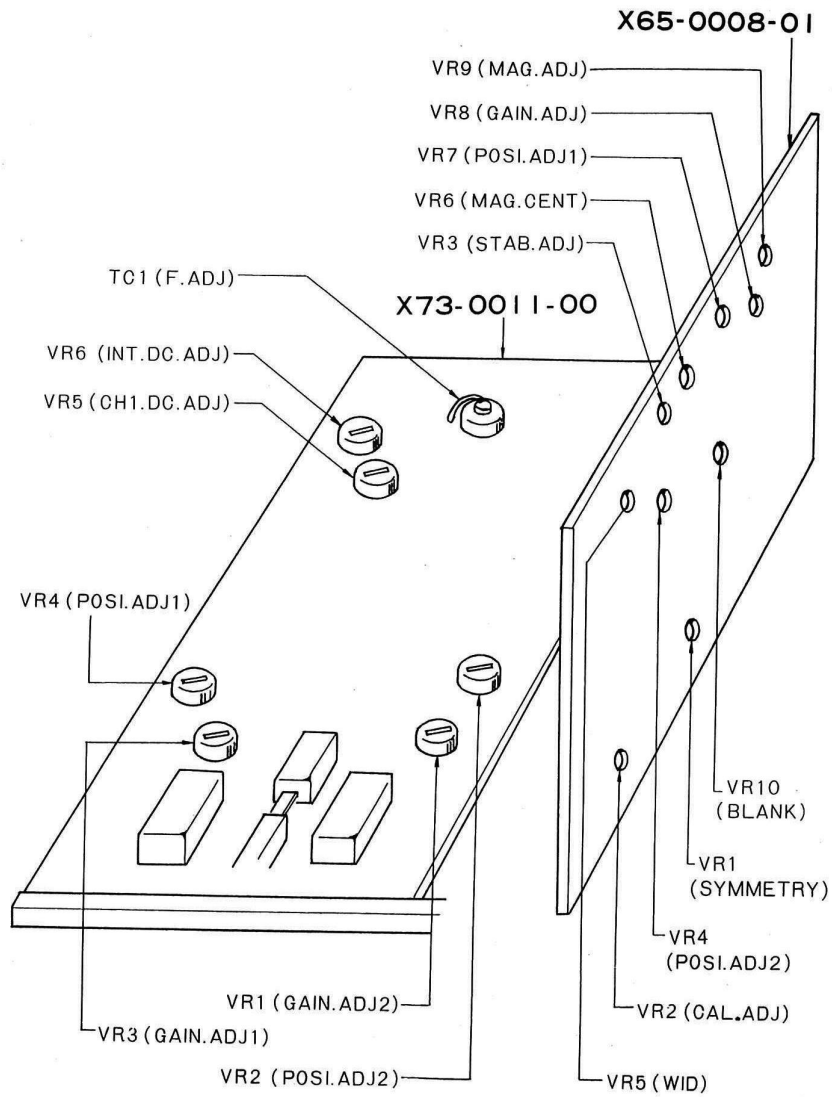


(4) WAVEFORMS OF HOLD-OFF CIRCUIT

* Q14 (2SC371R) located on printed circuit board X65-0008-01.



ADJUSTMENT POINTS ON PC BOARD



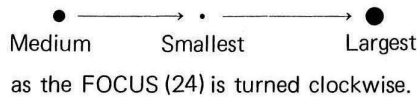
ADJUSTMENT


- NOTE: *
- * This instrument has been factory adjusted for the following adjustments. If re-adjustment is needed, it should be completed only after calibrating the power source voltage.
 - * Controls surrounded by bold line square are made on the panel.
 - * Figure (4) is an identification number appearing in the section of EXTERNAL VIEWS, CONTROLS AND CONNECTORS ON PANELS.

1. ASTIGMATISM AND FOCUS ADJUSTMENTS

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| SWEEP TIME/CM (4) | EXT |
| DC-GND-AC ((16) (17)) | GND |
| INTENSITY (25) | max. |

Adjust ASTIG (35) so that the bright spot becomes smallest and circular when FOCUS (24) is turned from min. to max. Then confirm that the bright spot changes in the order of

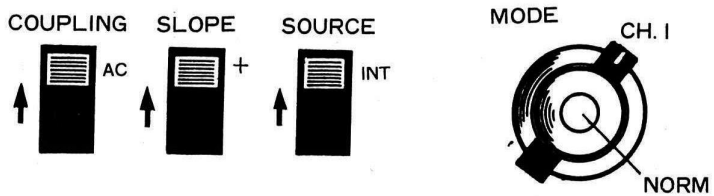
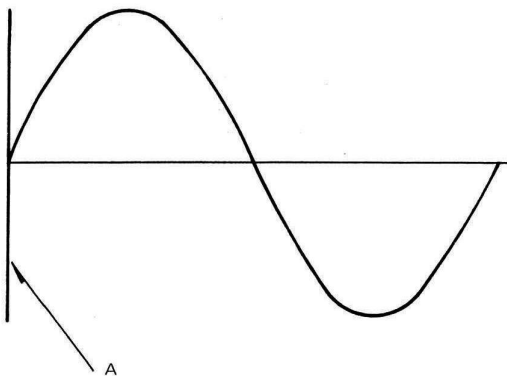




Conduct the following adjustments with INTENSITY (25) set to the position shown on the left.
3 o'clock position

2. BLANKING ADJUSTMENT

Apply 100 kHz sine wave to VERT INPUT 1 (21), and adjust VR10 (BLANK ADJ) located on printed circuit board X65-0008-01 so that portion A indicated becomes dark.



Adjustments and confirmations may be made with MODE (22) set to CH1. Set SOURCE (1), SLOPE (2), COUPLING (3) and CH2 POLARITY (23) to the positions shown below.

ADJUSTMENT

3. DC BAL ADJUSTMENT

Note: Numbers in parenthesis refer to CH2.

MODE (22) CH1 (CH2)

Set DC-GND-AC (17) ((16)) to GND.

Turn the vertical attenuator, VARIABLE (15) ((13)), to the minimum. Align the trace to the center of the scale by turning CH1 \blacklozenge POSITION (11) ((10)). Turn VARIABLE (15) ((13)) to the maximum and, if the trace moves accordingly, re-align the trace to the center using DC BAL provided inside the CH1 \blacklozenge POSITION (11) ((10)) knob. Repeat the above controls for two to three times until the trace is no longer affected by use of VARIABLE (15) ((13)).

4. VERTICAL POSITION ADJUSTMENT

Set CH1 \blacklozenge POSITION (11) ((10)) knob to the mechanical center and then the trace to the center of the scale using VR4 (VR2) on printed circuit board X73-0011-00.

5. VERTICAL SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT

CH1 VOLTAGE/CM (14) ((12))01
CH2 VARIABLE (15) ((13)) max.

Apply 0.04 Vpp square wave to VERT INPUT 1 (21) ((19)). Adjust VR3 (VR1) on printed circuit board X73-0011-00 so that the vertical deflection is 40 mm.

NOTE: When utilizing the square wave output from CAL (28) :

CH1 VOLTAGE/CM (14) ((12))2
CH1 VARIABLE (15) ((13)) max. (CAL)

Connect CAL 1V connector (28) to VERT INPUT 1 (21) ((19)). Adjust VR3 (VR1) so that the vertical deflection is 50 mm.

ADJUSTMENT

9. STABILITY ADJUSTMENT

TRIG LEVEL (7) AUTO

Apply 1 kHz sine wave to VERT INPUT 1 (21), set STABILITY (6) to the position shown in Fig. 1 below, and adjust VR3 on printed circuit board X65-0008-01 so that the waveform disappears. Then check that the waveform becomes steady in the position of Fig. 2.

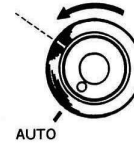


Fig. 1

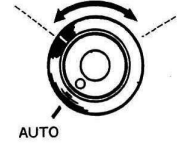
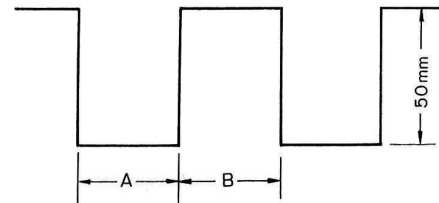


Fig. 2

10. CALIBRATION VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT

CH1 VOLTAGE/CM (14)2
CH1 VARIABLE (15) max. (CAL)

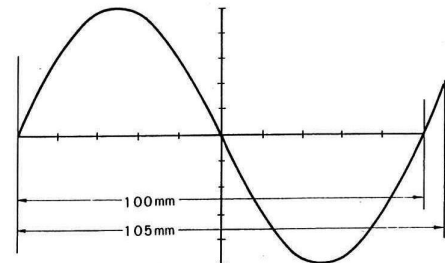
Connect VERT INPUT 1 (21) to 1Vpp of CAL (28), and adjust VR2 on printed circuit board X65-0008-01 so that the deflection is 50 mm. Then adjust VR1 on printed circuit board X65-0008-01 so that lengths A and B equal as shown below.



