

HF SSB transceiver type 9313
Operators handbook



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Codan Part No. 15-04048 Issue 1, June 1994

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1. About this handbook

Who should use this handbook

This handbook is written for the person who installs and operates the Codan 9313 transceiver.

Icons and standards

The following icons and standards have been used throughout this handbook.

This icon...	Means...
	a Warning. If you do not observe the warning you may damage yourself or the equipment.
	a button on the transceiver.
	an antenna symbol used in drawings.
	the end of a subject.



Glossary

AD	Antenna Driver
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PTT	Press To Talk
R	Remote
RFDS	Royal Flying Doctor Service
Rx	Receive
SD	Selective call Decode
Telstra	Telstra (formerly OTC Australia)
Tx	Transmit
USB	Upper Side Band





2. Overview

Your 9313 HF SSB transceiver employs the latest concepts in design and reliability for long range communications. It has been designed for 12V DC operation and mobile installation.

The unit consists of a transceiver and a separate control head which can be located up to 100 metres away from the transceiver.

You operate the transceiver from the control head, which contains sealed membrane switches (or buttons) and a liquid crystal display (LCD). The LCD shows the selected channel number along with the transmit and receive frequencies. In addition, the display shows messages about the operation of the transceiver.

The main facilities and features of the transceiver are:

- channels
- selective call
- scanning.

Channels

Your transceiver has a capacity of 15 channels. These cover:

- transmit frequency range 2 MHz to 24 MHz
- receive frequency range 0.25 MHz to 30 MHz.

15 transmit and receive channels are pre-programmed in the factory. These can be modified by an authorised Codan dealer.

Selective call

This facility allows you to transmit a call to a single transceiver or a group of transceivers.

Your transceiver can store details of up to ten stations that have called you while your transceiver was left unattended.

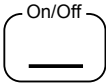
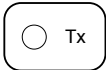





Scanning






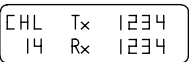

This facility scans selected channels for audio signals. You can program a maximum of 15 channels to be scanned in sequence for audio signals. When a selective call decode is selected, a maximum of eight selective channels can be scanned.

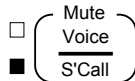
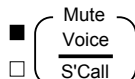
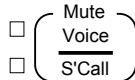



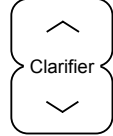
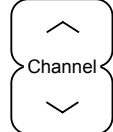


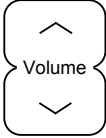
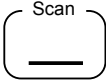
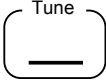
The transceiver control panels

The extended control head transceiver (figure 2.1 on page 2-8) has the following control panel designations:

Item No.	Item	Function
1		Switches the transceiver on or off.
2		The indicator is lit when the transceiver is transmitting.
3		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shows the options programmed for the selected channel exhibited on the LCD. Is used to interrogate received selective call memory. Keys in the number 1.
4		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dims the display and indicators when pressed. Keys in the number 2.
5		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keys in the number 3. Is used for PIN setup.
6		Keys in the number 4.
7		Keys in the number 5.

Item No.	Item	Function
8		Keys in the number 6.
9		Keys in the number 7.
10		Keys in the number 8.
11		Keys in the number 9.
12		Keys in the number 0.
13		Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) shows the channel number and frequency. It also shows messages regarding the operation of the transceiver.
14		Transmits a tone alarm call on selected frequencies operating within the Royal Flying Doctor Service of Australia.



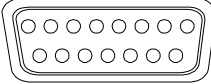


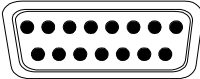


Item No.	Item	Function
15		Mutes all audio until a selective call is received. The indicator is lit when the mute is 'on'.
		Removes normal background noise when there is no audio signal. The indicator is lit when the mute is 'on'.
		Both mutes are off when indicators are not lit.
16		Microphone socket.
17		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Selects beacon call to be sent. • Is used to enter data in setup.
18		Transmits a selective call or beacon call on the selected channel.
19		<p>Raises the received audio frequency in steps of 10 Hz to help clarify the received speech.</p> <p>Reduces the received audio frequency in steps of 10 Hz to help clarify the received speech.</p>
20		<p>Selects the next higher channel.</p> <p>Selects the next lower channel.</p>

Item No.	Item	Function
21		<p>Increases the audio volume.</p> <p>Decreases the audio volume.</p>
22		<p>Selects channel scan.</p>
23		<p>Tunes the antenna (if using an automatic tuning whip antenna).</p>



The transceiver and control head rear panel

The front panel control and extended control head transceivers rear panels (figures 2.2 and 2.3 on page 2-9) show the following items:

Item No.	Item	Function
1		Antenna socket.
2		Earth (ground) screw.
3		Automatic antenna control socket.
4	12 V 	12V DC power lead.
5	L/S 	External 8 ohm loudspeaker socket.
6		Remote control unit socket.
7	RS232 	Serial-input socket used for programming channels via an XP.
8		External alarm.