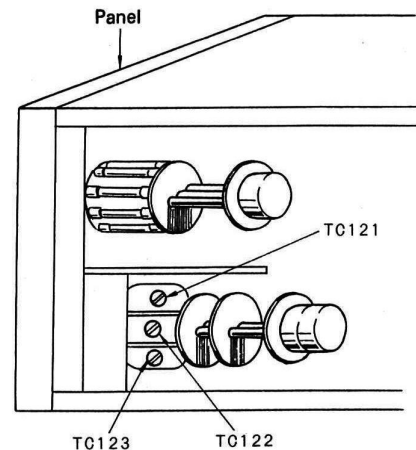
11. SWEEP RATE AND HORIZONTAL SWEEP SPAN ADJUSTMENTS

SWEEP TIME/CM (4)1mS
VARIABLE/HOR GAIN (5) max. (CAL)
MODE (22) CH1

Apply calibrated 1 kHz sine wave to VERT INPUT 1 (21), adjust the individual POSITION controls so that the starting point of the waveform is positioned at the left end of the scale and in the vertical center. Also adjust VR8 on printed circuit board X65-0008-01 so that one wavelength of the wave is 100 mm on the CRT scale. With this adjustment, since the length of the trace will change, adjust the length to 105 mm using VR5 on the same printed circuit board. For ranges of from 10μS to 0.5μS/cm, the input frequency should be adjusted not with VR8, VR5 but with the trimmers attached to the SWEEP TIME rotary switch, as listed below.



| SWEEP TIME/CM | Input frequency | Trimmer to be adjusted |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| 10μS/cm | 10 kHz | TC 121 |
| 1μS/cm | 100 kHz | TC 122 |
| 0.5μS/cm | 200 kHz | TC 123 |



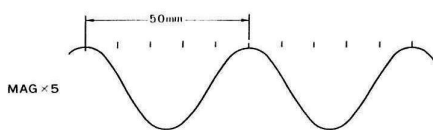
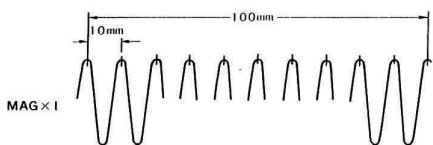
ADJUSTMENT

12. SWEEP MAGNIFICATION ADJUSTMENT

SWEEP TIME/CM (4) 1mS

1) MAG X5 ADJUSTMENT

Apply 1 kHz (approximately) sine wave to VERT INPUT 1 (21), adjust the generator frequency and POSITION (9) to obtain 11 peaks of the waveform and to place each of these peaks on each vertical graticule line.

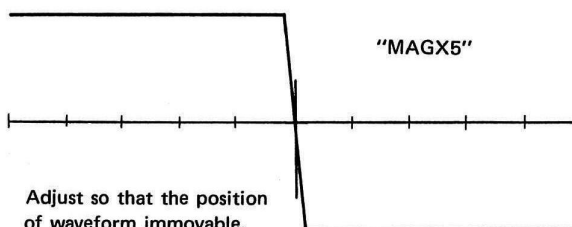
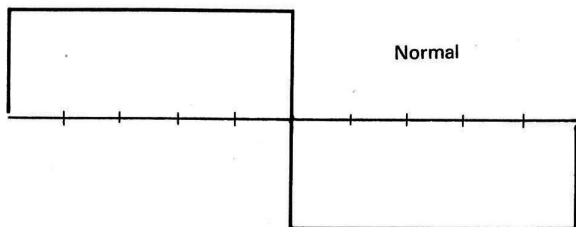


Adjust VR₉ on printed circuit board X65-0008-01 so that distance from one peak to another is 50 mm when MAG X5 (9) is set to "X5"

2) MAG CENTER ADJUSTMENT

SWEEP TIME/CM (4) 1mS

Apply 1 kHz square wave to VERT INPUT 1 (21) and adjust so that one cycle of the waveform lies extending from the first to last vertical graticule line. Set POSITION (9) to the mechanical center and MAG X-5 (9) to "X5", and adjust VR₆ on printed circuit board X65-0008-01 so that the rising (or falling) point in the center of the waveform coincides with that obtained with the normal position of the MAG X5 switch.



ADJUSTMENT

13. HORIZONTAL POSITION ADJUSTMENT (1)

| |
|--|
| POSITION (9) Mechanical center |
|--|

Place the starting point of the waveform on the left end of the scale using VR7 on printed circuit board X65-0008-1.

14. HORIZONTAL POSITION ADJUSTMENT (2)

| |
|--|
| SWEEP TIME/CM (4) EXT |
| POSITION (9) Mechanical center |

After completion of "13. HORIZONTAL POSITION ADJUSTMENT (1)", position the spot at the midpoint of the scale using VR4 on the same printed circuit board.

15. TRIG LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

* This adjustment should be carried out with TRIG LEVEL (7) set not to AUTO but by triggering with TRIG LEVEL (7).

| |
|--------------------------|
| MODE (22) CH1 |
| SOURCE (1) INT |

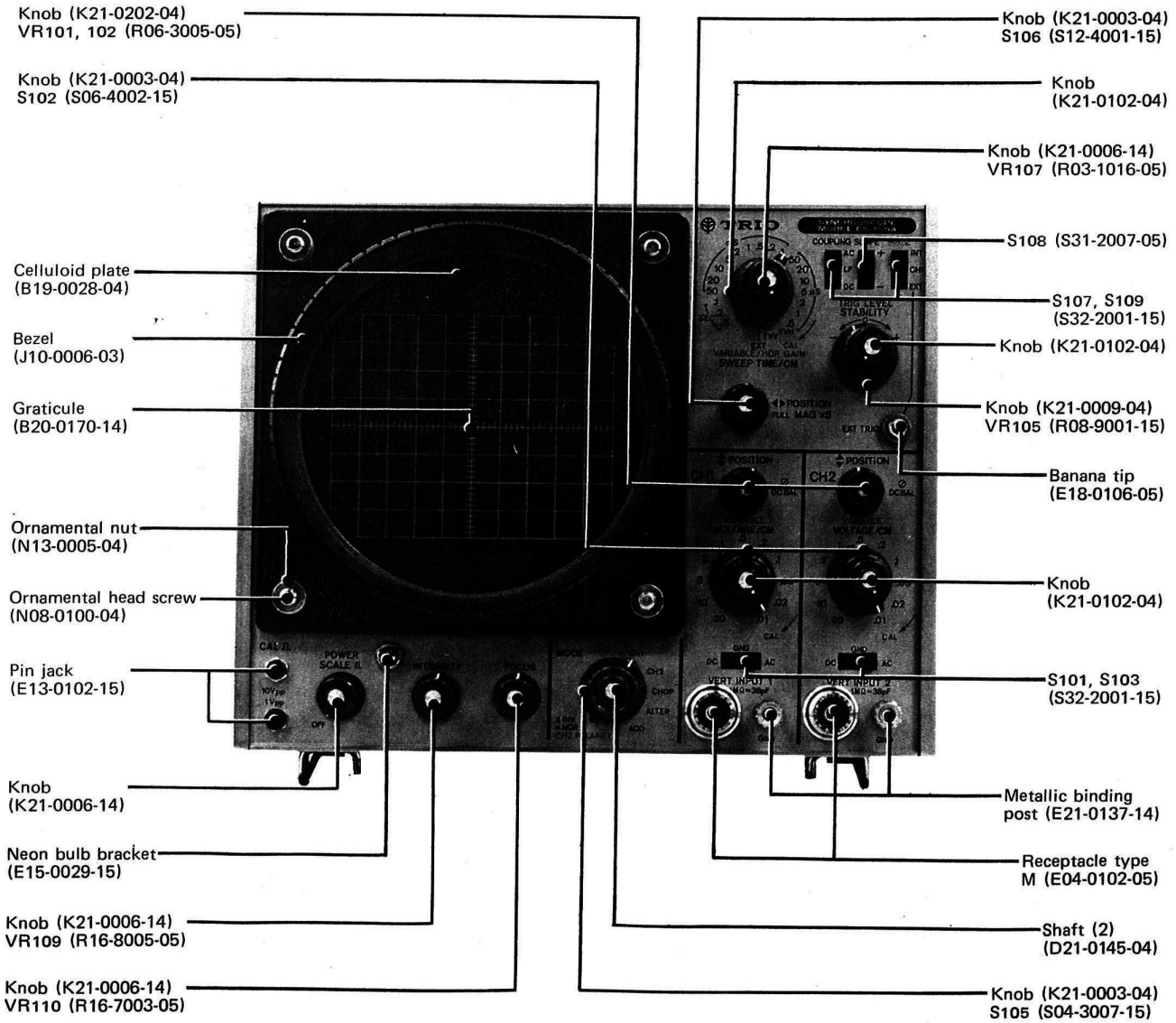
1) INT DC LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

Apply 1 kHz sine wave to VERT INPUT 1 (21) and adjust VR6 on printed circuit board X73-0011-00 so that the starting point may not move when COUPLING (3) is switched between AC and DC.

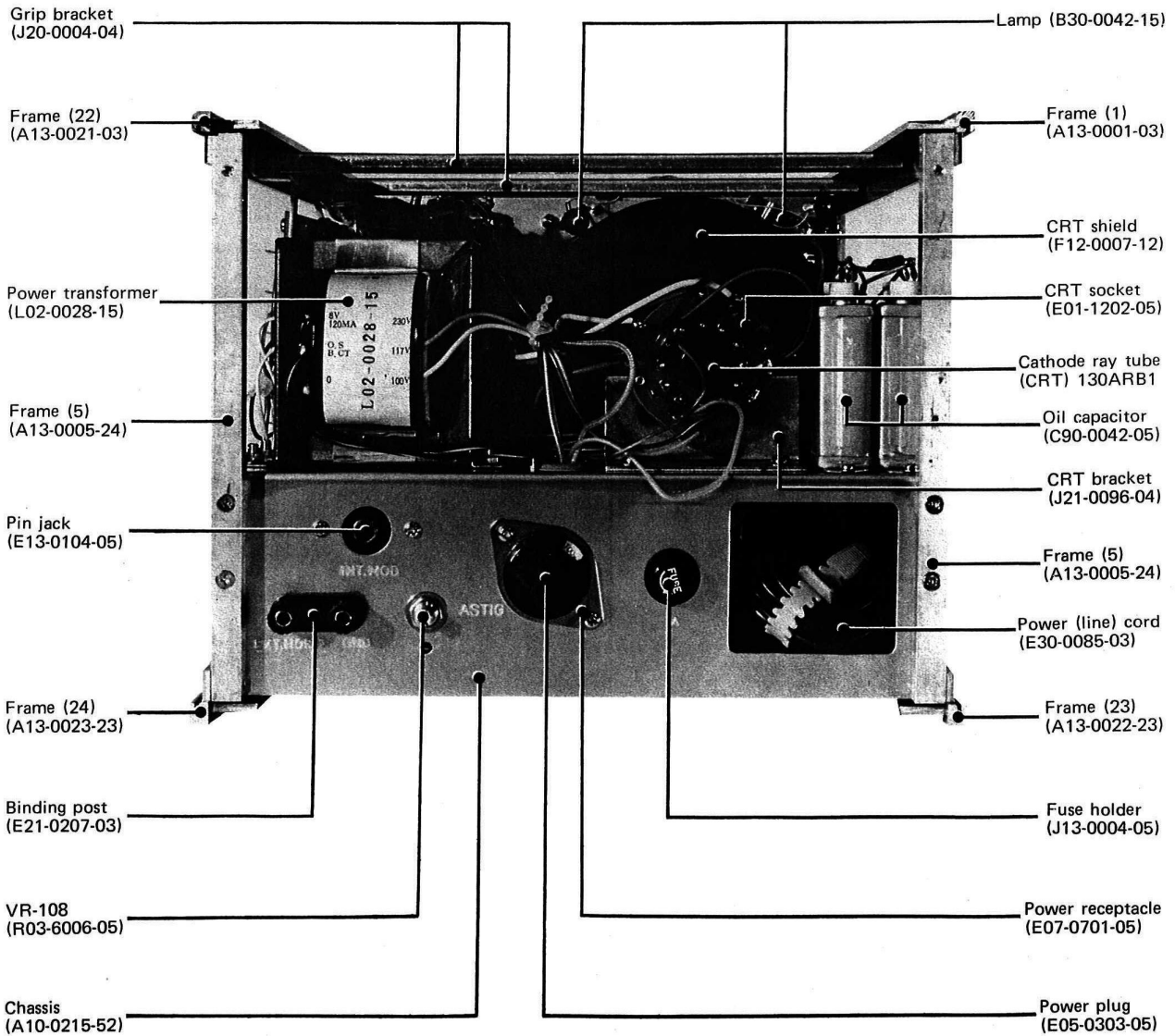
2) CH1 DC LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

Adjust VR5 on printed circuit board X73-0011-00 in the same way1).

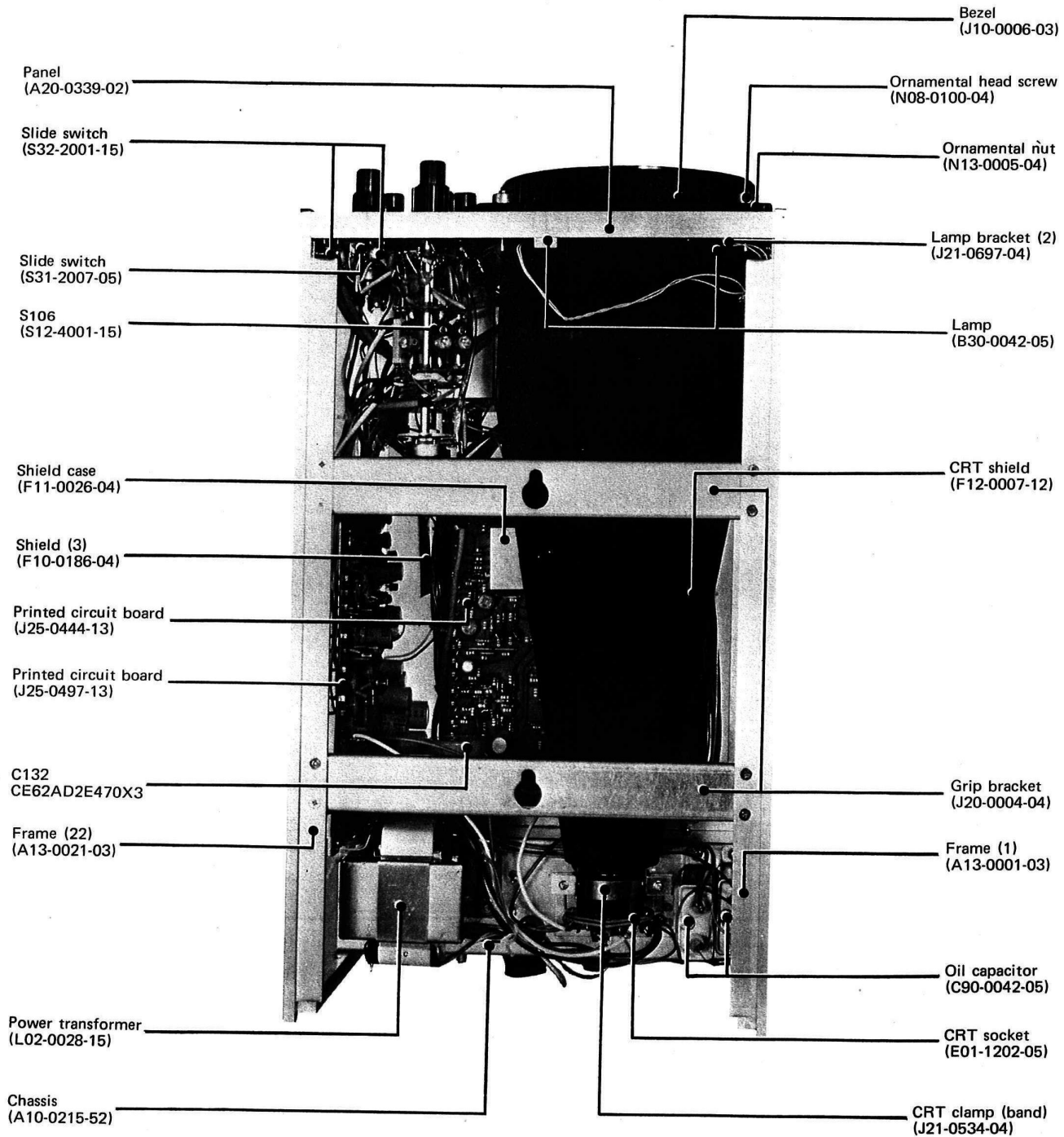
PARTS LAYOUT(FRONT VIEW)



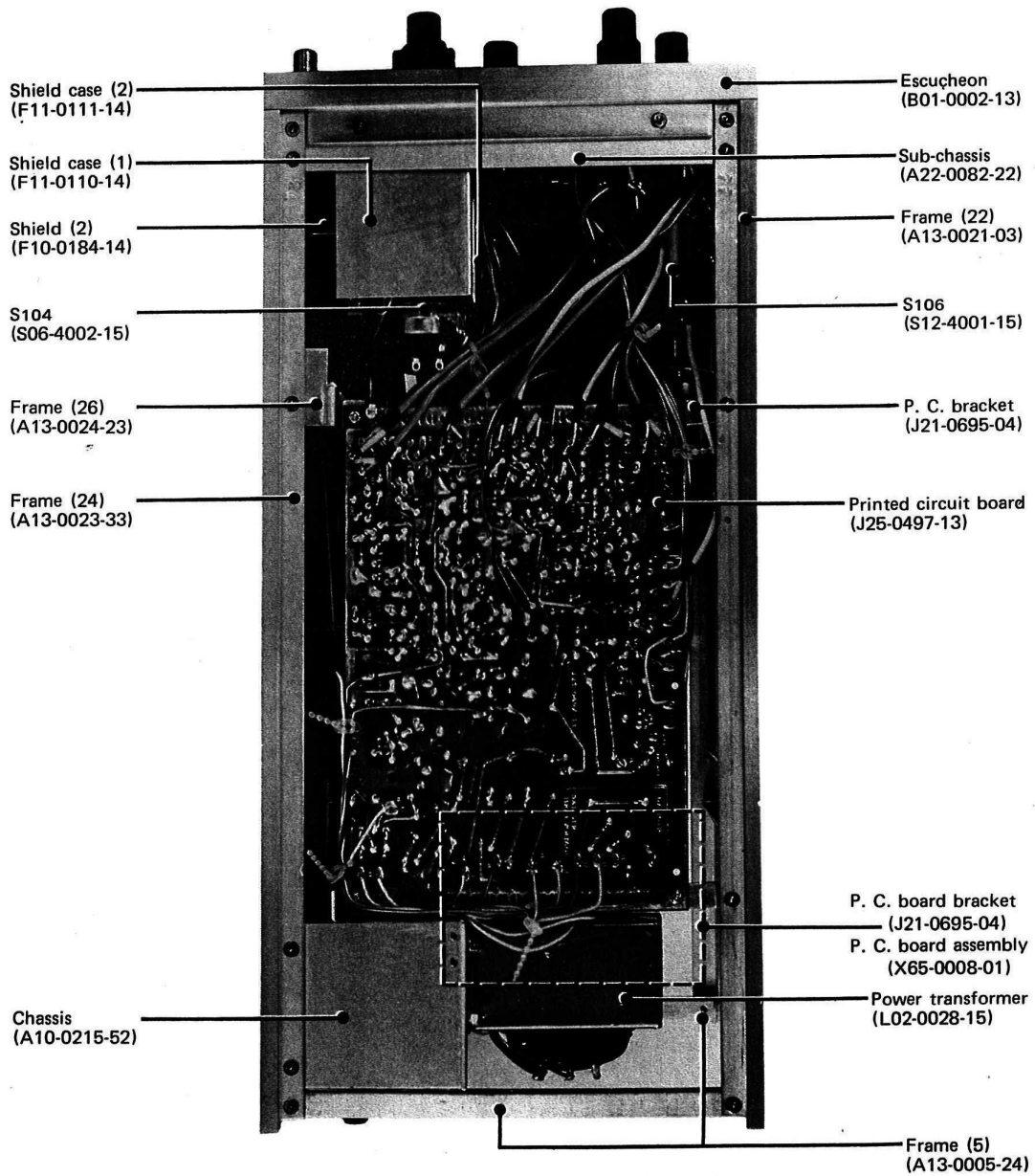
PARTS LAYOUT (REAR VIEW)