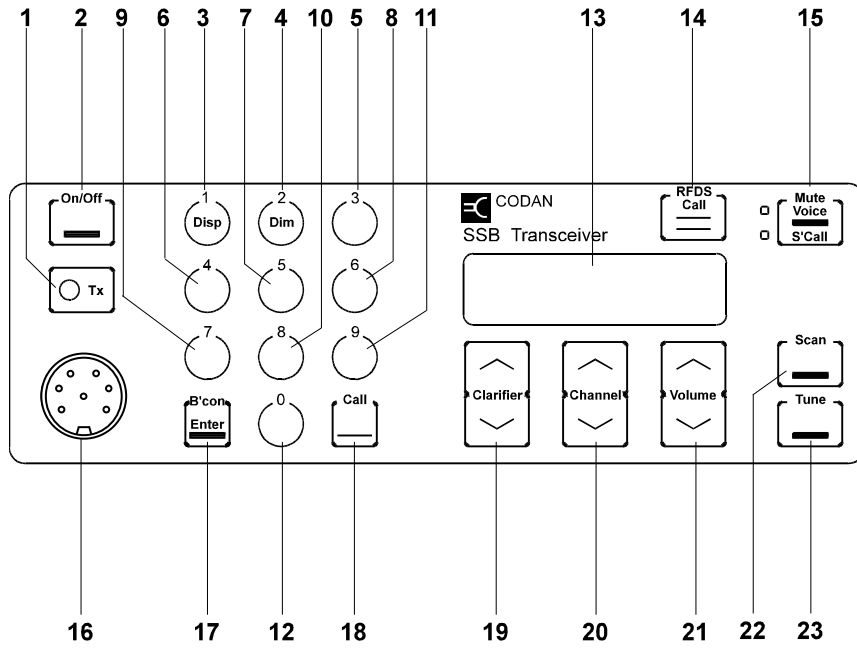


Figure 2.1: The control head front panel

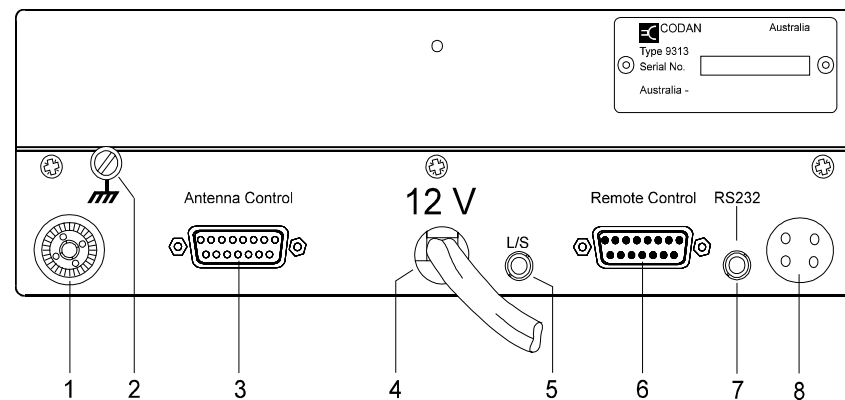


Figure 2.2: The transceiver rear panel

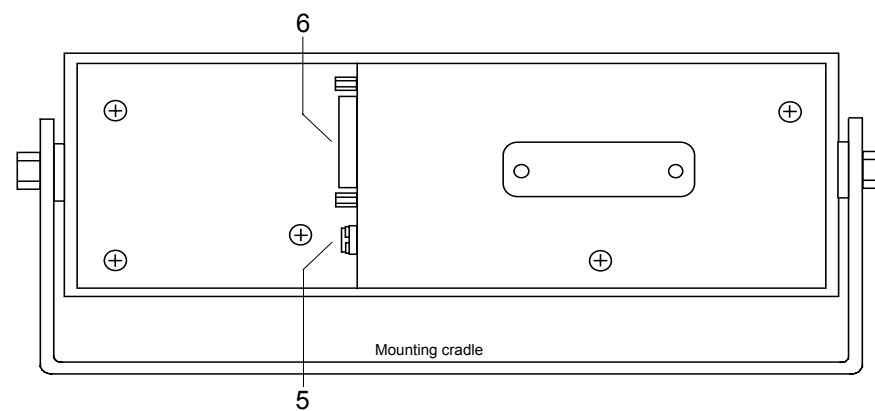


Figure 2.3: The control head rear panel





3. Installation

On receipt of your transceiver, check the contents against the packing list. Ensure all items are available before commencing installation.

The following notes provide guidance to installation but are not intended to be comprehensive procedures. It is recommended that installation is carried out by qualified and experienced personnel.

The installation (figure 3.1) typically consists of a 12V DC power supply (battery) connected to the transceiver; the antenna is connected to the transceiver with coaxial cable and, for auto tuning antennas, with a control cable.

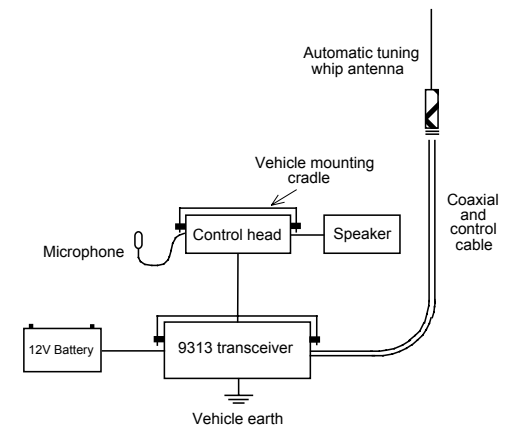


Figure 3.1: Typical mobile installation

Mounting the transceiver



In mobile installations, the transceiver must be mounted in a position that will not cause injury to occupants in the event of a motor vehicle accident.

Mount the transceiver and control head in a position that allows:

- **easy access to the control panel**
- **a free flow of air through the rear cooling fins.**

There are two types of mounting cradles that can be used when installing your transceiver:

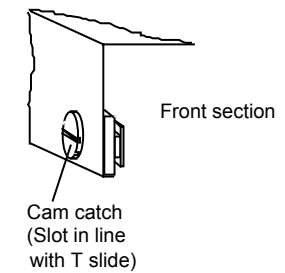
- code 117 mounting cradle—front entry (normally supplied with the 9313)
- code 118 mounting cradle—top/bottom entry.

Both types of cradle (supplied with 6 metres of DC power cable) can be used to mount the transceiver. You must determine the mounting position to best suit your needs.

Code 117 mounting cradle—front entry

- | Step | Action |
|------|---|
| 1. | <p>The cradle can support the transceiver from above or below permitting roof or floor mounting.</p> <p>Secure the mounting cradle into position with the rotating cam catches to the front. Ensure there is sufficient space at the rear of the cradle to take the transceiver heat sink and connectors.</p> |

- | | |
|----|---|
| 2. | Align both cam catch slots with the T-section slides. |
|----|---|



- | | |
|----|---|
| 3. | Insert the transceiver side rails into the T-section slides and push the transceiver fully into the cradle. |
| 4. | Apply gentle pressure to the front panel of the transceiver and lock into the cradle by turning the cam catches one quarter of a turn in either direction with a suitable tool or small coin. |



Code 118 mounting cradle—top/bottom entry

- | Step | Action |
|-------------|---|
| 1. | Secure the mounting cradle into position with its spring clips nearest the front. Ensure there is sufficient space at the rear of the cradle to take the transceiver heat sink and connectors. |
| 2. | Remove the front and rear fixing screws of the transceiver side rails (the centre screw to be left untouched).

Note: Adaptor plates have to be fitted to the transceiver side rails to secure the transceiver to the cradle. |
| 3. | Secure the adaptor plates flush to the transceiver side rails with the new screws provided, and fit one 'O' ring over each projecting stud. The adaptor plates projecting studs fit into the slides in the cradle. |
| 4. | Insert the transceiver adaptor plate studs into the cradle slides and push fully into the cradle. |
| 5. | Secure the transceiver into the cradle with the spring clips. |



Mounting the extended control head



The control head must be connected to the transceiver before power is applied. Failure to do this may result in damage to the transceiver in the following ways:

- **the internal fuse blows and must be replaced**
- **the control head fails to operate. The power must be disconnected from the transceiver and then reconnected and switched on.**

Step	Action
1.	Remove the two cradle screws and washers securing the mounting cradle to the control head.
2.	Secure the mounting cradle into position. Ensure there is sufficient space at the rear of the cradle for the control cable.
3.	Secure the control head to the mounting cradle with the two screws and washers.
4.	Mount the transceiver (refer to <i>Mounting the transceiver</i> on page 3-2).

Step

Action

5. Connect the interface cable between the control head and transceiver. Ensure the cable connectors are securely fastened to the control head and the transceiver.

Notes: If necessary, remove the cover from one connector to pass the cable through restricted openings.

If the cable is too long, gather the excess neatly at one point.

6. Connect the extension speaker cable to either the control head or the transceiver.



Power supply

Ensure that the power supply to operate your transceiver is 12V DC.

All installations should be checked by a qualified technician before power is applied to the transceiver.

The heavy duty six metre length of power cable—supplied with the vehicle mounting cradle for mobile installations—has been selected to minimise the voltage drop between the battery and transceiver when in transmit mode. Installation using a smaller core cable size is not recommended.

All cables should be protected from sharp edges and mechanical abrasions.

For installation it is recommended that a suitable cartridge fuse (32 Amp-accessory code 711) is fitted in the active wire, close to the battery, to protect the power cable from the possible risk of fire through damaged insulation coming in contact with the vehicle chassis. Normal glass in-line automotive fuses are not recommended. The transceiver is fitted with adequate internal protection.

Connect the power cable between the transceiver and the battery.