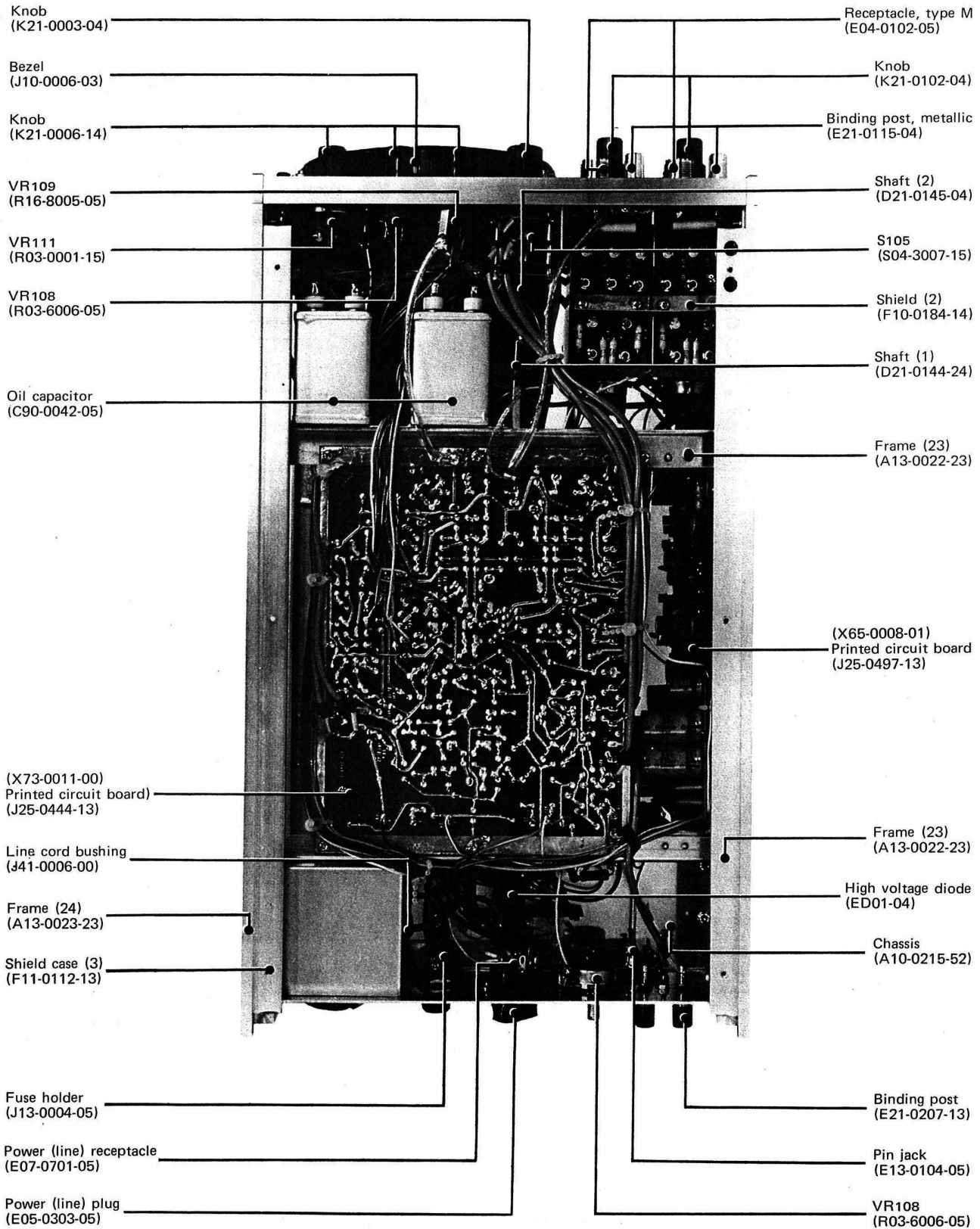
PARTS LAYOUT (TOP VIEW)



PARTS LAYOUT (SIDE VIEW)



PARTS LAYOUT (BOTTOM VIEW)



PARTS LIST OF CS-1554

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------------|---------|
| — | A10-0215-52 | Chassis | |
| — | A13-0001-03 | Frame (1) | |
| — | A13-0005-24 | Frame (5) | |
| — | A13-0021-03 | Frame (22) | |
| — | A13-0022-23 | Frame (23) | |
| — | A13-0023-33 | Frame (24) | |
| — | A13-0024-23 | Frame (26) | |
| — | A20-0339-02 | Panel | |
| — | A22-0082-22 | Sub-chassis | |
| — | A40-0061-03 | Bottom plate | |
| — | A48-0003-13 | Side plate | |
| — | A52-0002-23 | Top plate | |
| — | B01-0002-13 | Escucheon | |
| — | B19-0028-04 | Celluloid plate | |
| — | B20-0170-14 | Graticule | |
| — | B30-0042-15 | Lamp | |
| — | B40-0332-14 | Name plate | |
| — | B42-0009-04 | Passed sticker | |
| — | B48-0049-00 | Label | |
| — | B50-0589-00 | Instruction manual | |
| — | D21-0144-24 | Shaft (1) | |
| — | D21-0145-04 | Shaft (2) | |
| — | E01-1202-05 | CRT socket | |
| — | E04-0102-05 | Receptacle type M | |
| — | E05-0303-05 | Power (line) plug | |
| — | E07-0701-05 | Power (line) receptacle | |
| — | E13-0102-15 | Pin jack | |
| — | E13-0104-05 | Pin jack | |
| — | E14-0101-05 | Pin plug | |
| — | E15-0029-15 | Neon bulb bracket | |
| — | E18-0106-05 | Banana tip receptacle | |
| — | E21-0137-14 | Metallic binding post | |
| — | E21-0207-13 | Binding post | |
| — | E22-0206-05 | Lug board | |
| — | E22-0404-05 | Lug board | |
| — | E23-0015-04 | Ground lug | |
| — | E23-0017-04 | Ground lug | |
| — | E23-0042-00 | Soldering lug | |
| — | E30-0085-03 | Power (line) cord with plug (CA36) | |
| — | F05-5013-05 | Fuse | |
| — | F10-0183-04 | Shield (1) | |
| — | F10-0184-04 | Shield (2) | |
| — | F10-0186-04 | Shield (3) | |
| — | F11-0110-14 | Shield case (1) | |
| — | F11-0111-14 | Shield case (2) | |
| — | F11-0112-23 | Shield case (3) | |
| — | F12-0007-12 | CRT shield | |
| — | F14-0007-04 | Soft tape | |

PARTS LIST OF CS-1554

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|---------------|-------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| — | F20-0029-04 | Insulator | |
| — | F20-0045-04 | Insulator | |
| — | G01-0186-04 | Spring | |
| — | G13-0038-00 | Cushion | |
| — | H01-0498-03 | Packing case | |
| — | H10-0023-04 | Protection board | |
| — | H10-0611-03 | Packing material, foamed styrene | |
| — | H20-0006-03 | Protection cover | |
| — | H25-0003-03 | Protection bag | |
| — | H25-0029-04 | Polyethylene bag | |
| — | J01-0013-13 | Metallic leg | |
| — | J02-0008-03 | Molded leg | |
| — | J10-0006-03 | Bezel | |
| — | J13-0004-05 | Fuse holder | |
| — | J20-0004-04 | Grip bracket | |
| — | J21-0040-04 | Grip bracket (2) | |
| — | J21-0096-04 | CRT bracket | |
| — | J21-0695-04 | PC board bracket | |
| — | J21-0696-04 | Lamp bracket (1) | |
| — | J21-0697-04 | Lamp bracket (2) | |
| — | J25-0443-14 | Printed circuit board | |
| — | J30-0071-04 | Spacer | |
| — | J41-0006-00 | Power (line) cord bushing | |
| — | J42-0009-04 | Rubber bushing | |
| — | J42-0010-04 | Rubber bushing | |
| — | K01-0029-04 | Grip | |
| — | K01-0036-03 | Grip bracket | |
| — | L02-0028-25 | Power transformer | |
| — | X65-0008-01 | Horizontal amplifier unit | |
| — | X73-0011-00 | Vertical amplifier unit | |
| — | Y87-0013-01 | Probe (PC-12) | |
| — | | Cathode ray tube 130 ARB1 | |
| SWITCH | | | |
| S101 | S32-2001-15 | Slide switch | |
| S102a~d | S06-4002-15 | Rotary switch (VR103) | |
| S103 | S32-2001-15 | Slide switch | |
| S104a~d | S06-4002-15 | Rotary switch (VR104) | |
| S105a~e | S04-3007-15 | Rotary switch | |
| S106a~h | S12-4001-15 | Rotary switch (VR106a, b) | |
| S107 | S32-2001-15 | Slide switch | |
| S108 | S31-2007-05 | Slide switch | |
| S109 | S32-2001-15 | Slide switch | |
| S110a, b | R08-9001-15 | Variable resistor (VR105 a, b) | |

PARTS LIST OF CS-1554

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|----------------------|---------------|---|-----------------|
| S111 | R03-1016-05 | Variable resistor (VR107) | |
| S112 | R03-0001-15 | Variable resistor (VR111) | |
| KNOB | | | |
| — | K21-0003-04 | Knob | |
| — | K21-0006-14 | Knob | |
| — | K21-0009-04 | Knob | |
| — | K21-0102-04 | Knob | |
| — | K21-0202-04 | Knob | |
| DIODE | | | |
| D101,102 | | High voltage diode (ED01-04) | |
| D103, 104 | | Diode (8-05-08) | |
| POTENTIOMETER | | | |
| VR101a, b | R06-3005-05 | Variable resistor | |
| VR102a, b | R06-3005-05 | Variable resistor | |
| VR103 | S06-4002-15 | Rotary switch (S102a~d) | |
| VR104 | S06-4002-15 | Rotary switch (S104a~d) | |
| VR105a, b | R08-9001-15 | Variable resistor 100kΩ (B), 5kΩ (B) | |
| VR106a, b | S12-4001-15 | Rotary switch (S106a~b) 5kΩ (B) 100kΩ (B) | |
| VR107 | R03-1016-05 | Variable resistor (S111) 2kΩ (B) | |
| VR108 | R03-6006-05 | Variable resistor 250kΩ (B) | |
| VR109 | R16-8005-05 | Variable resistor 1MΩ (B) | |
| VR110 | R16-7003-05 | Variable resistor 500kΩ (B) | |
| VR111 | R03-0001-15 | Variable resistor (S112) 100Ω (B) | |
| RESISTOR | | | |
| R101, 102 | PD14BY2E470J | Insulated carbon film | 47Ω ±5% 1/4W |
| R103 | PD14BY2H904F | Insulated carbon film | 900kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R104 | PD14BY2H1113F | Insulated carbon film | 111kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R105 | PD14BY2H994F | Insulated carbon film | 990kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R106 | PD14BY2H1012F | Insulated carbon film | 10.1kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R107 | PD14BY2H9993F | Insulated carbon film | 999kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R108 | PD14BY2H102F | Insulated carbon film | 1kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R109 | PD14BY2H504F | Insulated carbon film | 500kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R110 | PD14BY2H105F | Insulated carbon film | 1MΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R111 | PD14BY2H804F | Insulated carbon film | 800kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R112 | PD14BY2H254F | Insulated carbon film | 250kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R113 | PD14BY2H904F | Insulated carbon film | 900kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R114 | PD14BY2H1113F | Insulated carbon film | 111kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R115 | PD14BY2H994F | Insulated carbon film | 990kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R116 | PD14BY2H1012F | Insulated carbon film | 10.1kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R117 | PD14BY2H9993F | Insulated carbon film | 999kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R118 | PD14BY2H102F | Insulated carbon film | 1kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R119 | PD14BY2H504F | Insulated carbon film | 500kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R120 | PD14BY2H105F | Insulated carbon film | 1MΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R121 | PD14BY2H804F | Insulated carbon film | 800kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R122 | PD14BY2H254F | Insulated carbon film | 250kΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R123 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film | 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R124 | PD14BY2E153J | Insulated carbon film | 15kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R125 | PD14BY2H305F | Insulated carbon film | 3MΩ ±1% 1/2W |

PARTS LIST OF CS-1554

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | | | | Remarks |
|------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------|-------|---------|
| R126, 127 | PD14BY2H105F | Insulated acarbon film | 1M Ω | $\pm 1\%$ | 1/2W | |
| R128 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film | 2.7k Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1/4W | |
| R129 | PD14BY2E333J | Insulated carbon film | 33k Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1/4W | |
| R131 | R92-0054-25 | SC resistor | 2.2M Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1W | |
| R132 | PD14BY2H134J | Insulated carbon film | 130k Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1/2W | |
| R134 | RN14AA3A681J | Metal film | 680 Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1W | |
| R135 | RN14AA3A391J | Metal film | 390 Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1W | |
| R136 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film | 100k Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1/4W | |
| R137 | PD14BY2E470J | Insulated carbon film | 47 Ω | $\pm 5\%$ | 1/4W | |
| CAPACITOR | | | | | | |
| C101, 102 | C90-0021-05 | Metalized film | 0.1 μ F | $\pm 20\%$ | 600V | |
| C103 | CQ08S2B330J | Polystyrene | 33pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 125V | |
| C104 | CQ08S1H331J | Polystyrene | 330pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 50V | |
| C105 | CQ05S1H332J | Polystyrene | 3300pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 50V | |
| C106 | CQ08S2B330J | Polystyrene | 33pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 125V | |
| C107 | CQ08S1H331J | Polystyrene | 330pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 50V | |
| C108 | CQ05S1H332J | Polystyrene | 3300pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 50V | |
| C109 | CC94SL2H150J | Ceramic | 15pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 500V | |
| C110 | CE04D1H010N | Non-polarized electrolytic | 1 μ F | | 50V | |
| C111 | CQ93M1H153M | Mylar | 0.015 μ F | $\pm 20\%$ | 50V | |
| C112 | CE04D1H010N | Non-polarized electrolytic | 1 μ F | | 50V | |
| C113 | C90-0018-05 | Metalized film | 1 μ F | $\pm 1\%$ | 200V | |
| C114 | C90-0019-05 | Metalized film | 0.1 μ F | $\pm 1\%$ | 200V | |
| C115 | C90-0020-05 | Metalized film | 0.01 μ F | $\pm 1\%$ | 200V | |
| C116 | CM91D2H1Q2F | Mica | 0.001 μ F | $\pm 1\%$ | 500V | |
| C117 | CM91D2H900J | Mica | 90pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 500V | |
| C118 | CC94SL2H121J | Ceramic | 120pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 500V | |
| C119 | CQ93M1H333K | Mylar | 0.033 μ F | $\pm 10\%$ | 50V | |
| C120 | CQ93M1H224K | Mylar | 0.22 μ F | $\pm 10\%$ | 50V | |
| C121 | CK94YY2H223M | Ceramic | 0.022 μ F | $\pm 20\%$ | 500V | |
| C122 | CK94YY2H222M | Ceramic | 0.0022 μ F | $\pm 20\%$ | 500V | |
| C123 | CK94YY2H102M | Ceramic | 0.001 μ F | $\pm 20\%$ | 500V | |
| C124 | CC94SL2H101J | Ceramic | 100pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 500V | |
| C125 | CC94SL2H100J | Ceramic | 10pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 500V | |
| C126 | CC94SL2H101J | Ceramic | 100pF | $\pm 5\%$ | 500V | |
| C127 | CK94YY2H103M | Ceramic | 0.01 μ F | $\pm 20\%$ | 500V | |
| C128~131 | C90-0042-05 | Oil | 0.5 μ F | $\pm 10\%$ | 1.5kV | |
| C132a~c | CE62AD2E470 | Electrolytic block | 47 μ F | | 250V | |
| C133 | CM91D3C120K | Mica | 12pF | $\pm 10\%$ | 1.6kV | |
| C134 | CQ93M1H223M | Mylar | 0.022 μ F | $\pm 20\%$ | 50V | |
| C135 | CP02B2J104K | Oil | 0.1 μ F | $\pm 10\%$ | 630V | |
| TC101 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF | | | |
| TC102 | C05-0010-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 10pF | | | |
| TC103 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF | | | |
| TC104 | C05-0010-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 10pF | | | |
| TC105 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF | | | |
| TC106, 107 | C05-0010-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 10pF | | | |
| TC108 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF | | | |
| TC109, 110 | C05-0013-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 20pF | | | |
| TC111 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF | | | |

PARTS LIST OF CS-1554

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|
| TC112 | C05-0010-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 10pF |
| TC113 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF |
| TC114 | C05-0010-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 10pF |
| TC115 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF |
| TC116, 117 | C05-0010-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 10pF |
| TC118 | C05-0015-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 40pF |
| TC119, 120 | C05-0013-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 20pF |
| TC121~123 | C05-0011-05 | Ceramic trimmer | 10pF |