Note: In extended control installations where the power and control cables are long and follow a common path, keep the cables separated by at least 200 mm. The cables can be brought together for short distances, for example, to pass through the same hole in a bulkhead. Failure to observe this warning will cause distortion of the transmitted audio signals.



Grounding

An adequate ground, or earth, is essential for satisfactory operation of the transceiver.

A chassis ground or earthing position is provided on the rear panel of the transceiver.

The control head should also be earthed.



Antennas

Correct installation of the antennas is of prime importance to the operation of your transceiver.

To obtain the best performance and radiation efficiency from your transceiver installation, it is important to consider the physical location distance from the transceiver and earthing of the antenna.

Detailed and specific installation instructions are provided with each antenna.





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4. Using the transceiver

This section covers the basic steps necessary to operate your transceiver.

It outlines how you use the control buttons to make various adjustments and settings, and includes transmitting and receiving calls.

Throughout this section all displays show examples of channel and frequency numbers. You must insert your selected channel and frequency numbers as appropriate.

Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed throughout this section that:

- the 12V DC power is supplied to your transceiver
- the control head On/Off button is switched on.

Refer to *Switching the transceiver on or off* on page 4-2.

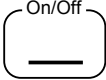

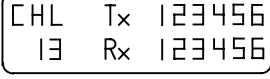
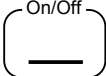
Switching the transceiver on or off

When you switch the transceiver on, the display usually shows the last settings before the transceiver was switched off. If your transceiver has a personal identification number (PIN) allocated, then the display will request you to enter your PIN.

This section covers two methods of switching your transceiver on or off:

- switching on or off without a PIN
- switching on or off with a PIN

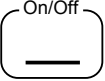
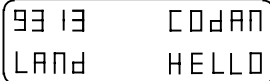



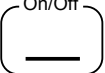
Switching on or off without a PIN

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure power is supplied to your transceiver.		
2.	Press 	You will see this display for one second  and then the last channel and frequencies selected 	The Mute and Mode indicators and the LCD display illuminate. The transceiver is turned on and automatically set to the last channel and volume settings used.
3.	To switch off, press 	The display and indicators go off.	The transceiver is turned off.



Switching on or off with a PIN

It is most important not to forget your PIN, otherwise you will never be able to switch on your transceiver. If this happens, you will have to return your transceiver to Codan for them to delete the allocated number.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure power is supplied to your transceiver.		
2.	To switch on, press 	You will see this display for one second  and then this display 	The Mute and Mode indicators and the LCD display illuminate.
3.	Use the numeric buttons to enter your PIN.		You must enter the correct PIN, otherwise your transceiver will never turn on to the operating mode.
4.	Press 	The display is automatically set to the last channel and volume settings used.	The transceiver is turned on and can now be operated.
5.	To switch off, press 	The display and indicators go off.	The transceiver is turned off.



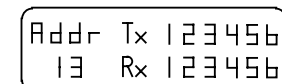
The transceiver display

The display provides you with visual indication of the selected channel numbers, and the transmit and receive frequencies. In addition, it shows you messages that will assist you when operating your transceiver. A detailed description of all the messages can be found in Section 9, *Display messages*.

The display and button legends of the control head are back-lit to give you the clearest view. If necessary, the brightness can be adjusted to suit your needs. Refer to page 4-7, *Dimming the display and indicators*.

This section explains what the option codes mean and how to reveal the option codes on the display.

The display contains two rows of information. Each row is split into three groups. What you see in each group depends on the transceiver mode selected.



```

  Addr Tx | 1 2 3 4 5 6
  Rx      | 1 2 3 4 5 6
  
```

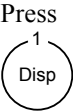
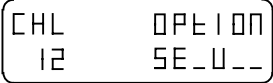
Option codes

Code	Description
S	in the far left hand position indicates that selective call is enabled for this channel.
E	indicates that emergency calling has been enabled for this channel.
U	indicates the upper side band has been enabled for this channel.



Displaying the channel option(s)



There are several channel options that you can select. The display button allows you to check the options that have been selected at factory.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press 		<p>The option bar indicates the options enabled for the channel currently selected.</p> <p>There are six spaces in the option bar that contain either a code (see Option codes) or an underscore (_). An underscore indicates that no function has been enabled.</p>



Dimming the display and indicators

The backlit display and indicators are at maximum brightness when you switch the transceiver on. This procedure explains how to reduce the brightness of the display and indicators.

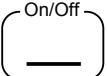
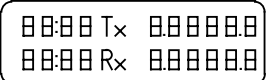

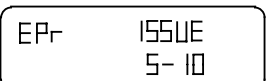
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press 		This reduces the brightness of the indicators and dims the display background lighting. This function does not work when you are in numeric entry mode. Only one dim setting is available.
2.	To restore the brightness, press 		This restores both the display and indicators to their maximum brightness. This function does not work when you are in numeric entry mode.


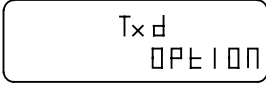
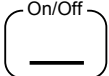


Review the EPROM version and options

This facility allows you to review the EPROM version and some of the options fitted to your transceiver.

This procedure is repeated in Section 9, *Reviewing the EPROM program content*.

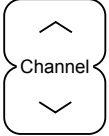
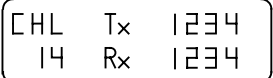
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure your transceiver is switched on.		
2.	Press and hold down On/Off 	 At three second intervals the display changes and shows the following.	Displays lamp test—all segments must be on and all the indicators lit.
			This shows the Program (EPROM) type number (example 90-20542-1). Some indicator lamps will turn off.
			Program (EPROM) issue number. This is an example of EPROM issue 5.10.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
2. cont.			Shows the number of channels programmed by the factory or agent. This can be up to 15.
	The display indicates the option fitted to your transceiver.		d indicates that the transceiver is inhibited from entering transmit frequencies from the control head.
3.	Release 		This switches off your transceiver.



Selecting channels

Using the Channel buttons

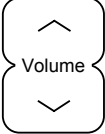
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press either the up or down arrow Channel buttons 	The channel number selected appears in the lower left hand corner of the display, and the transmit and receive frequencies to the right. 	Pressing these buttons moves to the next higher or lower channel. Keep a button pressed to move quickly through the channels.



Adjusting the volume

This procedure tells you how to adjust the volume. When the mute is on, pressing either of the volume buttons opens the mute for approximately one second. This allows you to hear the background noise, thus assisting you to select the correct level.

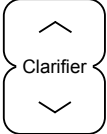
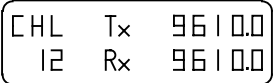
When you switch your transceiver on, the volume level is at the last used setting.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press either the up or down arrow Volume buttons 	The display does not change.	Pressing this button either increases or decreases the volume. You will hear a 'pip' when the volume control has reached its operating limit.



Using the clarifier

The clarifier buttons raise or lower the frequency in steps of 10 Hz. This allows you to fine tune the transceiver to obtain the best clarity for received voice calls.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press either the up or down arrow Clarifier buttons 		Adjust for the best clarity using the Clarifier button. You will hear a 'pip' when the clarifier control has reached its operating limit. Note: the clarifier resets to the middle frequency when you change channels, or switch off.