PARTS LIST OF X65-0008-01

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| R19 | PD14BY2E392J | Insulated carbon film 3.9kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R20 | PD14BY2E273J | Insulated carbon film 27kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R21 | PD14BY2E103J | Insulated carbon film 10kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R22 | PD14BY2E183J | Insulated carbon film 18kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R23 | PD14BY2E222J | Insulated carbon film 2.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R24 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R25 | PD14BY2E273J | Insulated carbon film 27kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R26 | PD14BY2E222J | Insulated carbon film 2.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R27 | PD14BY2E103J | Insulated carbon film 10kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R28 | PD14BY2E182J | Insulated carbon film 1.8kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R29 | PD14BY2E103J | Insulated carbon film 10kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R30 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R31 | PD14BY2E472J | Insulated carbon film 4.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R32 | PD14BY2E333J | Insulated carbon film 33kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R33, 34 | PD14BY2E103J | Insulated carbon film 10kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R35 | PD14BY2E821J | Insulated carbon film 820Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R36 | PD14BY2E223J | Insulated carbon film 22kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R38 | PD14BY2E822J | Insulated carbon film 8.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R40 | PD14BY2E103J | Insulated carbon film 10kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R41 | PD14BY2E183J | Insulated carbon film 18kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R43 | PD14BY2E273J | Insulated carbon film 27kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R44 | PD14BY2E183J | Insulated carbon film 18kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R45 | PD14BY2E752J | Insulated carbon film 7.5kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R46 | PD14BY2E332J | Insulated carbon film 3.3kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R47 | PD14BY2E105J | Insulated carbon film 1MΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R48 | PD14BY2E182J | Insulated carbon film 1.8kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R49 | PD14BY2E103J | Insulated carbon film 10kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R50 | PD14BY2E153J | Insulated carbon film 15kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R51 | PD14BY2E332J | Insulated carbon film 3.3kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R52 | PD14BY2E821J | Insulated carbon film 820Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R53 | PD14BY2E123J | Insulated carbon film 12kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R54, 55 | PD14BY2E222J | Insulated carbon film 2.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R56 | PD14BY2E472J | Insulated carbon film 4.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R58, 59 | RN14AB3F153J | Metal film 15kΩ ±5% 3W | |
| R60 | RN14AB3A221J | Metal film 220Ω ±5% 1W | |
| R61 | PD14BY2E561J | Insulated carbon film 560Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R62 | PD14BY2E152J | Insulated carbon film 1.5kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R63 | PD14BY2H470J | Insulated carbon film 47Ω ±5% 1/2W | |
| R64 | PD14BY2E181J | Insulated carbon film 180Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R65 | RN14AB3D471J | Metal film 470Ω ±5% 2W | |
| R66 | RN14AB3F123J | Metal film 12kΩ ±5% 3W | |
| R67 | PD14BY2H473J | Insulated carbon film 47kΩ ±5% 1/2W | |
| R70, 71 | R92-0055-25 | SC resistor 1MΩ ±5% 1W | |
| R72 | PD14BY2H474J | Insulated carbon film 470kΩ ±5% 1/2W | |
| R73 | R92-0055-25 | SC resistor 1MΩ ±5% 1W | |
| R74 | R92-0056-25 | SC resistor 820kΩ ±5% 1W | |
| R77 | PD14BY2H474J | Insulated carbon film 470kΩ ±5% 1/2W | |
| R78 | PD14BY2E332J | Insulated carbon film 3.3kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R79 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R80, | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R81 | PD14BY2E822J | Insulated carbon film 8.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R82 | PD14BY2E101J | Insulated carbon film 100Ω ±5% 1/4W | |

PARTS LIST OF X65-0008-01

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| R90 | PD14BY2E472J | Insulated carbon film 4.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R91 | PD14BY2E474J | Insulated carbon film 470kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R92 | PD14BY2E392J | Insulated carbon film 3.9kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R93 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| CAPACITOR | | | |
| C1,2 | CK94YY2H103M | Ceramic 0.01μF ±20% 500V | |
| C3 | CE04W1H010 | PC electrolytic 1μ 50V | |
| C4 | CC94SL2H470J | Ceramic 47pF ±5% 500V | |
| C5 | CE04W1C101 | PC electrolytic 100μF 16V | |
| C6 | CE04D1H010N | Non-polarized electrolytic 1μF 50V | |
| C7 | CC94SL2H101J | Ceramic 100pF ±5% 500V | |
| C8 | CC94SL2H150J | Ceramic 15pF ±5% 500V | |
| C9 | CC94SL2H050D | Ceramic 5pF ±0.5% 500V | |
| C10 | CK94YY2H103M | Ceramic 0.01μF ±20% 500V | |
| C11 | CC94SL2H101J | Ceramic 100pF ±5% 500V | |
| C12 | CK94YY2H681M | Ceramic 680pF ±20% 500V | |
| C13 | CC94SL2H300J | Ceramic 30pF ±5% 500V | |
| C14 | CK94YY2H331M | Ceramic 330pF ±20% 500V | |
| C15 | CK94YY2H103M | Ceramic 0.01μF ±20% 500V | |
| C16 | CQ93M1H122J | Mylar 1200pF ±5% 50V | |
| C18 | CK94YY2H103M | Ceramic 0.01μF ±20% 500V | |
| C19 | CE04W1C471 | PC electrolytic 470μF 16V | |
| C20~22 | CE04W1H470 | PC electrolytic 47μF 50V | |
| C23 | CE04W1E470 | PC electrolytic 47μF 25V | |
| C24 | CE04W1H470 | PC electrolytic 47μF 50V | |
| C25, 26 | CE04W1H221 | PC electrolytic 220μF 50V | |
| C27 | CE04W1C471 | PC electrolytic 470μF 16V | |
| C28 | CE04W1H221 | PC electrolytic 220μF 50V | |
| C29 | CK94YY3C103M | Ceramic 0.01μF ±20% 1.6kV | |
| C30 | CM91B3C220K | Mica 22pF ±10% 1.6kV | |
| C34 | CC94SL1H100D | Ceramic 10pF ±0.5% 50V | |
| C35 | CE04W1C101 | PC electrolytic 100μF 16V | |
| C36 37 | CK94YY1H222M | Ceramic 0.0022μF ±20% 50V | |
| C38 | CK94YY1H471M | Ceramic 470pF ±20% 50V | |
| C39 | CK94YY1H222M | Ceramic 0.0022μF ±20% 50V | |
| C40 | CK94YY2H221M | Ceramic 220pF ±20% 500V | |
| TC1 | C05-0029-15 | Ceramic trimmer 50pF | |

PARTS LIST OF X73-0011-00

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| — | J25-0444-13 | PC board | |
| — | F02-0004-05 | Heat sink | |
| — | F11-0026-04 | Shield case | |
| S1 | S40-2007-15 | Pushbutton switch | |
| SEMICONDUCTOR | | | |
| Q2, 4 | | 2SK19 (GR) | |
| Q5~8 | | 2SK30 (O) | |
| Q9~30 | | 2SC458 (C) | |
| Q31, 32 | | 2SC526 | |
| Q33~37 | | 2SC458 (C) | |
| Q38, 39 | | 2SA562 (Y) | |
| Q40 | | 2SC458 (C) | |
| Q41, 42 | | 2SC371 (R) | |
| Q43 | | 2SA562 (Y) | |
| Q44 | | 2SC458 (C) | |
| Q45 | | 2SC627 (3) | |
| Q46, 47 | | 2SC458 (C) | |
| D1~8 | | 1S1555 | |
| D9, 10 | | 1N60 | |
| D11, 12 | | 1S1555 | |
| POTENTIOMETER | | | |
| VR1 | R12-0004-05 | PC trimmer potentiometer | 330Ω (B) |
| VR2 | R12-3004-05 | PC trimmer potentiometer | 47kΩ (B) |
| VR3 | R12-0004-05 | PC trimmer potentiometer | 330Ω (B) |
| VR4 | R12-3004-05 | PC trimmer potentiometer | 47kΩ (B) |
| VR5, 6 | R12-1004-05 | PC trimmer potentiometer | 4.7kΩ (B) |
| RESISTOR | | | |
| R3 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film | 100k ±5% 1/4W |
| R4 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film | 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R5 | PD14BY2H105F | Insulated carbon film | 1MΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R6 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film | 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R7~9 | PD14BY2E562J | Insulated carbon film | 5.6kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R10 | PD14BY2E101J | Insulated carbon film | 100Ω ±5% 1/4W |
| R11, 12 | PD14BY2E562J | Insulated carbon film | 5.6kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R13, 14 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film | 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R16 | PD14BY2E152J | Insulated carbon film | 1.5kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R17 | PD14BY2E332J | Insulated carbon film | 3.3kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R18, 19 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film | 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R20 | PD14BY2E332J | Insulated carbon film | 3.3kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R23 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film | 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R24 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film | 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R25 | PD14BY2H105F | Insulated carbon film | 1MΩ ±1% 1/2W |
| R26 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film | 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R27~29 | PD14BY2E562J | Insulated carbon film | 5.6kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R30 | PD14BY2E101J | Insulated carbon film | 100Ω ±5% 1/4W |
| R31, 32 | PD14BY2E562J | Insulated carbon film | 5.6kΩ ±5% 1/4W |
| R33, 34 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film | 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W |