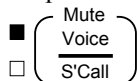
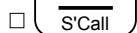


Using the mute control

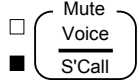
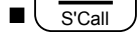
There are two mute functions on the transceiver:

- Voice—this function inhibits background noise until a voice signal is received.
- S'call—this function inhibits background noise until your transceiver has been selectively called.

Voice mute

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	To switch on and off press <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  <input type="checkbox"/> 	The display does not change.	The indicator is lit when this option is selected. Inhibits background noise until a voice call is received.

Selective call mute

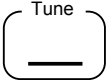


Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	To switch on press <input type="checkbox"/>  <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  until the S'Call indicator is lit.	The display does not change.	The indicator is lit when this option is selected. Inhibits background noise until a selective call is received.

Tuning the antenna

Before using the selected channel, the antenna must be tuned to the transmission frequency. The procedure used to tune the antenna depends upon the type of antenna you are using. This may be:

- an automatic tuning whip antenna
- a multi-frequency tapped whip antenna.

Automatic tuning whip antenna

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Select the required channel.		Refer to page 4-10, <i>Selecting channels</i> .
2.	Press 	<p>If tuning was successful</p>  <p>If tuning was unsuccessful</p> 	<p>The Tx indicator will be lit during this procedure.</p> <p>You will hear ‘pips’ while the antenna is tuning.</p> <p>Once tuned successfully you will hear two high pitched ‘pips’.</p> <p>If tuning is unsuccessful you will hear two low pitched tones. For further information, refer to the antenna handbook.</p>



Multi-frequency tapped whip antenna

For specific details on how to use the antenna, refer to the relevant antenna handbook.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Select the correct tap on the antenna to match the transmit frequency.	The display does not change.	<p>The antenna will either have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the frequency printed next to the tap • a number that corresponds to a frequency on the list supplied with the antenna.



Transmitting

It is important when transmitting to use the microphone to its best advantage. By following the notes under *Using the microphone* you will obtain the best transmission results. This section covers two topics:

- using the microphone
- transmitting a message.

Using the microphone

To connect the microphone to the transceiver, push the microphone plug gently into the microphone socket and fasten the locking ring finger-tight. Do not over tighten.

Please observe the following notes when using the microphone.

- Hold the microphone front-on and close to your mouth.
- Press and hold down the PTT (Press To Talk) button.
- When starting a transmission, always state the call sign of the person you are addressing and then your own call sign.
- Speak clearly at normal volume and rate.
- Use the word ‘over’ to indicate you have finished speaking and release the PTT button.
- The transceiver has a ‘time out’ facility that stops the transmission after a pre-set period. This facility prevents problems occurring if you have jammed the PTT button down. The time out period can be adjusted to suit your requirements—refer to Section 8, *Changing the setup options*.



Transmitting a message

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...												
1.	Select a channel for transmission.	The display shows the channel number and the transmit (Tx) and receive (Rx) frequencies.	Refer to page 4-10, <i>Selecting channels</i> .												
2.	Check the display to see if the channel transmit frequency has been enabled.	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <table style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">[HL</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Tx</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">4321</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">12</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Rx</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">4321</td> </tr> </table> </div> <p>If the display shows 'inhib' then the channel frequency is receive only.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <table style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">[HL</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Tx</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">i n h i b</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">15</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">Rx</td> <td style="padding: 2px 10px;">3600</td> </tr> </table> </div>	[HL	Tx	4321	12	Rx	4321	[HL	Tx	i n h i b	15	Rx	3600	<p>If the channel has been enabled, continue with step 3.</p> <p>If not and the display shows 'inhib' then you will have to select another channel on which to transmit.</p>
[HL	Tx	4321													
12	Rx	4321													
[HL	Tx	i n h i b													
15	Rx	3600													
3.	Tune the antenna.		Refer to page 4-14, <i>Tuning the antenna</i> .												
4.	Listen and check that the channel is free from traffic.														

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
5.	Press the PTT button on the microphone and commence talking. Transmit your message following the notes outlined in <i>Using the microphone</i> on page 4-16.		The Tx indicator flashes during transmission.





5. Using selective call

Selective call allows you to call an individual transceiver or a group of transceivers. This can be likened to a normal telephone system where the called station has a unique calling address or number. However, the operator can also call a group of stations if desired.

Each transceiver has its own identification number. The identification number is a four digit code that you program into the transceiver using the control head buttons.

The selective call feature operates by the transmission and reception of coded signals. These signals contain the identification number of the transceiver being called (the called address) and the number of the transceiver making the call (the self-identification).

All displays in this section show examples of channel and frequency numbers. You must insert your selected channel and frequency numbers.

Selective call terms

The following terms are used in this section.

This term...	Means...
Decoding	Receiving and translating the encoded message.
Encode	The translation of the identification number and instructions into a coded message for transmission.
Group call	A call to all transceivers within a selected group. For example, a call using the identification address 0200 (group call) will be received by all transceivers whose identification address falls in the two hundred digit range (0201 to 0299).
Preamble	Part of the coded selective call message structure which is transmitted when you press the Call button. The message contains the preamble tone which precedes the called address and the self-identification address codes.
Program	Setting the identification addresses into the transceiver.
Revertive Signal	A signal automatically transmitted back from the receiving transceiver to indicate message received and decoded satisfactorily. This signal does not apply to group calls.
Selective beacon call	A call used to check signal conditions to a selected station.

This term...	Means...
Self-identification	The four digit identification number of the calling transceiver.
Station	A term used for the location of a transceiver, either mobile or fixed based.



Setting up selective call

There are several features that need to be set up before selective call is used:

- the preamble time period
- the called address
- the self-identification address
- the 99 beacon.

You may cancel the procedure at any time by turning the transceiver off. Turning the transceiver off stores any changes you made to the features.

Once you have commenced this procedure, if no action is required you can skip through all the features by repeatedly pressing the Call button.


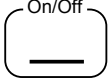

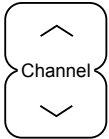

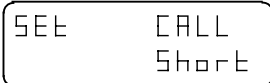
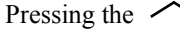
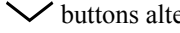

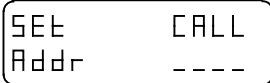
Notes: A long preamble is required when scanning selective calls.

The reason for a long preamble is that during scanning, the preamble has to be present throughout the time it takes to scan all eight selective call channels.

Do not use identification addresses ending in '00' and '99' as they are used for the group call and beacon facilities.

You must always enter information within 60 seconds of pressing the Enter button, otherwise the transceiver reverts back to the normal mode.

Setting the preamble time period





Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure your transceiver is switched off.		
2.	Hold down  and press 		Hold the Call button down for approximately three seconds. This turns the transceiver on and into the preamble setup mode.
3.	Press  to set the preamble length.	 or 	Pressing the  or  buttons alternates between a long or short preamble.
4.	Press 		Once enter has been pressed, the preamble time has been set and can only be changed by repeating this procedure. If your transceiver has the preset selective calling switches fitted, proceed to step 6.

Setting the fixed called address



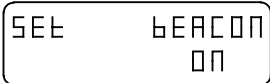
There are two ways of entering the called address:

- a) as below, which is fixed and cannot be changed easily
- b) by the method used on page 5-11, *Transmitting a selective call* (Open access selective call) which allows the address to be entered from the front panel and is easy to change to call another transceiver.