PARTS LIST OF X73-0011-00

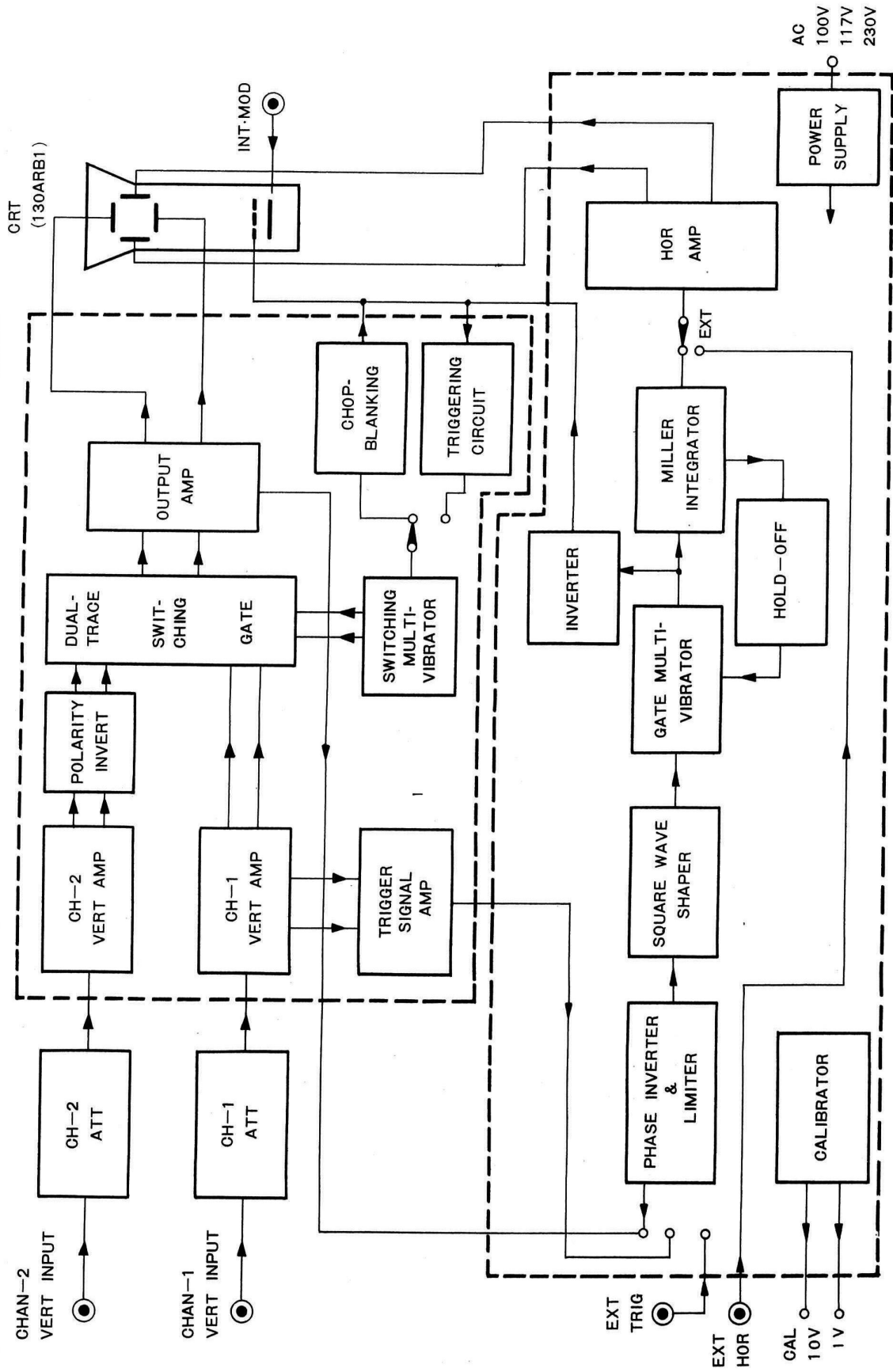
| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | Remarks |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| R36 | PD14BY2E152J | Insulated carbon film 1.5kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R37 | PD14BY2E332J | Insulated carbon film 3.3kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R38, 39 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R40 | PD14BY2E332J | Insulated carbon film 3.3kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R45~48 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R49, 50 | PD14BY2E822J | Insulated carbon film 8.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R51, 52 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R53 | PD14BY2E681J | Insulated carbon film 680Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R54, 55 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R56, 57 | PD14BY2E222J | Insulated carbon film 2.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R58, 59 | PD14BY2E153J | Insulated carbon film 15kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R60, 61 | PD14BY2E122J | Insulated carbon film 1.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R62 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R63 | PD14BY2E181J | Insulated carbon film 180kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R64, 65 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R66, 67 | RN14AA3A472J | Metal film 4.7kΩ ±5% 1W | |
| R68, 69 | PD14BY2E103J | Insulated carbon film 10kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R70, 71 | PD14BY2E562J | Insulated carbon film 5.6kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R72, 73 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R74 | PD14BY2E151J | Insulated carbon film 150Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R75, 76 | PD14BY2E222J | Insulated carbon film 2.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R77, 78 | PD14BY2E682J | Insulated carbon film 6.8kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R79 | PD14BY2E561J | Insulated carbon film 560Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R80 | PD14BY2E182J | Insulated carbon film 1.8kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R81 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R82 | PD14BY2E272J | Insulated carbon film 2.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R83 | PD14BY2E562J | Insulated carbon film 5.6kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R84 | PD14BY2E391J | Insulated carbon film 390Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R85 | PD14BY2E471J | Insulated carbon film 470Ω ±5% 1/4W | |
| R86 | PD14BY2H102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/2W | |
| R87 | PD14BY2E153J | Insulated carbon film 15kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R88 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R89 | PD14BY2E223J | Insulated carbon film 22kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R90 | PD14BY2E683J | Insulated carbon film 68kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R91 | PD14BY2E563J | Insulated carbon film 56kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R92 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R93 | PD14BY2E223J | Insulated carbon film 22kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R94 | PD14BY2H102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/2W | |
| R95 | PD14BY2E153J | Insulated carbon film 15kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R96 | PD14BY2H102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/2W | |
| R97 | PD14BY2E472J | Insulated carbon film 4.7kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R98, 99 | PD14BY2E562J | Insulated carbon film 5.6kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R100 | PD14BY2E274J | Insulated carbon film 270kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R101 | PD14BY2E222J | Insulated carbon film 2.2kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R102 | PD14BY2E333J | Insulated carbon film 33kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R103 | PD14BY2E102J | Insulated carbon film 1kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R104 | PD14BY2E153J | Insulated carbon film 15kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R105 | PD14BY2E104J | Insulated carbon film 100kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R106 | PD14BY2E224J | Insulated carbon film 220kΩ ±5% 1/4W | |
| R107 | PD14BY2E101J | Insulated carbon film 100Ω ±5% 1/4W | |

PARTS LIST OF X73-0011-00

| Circuit No. | Parts No. | Description | | | | Remarks |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|------|---------|
| CAPACITOR | | | | | | |
| C1 | CK94YY2H103M | Ceramic | 0.01 μ F | \pm 20% | 500V | |
| C2~4 | CE04W1C470 | PC electrolytic | 47 μ F | | 16V | |
| C5 | CC94SL1H151J | Ceramic | 150pF | \pm 5% | 50V | |
| C7 | CK94YY2H103M | Ceramic | 0.01 μ F | \pm 20% | 500V | |
| C8 | CE04W1C470 | PC electrolytic | 47 μ F | | 16V | |
| C9 | CC94SL1H101J | Ceramic | 100pF | \pm 5% | 50V | |
| C11 | CC94SL1H150J | Ceramic | 15pF | \pm 5% | 50V | |
| C12 | CC94SL1H220J | Ceramic | 22pF | \pm 5% | 50V | |
| C13 | CC94SL1H330J | Ceramic | 33pF | \pm 5% | 50V | |
| C14, 15 | CK94YY1H103M | Ceramic | 0.01 μ F | \pm 20% | 50V | |
| C16, 17 | CE04W1C470 | PC electrolytic | 47 μ F | | 16V | |
| C18 | CC94SL1H221K | Ceramic | 220pF | \pm 10% | 50V | |
| C19~21 | CC94SL1H151J | Ceramic | 150pF | \pm 5% | 50V | |
| C22 | CC94SL1H680J | Ceramic | 68pF | \pm 5% | 50V | |
| C23 | CE04W1H220 | PC electrolytic | 22 μ F | | 50V | |
| C24 | CE04W1C470 | PC electrolytic | 47 μ F | | 16V | |
| C25, 26 | CK94YY1H103M | Ceramic | 0.01 μ F | \pm 20% | 50V | |
| C27 | CC94SL2H050D | Ceramic | 5pF | \pm 0.5% | 500V | |
| C28 | CE04W1H101 | PC electrolytic | 100 μ F | | 50V | |
| C29 | CE02D2E220 | PC electrolytic | 22 μ F | | 250V | |
| TC1 | C05-0029-15 | Ceramic trimmer | 50pF | | | |
| COIL | | | | | | |
| L1, 2 | L33-0060-05 | Peaking coil | | | | |

BLOCK DIAGRAM

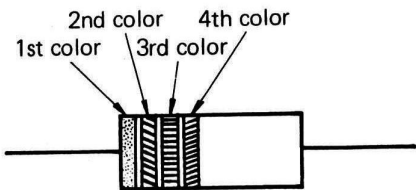
MODEL CS-1554 OSCILLOSCOPE BLOCK DIAGRAM



COLOR CODE

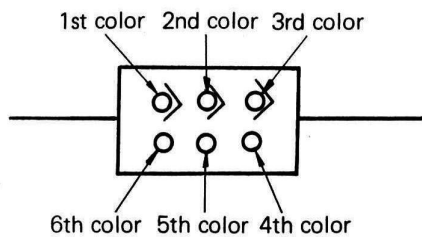
RESISTOR

| COLOR (meaning) | 1st (value) | 2nd (value) | 3rd (multiplier) | 4th (tolerance) |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Black | 0 | 0 | 10^0 | — |
| Brown | 1 | 1 | 10^1 | ±1% |
| Red | 2 | 2 | 10^2 | ±2% |
| Orange | 3 | 3 | 10^3 | — |
| Yellow | 4 | 4 | 10^4 | — |
| Green | 5 | 5 | 10^5 | — |
| Blue | 6 | 6 | 10^6 | — |
| Purple | 7 | 7 | 10^7 | — |
| Grey | 8 | 8 | 10^8 | — |
| White | 9 | 9 | 10^9 | — |
| Gold | — | — | 10^{-1} | ±5% |
| Silver | — | — | 10^{-2} | ±10% |
| Non-color | — | — | — | ±20% |