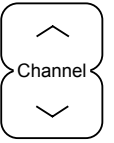
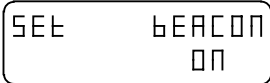
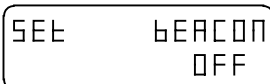


Note: by setting a fixed called address the normal function of Call will change. If a fixed call address has been set, pressing Call will automatically send the programmed address. Open access selective calling is disabled.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
5.	Use the numeric buttons to enter the called address number. To delete an address, enter four zeros.		You can override an existing address by entering a new number.
6.	Press  		Once Enter has been pressed, the called address has been set and can only be changed by repeating this procedure. The next step must be completed within 60 seconds.

Setting the self-identification address

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
7.	Use the numeric buttons to enter the self-identification address number. To delete an address, enter four zeros.		You can override an existing address by entering a new number.
8.	Press 		Once Enter has been pressed, the self-identification address has been set and can only be changed by repeating this procedure. The next step must be completed within 60 seconds.




Enabling the beacon mode

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
9.	Press  to switch the beacon on or off.	 or 	Repeatedly pressing the  or  buttons switches the beacon on and off. For more information on this feature, refer to page 5-20, <i>Using the beacon feature</i> .



Checking if a channel is enabled for selective call


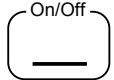

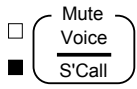

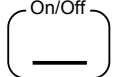
A channel must be enabled for the selective call facility to operate. If the channel you wish to use has not been enabled, please contact your Codan dealer.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press and hold 		An S in the left hand position of the options bar indicates that the channel is enabled for selective calling.
2.	Release 		The display will return to its original display in approximately one second.



Selective call mute enable or inhibit

This facility enables or inhibits the operation of the S'call Mute function. When S'call Mute is inhibited, you cannot operate selective call mute.

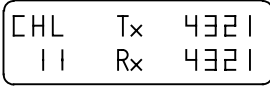


Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Turn the transceiver off and move the front panel link to position 1.	No display.	Before moving the link, note its original position. Refer to Section 8, <i>Changing the position of the control head link.</i>
2.	Hold down  and press 	Hold the Mute button down until the display shows 	Repeatedly pressing Mute will switch between Enable and inhibit (inhibit).
3.	Press 		Stop at the selection you require.
4.	Press 	No display.	The transceiver is now switched off.



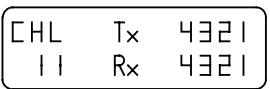
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
5.	Return the control head link to its original position E.		Refer to Section 8, <i>Changing the position of the control head link.</i>
6.	Replace the cover before switching on your transceiver.		



Transmitting a selective call

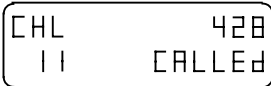
For selective call to operate you must have your self-identification number programmed, refer to *Setting the self-identification address* on page 5-7.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Select the channel.		<p>Ensure the channel is enabled for selective calls.</p> <p>Press the 'Disp' button to view the enabled options.</p>
2.	Press <input type="checkbox"/> Mute <input type="checkbox"/> Voice <input type="checkbox"/> S'Call to turn the Mute button to the off position.	The display does not change.	The indicator turns off and you hear background noise.
3.	Press 		<p>The screen displays the 4-digit address of the station you last called on this channel (1374 in this example).</p> <p>No address is displayed if this channel has never been used for making selective calls.</p> <p>If the address is correct, go to step 5.</p>

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
4.	Use the numeric buttons to enter the address of the station you want to call.		In this example, you are calling station 1144.
5.	Check that the channel is free from traffic.	The display does not change.	Listen for approximately 10 seconds to ensure the channel is free. If the channel is busy, wait until the channel is free or try another channel.
6.	Press 	The display does not change.	The Tx indicator is lit and you hear a 'warbling' sound for approximately 10 seconds.
7.	If the other station received your call successfully, you hear the short tones of the revertive signal after a few seconds.		You hear nothing if this is a group call. You can now speak to the other station.



Receiving a selective call

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	No action. The transceiver automatically completes this event.	 <p>When you receive a call the display changes to show you the self-identification address of the calling station.</p>	<p>When you receive a call, tones will be heard on the loudspeaker.</p> <p>You will hear a series of three telephone rings for selective calls, and 16 short 'beeps' for group calls.</p>

Notes: On receipt of a call you have two options:

- either answer it immediately. Refer to *Answering a received call* on page 5-15
- let the transceiver automatically store the caller's self-identification number in memory to await your reply, refer to *Returning a received call* on page 5-16.

If your transceiver was unattended at the time the selective call was received, the callers self-identification number is stored in memory for you to review at a later time. Refer to *Reviewing the list of received calls in memory* on page 5-17.

If you do not answer the call immediately, once the call is stored in memory your transceiver will continue to give out 'pips' every four seconds to indicate that a call has been received. If you wish to silence these 'pips', yet still retain the display, press the 'Disp' button.

If you only wish to receive selective calls, ensure the S'Call Mute indicator is lit.

Notes: If the microphone PTT button is not pressed before the end of the tones:


(cont.)

- the called display will remain on to indicate that a call was received
- a 'pip' will be heard every four seconds
- the external alarm relay contacts will close for approximately two minutes (refer to page 5-26, *Using the external alarm feature*).



Answering a received call

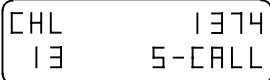



This procedure is used when you want to answer a call that has just been received while your transceiver is still producing a ringing tone.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	The display shows the channel number and the identification address of the caller.		
2.	Press the microphone PTT button twice in succession.	The display either reverts back to the normal display or shows the details of the next (if any) unanswered calls.	<p>The first press of the PTT button cancels the call and the S'call mute.</p> <p>The second press of the PTT button allows you to transmit to the caller.</p>



Returning a received call

This procedure is used when you want to return a call that has been stored in the memory stack.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Select the call you wish to return. If necessary, tune the antenna.	 <p>The display shows the channel number and the identification address of the caller.</p>	Refer to <i>Reviewing the list of received calls in memory</i> on page 5-17.
2.	Press 		The call details are now deleted from memory, but ready to transmit.
3.	Check that the channel is free from traffic, then press 	The display shows the details of the next unanswered call.	<p>The transceiver sends the selective call and the transmit indicator will light.</p> <p>If the call is answered, proceed to use the transceiver in the normal way.</p> <p>The caller details are deleted when you press the PTT button on the microphone.</p>



Reviewing the list of received calls in memory

Your transceiver is able to record up to 10 calls in memory from various stations. These may be on different channels if your transceiver is in scan mode. These calls are recorded in a memory stack awaiting your review. If a station calls more than once on the same channel, your transceiver only records one of the calls. If more than 10 calls are made to your transceiver, the first call stored in memory is deleted to make room for the latest call.

Ensure your transceiver is not in the scan mode before commencing this procedure.



A loss of power to your transceiver will delete information stored in memory. Ensure you record or use all the information stored in the memory stack before switching off the transceiver.

Notes: If the transceiver power is lost momentarily (such as during starting the vehicle engine), the call memory is retained but the number is lost.

Switching the transceiver off using the On/Off button deletes all calls stored in the memory stack.

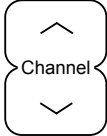



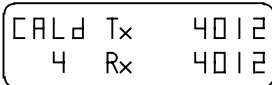

The Disp button is used to review the list of received calls held in the memory.

Reviewing calls held in memory

This procedure allows you to review all calls held in the memory in the order received. Ensure the transceiver is not in scan mode when reviewing the list of selective calls received.

If no calls have been made to your transceiver, the display will continue to show both the channel and frequency numbers.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	<p>No action, this is what you will see on the display of your transceiver.</p> <p>If your transceiver is scanning, and as it is not on the channel that called, the display will show 'CALd'.</p>	 	<p>The last call recorded will be shown in the display.</p>
2.	<p>To view the calls held in memory, press</p> <p>twice within one second.</p>		<p>The first station to call will be displayed first.</p> <p>The display shows the callers identification code (1374) and the channel used (3).</p>

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
3.	Press either the up or down arrow Channel buttons 		Pressing  will change the display to show the next call, and  will reverse the order viewed. The identification address and corresponding channel number will change for each caller.
4.	If you wish to return a call, refer to <i>Returning a received call</i> on page 5-16.		
5.	To delete a call, press the PTT button on the microphone.	The display will show the next caller's details.	When you press the PTT button, the identification number in the display is deleted from memory. You can then select, call or clear the remainder of the calls from memory.
6.	If you don't clear all the calls, the display will show 'CALd' until memory is empty.		If you are on the channel where the call was recorded, the display shown in step 1 will be on view.
7.	Press 	The display shows the standard display.	This returns the transceiver to normal operation.



Using the beacon feature

The beacon facility is used to check signal conditions between two transceivers fitted with selective call.

The beacon facility has two modes of operation:

- selective beacon mode
- base station (99) beacon mode.

Selective beacon mode

With the beacon facility enabled on a transceiver, it will transmit a beacon signal on receipt of a selective beacon call from another transceiver. Refer to the *Selective beacon mode* procedure on page 5-22.

Both transceivers must be on the same channel, or the receiver of the selective beacon call must be scanning through the same channel.

(99) beacon mode

The 99 beacon mode is recommended for use in base station applications and for those transceivers that may have operating selective call but do not have the beacon mode facility.

With a base station enabled for beacon mode, it will transmit a beacon signal on receipt of a selective call ending in 99. Refer to the *(99) beacon mode* procedure on page 5-24.

The thousand and hundred digits of the address must be the same for both the beacon transmitting and receiving stations.

If mobile transceivers have the beacon enabled, the first two digits of each mobile transceiver's self-identification address should be set to a different number so that they do not all transmit a beacon response together.

General information for both modes of operation

The beacon signal consists of four long tones.





Self-identification addresses ending in 99 should be avoided as these will cause confusion.


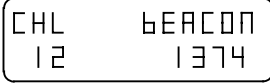
No alarm or call is recorded at the receiving transceiver, only the Tx indicator flashes.

If the receiving transceiver is in scan mode, the scan sequence recommences immediately.

Normal selective call operation is not affected.




Selective beacon mode



Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure your transceiver is switched on.	The last channel selected.	
2.	Select the required test channel and tune the antenna.		Refer to Section 4, <i>Selecting channels</i> .
3.	Press  		When this button is pressed, the S'call Mute is automatically switched off.
4.	Use the numeric buttons to enter the required selective call address number.		This allows you to send a selective call to a station whose address number is 1374.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
5.	Check that the channel is free from traffic, then press 	 <p>Immediately when the call is received, the display shows the last channel, transmit and receive frequencies used.</p>	<p>The transmit indicator will be lit and you will hear a warbling sound for approximately 10 seconds. If the call is successfully decoded you will hear four long reverberate tones.</p> <p>You can check these tones for signal strength and compare them with signal strengths from other channels. Select the channel giving the best return signal strength.</p>



(99) beacon mode

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure your transceiver is switched on.	The last channel selected.	
2.	Select the required test channel and tune the antenna.		Refer to Section 4, <i>Selecting channels</i> .
3.	Press 		When this button is pressed, the S'call Mute is automatically switched off.
4.	Use the numeric buttons to enter the required selective call number. Use the first two digits of the stations self identification number and ensure the last two are 99.		This will send a signal to the base station enabled for beacon call, whose four digit self-identification address begins with 13.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
5.	Check that the channel is free from traffic, then press 	 Immediately after the call is received, the display shows the last channel, transmit and receive frequencies used.	The transmit indicator will be lit and you will hear a warbling sound for approximately 10 seconds. If the call is successfully decoded you will hear four long reverting tones. You can check these tones for signal strength and compare them with signal strengths from other channels. Select the channel giving the best return signal strength.



Using the external alarm feature

If your transceiver has option SD fitted, an external alarm facility is made available through the external alarm socket on the rear panel (refer to figure 2.2).

A pair of relay contacts are wired to the socket, which close for two minutes when your transceiver receives a selective call. The relay contacts can be used to operate an alarm bell or buzzer.

- Relay contact rating: 50V DC, 1 Amp
- Plug connections: pins 2 and 3.

Further details on the socket can be found in Section 10.



These contacts must not be used to switch voltages greater than 50V, or loads that draw more than 1 Amp.





CODAN

6. Using the receiver in scan mode

In the receiver scan mode your transceiver is able to listen into selected channels for transmitted signals. Once a signal has been detected, the transceiver holds that channel for a pre-selected time before continuing with the scan. This is determined at setup.

In normal operating conditions, a maximum of 15 channels can be programmed to be scanned in sequence for audio (voice) signals. A maximum of 8 selective call channels can also be included but must be programmed within the first eight entries.

The scanning facilities can only be used with a suitable antenna system. Mobile installations require a Codan automatic tuning whip antenna.

It is assumed that before you use any of the procedures in this section, you have turned on the transceiver unless otherwise requested.

All displays in this section show examples of channel and frequency numbers. You must insert your selected channel and frequency numbers.

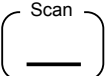
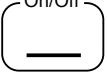

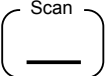

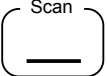
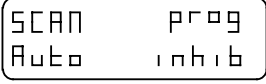




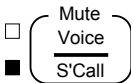
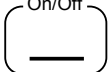
Setting up the scan mode

The scan program allows your transceiver to scan a selected number of frequencies. Your transceiver also has the option to run in normal or Auto-scan mode. The Auto-scan mode automatically puts the transceiver back into scan after five minutes of inactivity (such as no channel change, PTT, tune etc.). These scan facilities have two options:

- Enabled—scan programs can be entered and deleted from the control head.
- Inhibit—scan programs cannot be entered or deleted from the control head.

The transceiver has to be turned off before you start this procedure.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Hold down  and press 	Hold down the Scan button until the display shows 	This turns the transceiver on, and into the scan setup mode.
2.	Press 		Each press of the Scan button scrolls to the next option. If this is the option you want, go to step 6.
3.	Press 		Switches to Auto option. If this is the option you want, go to step 6.



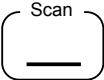
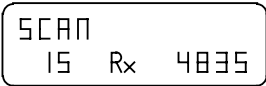
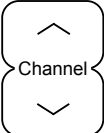
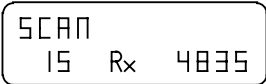
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
4.	Press  Pressing the Scan button again returns you to the display in step 1.		Switches from inhib to Enable.
<p>Note: If you select automatic scanning, you now have the option of selecting Selective Call Mute to be enabled as soon as you enter the automatic scan mode. If you wish to select this option then continue with step 5, if not, go to step 6.</p>			
5.	Press 	The display does not change.	The S'Call indicator is lit. You have now selected selective call mute to be enabled as soon as you enter the automatic scan mode.
6.	Press 	No display.	Your selection has been made and the transceiver is now switched off.