CAPACITOR (MICA)

| COLOR (meaning) | 1st (grade) | 2nd (value) | 3rd (value) | 4th (multiplier) | 5th (tolerance) | 6th (characteristic) |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Black | X | 0 | 0 | 10^0 | ±20% | — |
| Brown | — | 1 | 1 | 10^1 | ±1% | B |
| Red | Z | 2 | 2 | 10^2 | ±2% | C |
| Orange | — | 3 | 3 | 10^3 | — | D |
| Yellow | — | 4 | 4 | 10^4 | — | E |
| Green | — | 5 | 5 | — | *±5% | — |
| Blue | — | 6 | 6 | — | — | — |
| Purple | — | 7 | 7 | — | — | — |
| Grey | Y | 8 | 8 | — | — | — |
| White | — | 9 | 9 | 0.1 | ±10% | — |

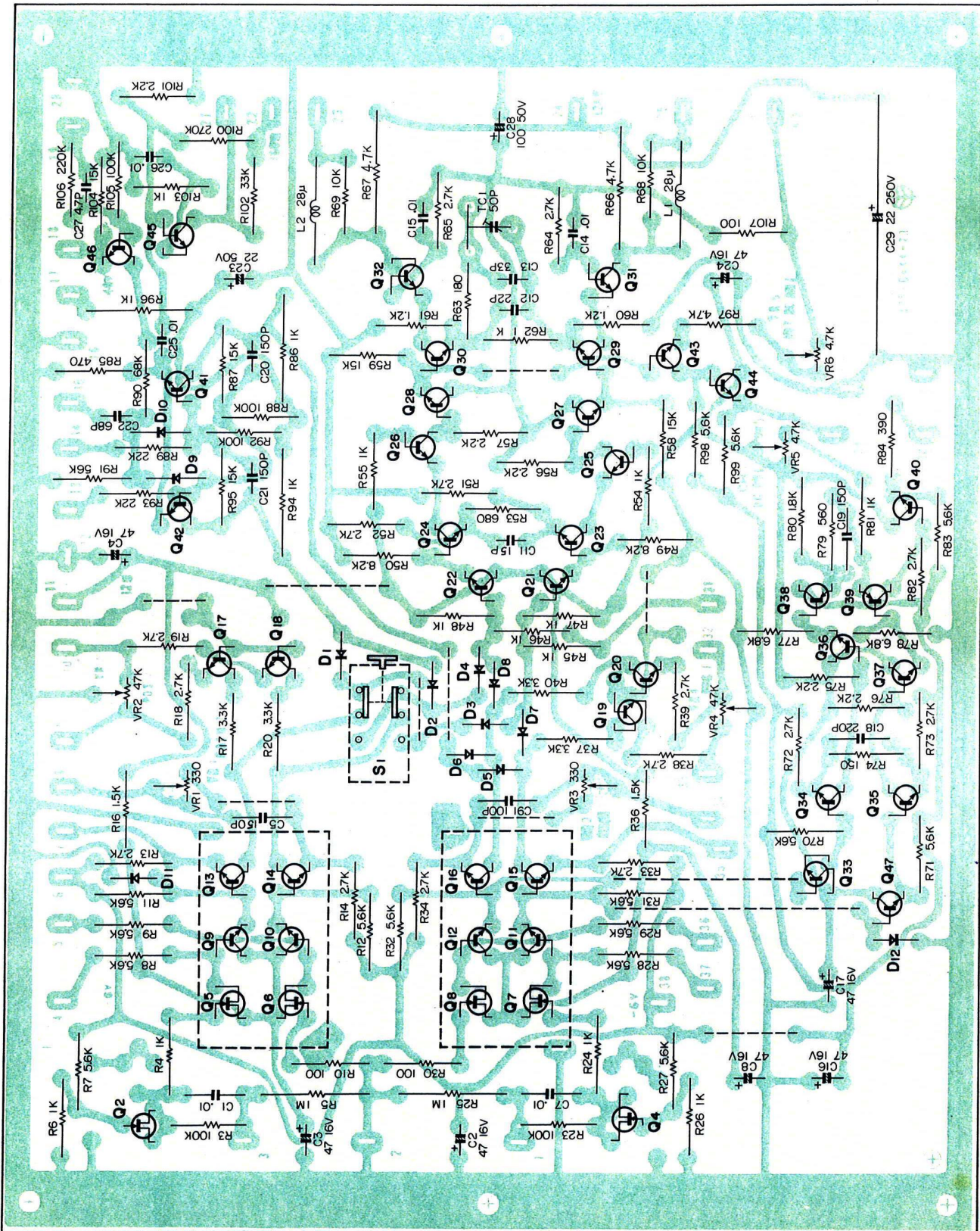


Unit = pF
 * Capacitance being less than 10 pF is ±0.5 pF on tolerance.



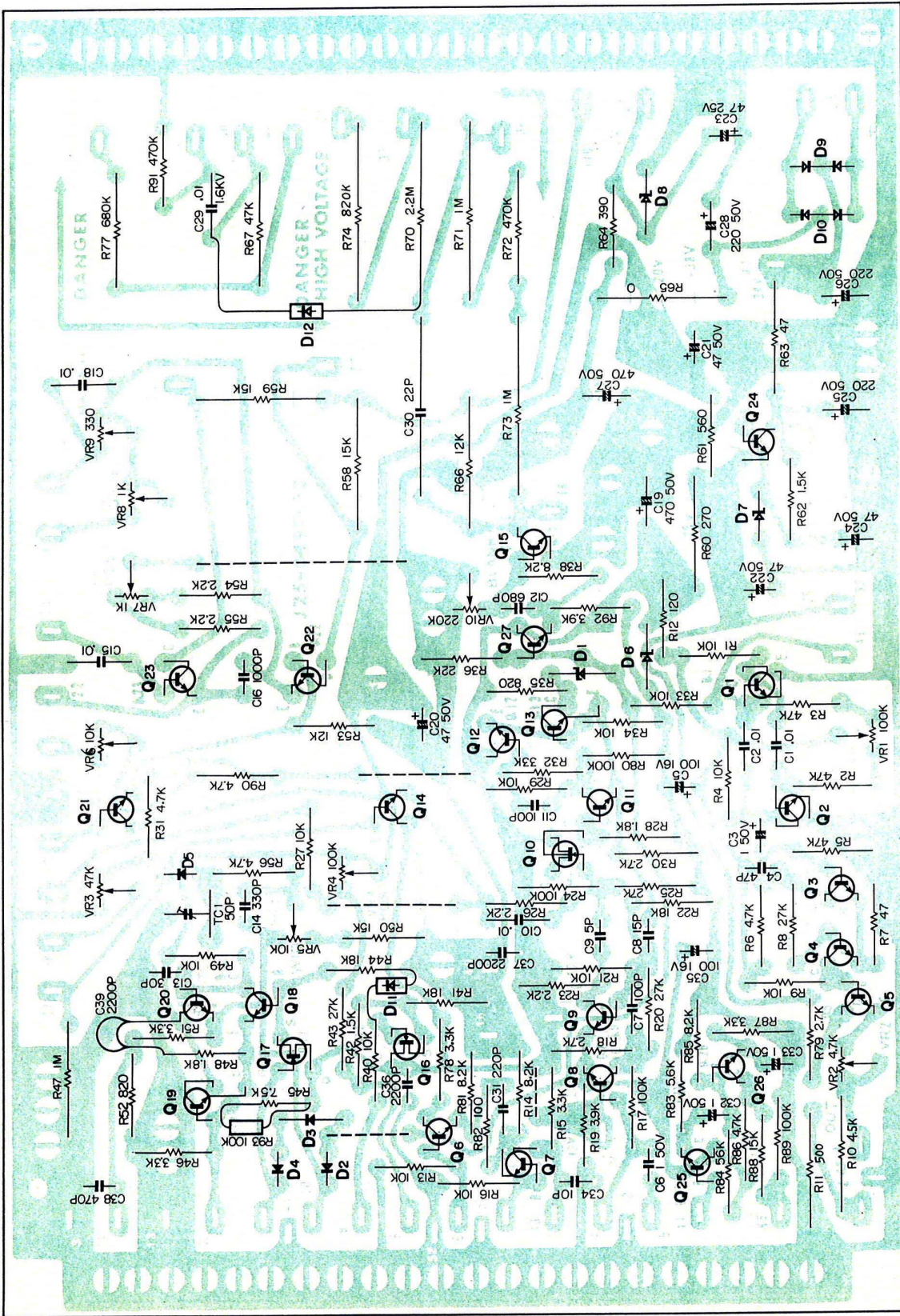
Manufactured by TRIO ELECTRONICS INC., TOKYO, JAPAN.

PC BOARD VERTICAL AMPLIFIER UNIT(X73-0011-00)



Q2,4: 2SK-19-G(1gss), Q5-8: 2SK-30(O), Q9-30,40,44,46,47: 2SC-458(C), Q31,32: 2SC-526, Q33-37: 2SC-458(Y), Q38,39,43: 2SA-562(Y), Q41,42: 2SC-371(R)
 Q45: 2SC-627-2, D1-8,11,12: 1S-1555, D9,10: 1N60

PC BOARD HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER UNIT (X65-0008-01)



Q1: 9, 11-14, 18-21, 27 : 25C371 (R), Q10: 35K22 (GR) Q15, 22-24: 25C627 (2), Q16: 25K30 (GR) Q17: 25K30 (O) D1, 8: ZB1-6, D2, 4, 5: 1S1555, D3: 1N60
 D6: ZB1-12, D7: SZ-200-25, D9: 1S1850, D10: 1S1850R, D11: 1S1555,

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF CS-1554