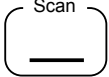
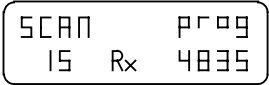




Programming the channels to be scanned

In normal operating conditions, a maximum of 15 channels can be programmed to be scanned in sequence for audio (voice) signals. Channels required to operate on a selective call must be programmed within the first eight entries.

Ensure your transceiver is switched on and scan program has been enabled.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press   and then  within one second.		The Scan indicator flashes. Any previous channels programmed to be scanned will be erased.
2.	Select the relevant channel. Press 		Refer to Section 4, <i>Selecting channels</i> . Channels required to operate on selective call must be enabled.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
3.	Press 		The channel is programmed for scanning. Repeat this procedure until all channels you want to scan have been programmed.
4.	Press  and then  within one second.		The channels you have programmed are now set within the transceiver.

Notes: If an error is made, the programming mode must be switched off (follow step 4), and the procedure repeated.

If you try to program more than 15 entries, you hear a single low-pitched tone and the error message 'scan full' displays.

The channel entries can be reviewed while in the scan programming mode. Use the channel button to scroll through the channels. Any channel in the scan program is indicated by 'prog' on the display (as shown in step 3 above).

The scan program can be inhibited, refer to *Setting up the scan mode* on page 6-2.

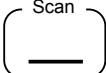


Receiving in scan mode

This procedure covers three topics when receiving in scan mode:

- start scanning
- stop scanning
- changing the scan mode.

Start scanning

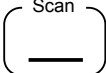
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press 	The display shows details of each channel as it is scanned.	The Scan indicator will be displayed during scanning.

Notes: You cannot transmit while the transceiver is in the scan mode. If you attempt to transmit, you will hear a single 'pip' and the error message 'No PTT Error' will be displayed.

If you need to transmit, you must stop the scanning operation.



Stop scanning

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press  or press the microphone PTT button twice in succession.	The display shows the last channel scanned.	The Scan indicator is no longer displayed.

Note: If you only press the PTT button once, the display shows 'NO PTT Error'

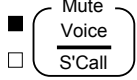


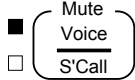
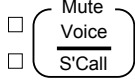
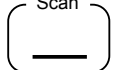
Changing the scan mode

There are three voice scan mode options available to you which can be selected by repeatedly pressing the Mute button. Your transceiver must be in scan mode to complete this operation (refer to *Receiving in scan mode* on page 6-6).

- Pause scanning. Scanning stops for five seconds when an audio signal is detected.
- Hold scanning. Scanning stops when an audio signal is detected, and continues only when the signal ceases.
- Continuous scanning. Each channel is monitored for one second. Scanning continues regardless of any audio signals being detected.

Note: scan modes operate for both voice and selective call reception

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure the transceiver is in the Scan mode.	The display shows the frequencies as they are scanned.	The Scan button indicator will be lit in the Scan mode. Refer to <i>Receiving in scan mode</i> on page 6-6.
2.	Pause scanning Press once 		You will hear a single 'pip' and the Voice indicator will be lit. If you want <i>Hold scanning</i> , go to step 3. To exit this mode go to step 5.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
3.	Hold scanning Press again 		You will hear two 'pips' and the Voice indicator will be lit. If you want <i>Continuous scanning</i> , go to step 4. To exit this mode go to step 5.
4.	Continuous scanning Press again 		You will hear a single 'pip' and the Voice indicator will be off.
5.	To exit this mode, press 		



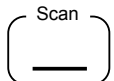
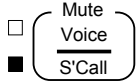
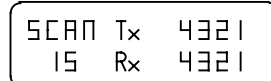
Using selective call in scan mode

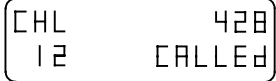
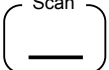
Selective call scanning ensures that you are only alerted when the incoming calls are specifically addressed to you.

This facility also allows the transceiver to store in memory the addresses of up to ten stations that may have tried to contact the transceiver whilst it was unattended. These addresses may have been transmitted over any of the programmed channels.

The first eight channels of the scan are used for selective call scanning.

For networks using this facility, it is important for the calling station to transmit a long preamble. For more details on selective calling, refer to Section 5, *Using selective call*.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Press 	The display shows each channel as it is scanned.	The Scan indicator will be lit.
2.	Press  button until S'Call indicator is lit.		<p>On detection of a call, scanning stops until the call is decoded. If the call is addressed to your transceiver you will hear a series of three telephone rings followed by 'pips' every four seconds.</p> <p>If the call is not addressed to your transceiver, the scan continues.</p>

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
3.	<p>If the call is addressed to the transceiver the display changes.</p> <p>Every time an addressed call is detected, the display will repeat the same message with the appropriate channel frequency.</p>		<p>If the call is not answered immediately, the scanning stops for 2½ minutes and you will hear 'pips' every 4 seconds.</p> <p>After this period of time the transceiver carries on scanning.</p>
4.	<p>To stop scanning press</p> 		<p>The scan indicator longer displays.</p>





7. RFDS and Telstra services

This section describes how you can use your 9313 transceiver to access the following remote area safety organisations:

- the Royal Flying Doctor Service (RFDS)
- Telstra (formerly OTC).

It briefly covers the services offered by each organisation and details the procedures required to use these services.

Selected channel frequencies for both services should be programmed into the transceiver. Make sure the frequencies are effective for operation in the area you will be in.

The Royal Flying Doctor Service

The Royal Flying Doctor Service (RFDS) is a vital communications link in the Australian outback. Apart from maintaining contact and a listening watch for medical services, the organisation also provides general communication facilities which includes radiotelephone and lettergram services.

Each base station is allotted with a unique range of channel frequencies, some of which may be used to provide a day and night communications watch for medical aid and assistance.

It is most important before making a trip, or entering into an area covered by a base station, that the listening watch frequencies and operating times are known. Your transmission may never be heard if you have chosen the wrong channel to make a call for help.

How to contact the RFDS

To contact an RFDS base station, select the station primary frequency and tune the antenna. Before transmitting, check that the channel is not being used and follow the procedure in section 4, *Transmitting*.

Emergency communications

Each RFDS base station has its own specified times for routine medical consultation. If during normal RFDS base station hours medical advice is required and cannot wait until the routine medical session, you should:

- wait until the first quiet moment on the frequency
- transmit and call the base station by call sign, give your own call sign and mention that this is an urgent medical call.

On receipt of this call, the RFDS base station will deal only with the outstation seeking medical advice. If the frequency is heavily congested with traffic and there are no quiet periods, the above medical call should be preceded by a 20 second RFDS emergency alarm call.

If medical assistance is required at a time when the RFDS base station is normally closed, at night or at weekends, follow the procedure on page 7-4, *Making an RFDS emergency call*.

If the RFDS base station has heard your call it will respond within two minutes with a transmitted tone – you can be assured that either the local hospital or police station has been notified that you are in need of assistance. RFDS staff will respond within five minutes of the call being transmitted and will ask the station making the emergency call to identify itself. You must then respond by following the procedure *Making an RFDS emergency call* on page 7-4.


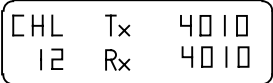

RFDS and St Johns Ambulance Stations

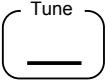
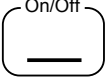
Control Station	Call Sign	Telephone
Alice Springs	VJD	(089) 52 1033
Broken Hill	VJC	(080) 88 0777
Cairns	VJN	(070) 53 1952 (070) 53 1954
Carnarvon	VJT	(099) 41 1758
Charleville	VJJ	(076) 54 1233
Derby	VJB	(091) 91 1211
Kalgoorlie	VJQ	(090) 21 2211
Meekatharra	VKJ	(099) 81 1107
Mount Isa	VJI	(077) 43 2800
Port Augusta	VNZ	(086) 42 2044
Port Hedland	VKL	(091) 73 1386
St Johns (Darwin)	VJY	(089) 45 2455



Making an RFDS emergency call

The RFDS Call button is used in Australia to call the Royal Flying Doctor Service. This button will only function if the selected channel is enabled for emergency calls.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Select the correct RFDS channel for the base station required, then tune the antenna.		Refer to section 4, <i>Tuning the antenna</i> .
2.	Press and hold  Hold down the button until the emergency tone starts after the two seconds of 'pips'.		The 'pips' warn you that the call is about to be made. If you release the button before the emergency tone starts, no call is made. The emergency tone continues for 20 seconds. During this period the Tx indicator is lit.
3.	If you hear a single low pitched beep and the display shows 'Not Enable', the channel is not an RFDS frequency and cannot be used for an emergency call.		Try again and select a correct RFDS channel.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
4.	Wait for a reply before transmitting your message.	The display does not change.	<p>If the call was received by an attended RFDS base, they will reply immediately.</p> <p>If the call was received by an unattended RFDS base, they will transmit a tone within two minutes.</p> <p>If the tone call is not received, you should try again or go to another channel.</p>
5.	<p>To cancel a call during the 20 second transmission time either press</p>  <p>,</p> <p>the PTT switch on the microphone or the</p>  <p>button.</p>		



Telstra Radphone Service

Telstra Mobile Satellite and Radio Services (formerly OTC Maritime) provide the 9313 transceiver user with the ability to access the public switched telephone network (PSTN) at any time of the day or night. This brings the convenience of home or office to the outback traveller through the radio telephone facility of your transceiver and the Telstra organisation. Calls can be transmitted or received just like a normal telephone.

The services provided by Telstra include:

- Radphone Direct Dial for direct dialling (service not available to 9313 users)
- Radphone Selcall operator connected telephone calls for registered selcall users
- Radphone operator connected for non-registered selcall users.

To register for 'Radphone Selcall' and for details of other Telstra services, you are recommended to contact the Telstra Customer Service Centre on Freecall 1800 810 023 or (02) 901 2103.

Calling a Telstra station can be accomplished using the selective call facility (which is recommended) or by voice on the appropriate Telstra channel.

It is most important that the correct frequency is selected for initial contact with a Telstra station as a listening watch is only kept on the 'voice calling' channels.

For further reading and information you are recommended to obtain a copy of the Telstra 'Radphone Users Guide'.



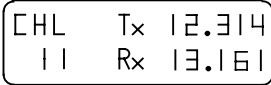
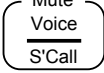
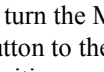
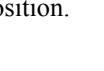
Transmitting a Telstra selective call





This procedure explains how to contact a Telstra station selectively to initiate a telephone call through the Telstra Radphone operator using the ‘Radphone Selcall’ and ‘Radphone’ services.

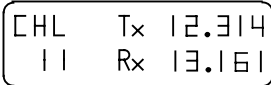
It is assumed your transceiver has been programmed with your self-identification number issued by Telstra Customer Service Centre.

Ensure your transceiver is switched on before commencing this operation and the antenna is tuned on the selected monitored (selcall) channel, refer to *Tuning the antenna* in section 4.

Before making a telephone call, it is often beneficial to make a beacon call to assess the best channel to use. Refer to *Transmitting a Telstra beacon call* on page 7-10.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Select the channel.		<p>Ensure the channel is enabled for selective calls.</p> <p>Press the ‘Disp’ button to view the enabled options.</p>
2.	Press <input type="checkbox"/>  <input type="checkbox"/>  <input type="checkbox"/>  to turn the Mute button to the off position.	The display does not change.	The indicator turns off and you hear background noise.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
3.	Press Call 		The screen displays the 4-digit address of the station you last called on this channel (1374 in this example). No address is displayed if this channel has never been used for making selective calls. If the address is correct, go to step 5.
4.	Use the numeric buttons to enter the address of the Telstra station you want to call (see table below).		In this example, you are calling the Telstra station in Brisbane.
5.	Check that the channel is free from traffic.	The display does not change.	Listen for approximately 10 seconds to ensure the channel is free. If the channel is busy, wait until the channel is free or try another channel.
6.	Press Call 	The display does not change.	The Tx indicator is lit and you hear a 'warbling' sound for approximately 10 seconds.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
7.	If the Telstra station received your call successfully, you hear the short tones of the revertive signal after a few seconds.		You can now speak to the Telstra station.

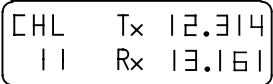



Note: If the call is not successful, either the channel chosen is not a monitored or selcall channel for the Telstra station called, or the frequency is not appropriate for the time of day and range you are working. Check the channel frequencies listing for the station being called, if necessary choose another channel.



The Telstra station address numbers	
Brisbane	104
Darwin	105
Melbourne	106
Perth	107
Sydney	108
Townsville	109



Transmitting a Telstra beacon call

The beacon facility is used to check signal conditions between your transceiver and a selected Telstra station. For the purpose of calling Telstra, the selective beacon mode is used.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure your transceiver is switched on.	The last channel selected.	
2.	Select the required test channel and tune the antenna.		Refer to Section 4, <i>Selecting channels</i> .
3.	Press  Enter		When this button is pressed, the S'call Mute is automatically switched off.
4.	Use the numeric buttons to enter the required selective call address number of the Telstra station (see table below).		This example shows the Telstra station address for Brisbane.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
5.	Check that the channel is free from traffic, then press 	 Immediately when the call is received, the display shows the last channel, transmit and receive frequencies used.	The transmit indicator will be lit and you will hear a warbling sound for approximately 10 seconds. If the call is successfully decoded you will hear four long reverberative tones. You can check these tones for signal strength and compare them with signal strengths from other channels. Select the channel giving the best return signal strength.

The Telstra station address numbers	
Brisbane	104
Darwin	105
Melbourne	106
Perth	107
Sydney	108
Townsville	109




Receiving a Telstra selective call

This procedure explains how a telephone call is received on your transceiver through Telstra from the public telephone service.

It should be noted that telephone subscribers can book a radio-telephone call to you by dialling the national Telstra booking number 0108.

Calls will only be decoded if your transceiver is switched on and in either the:

- selective call scan mode (refer to section 6, *Using selective call in scan mode*) which is recommended when expecting a call
- set on the correct channel for the time of day and the antenna is tuned on the selected channel, refer to *Tuning the antenna* in section 4.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	No action, the transceiver automatically completes this event.	 <p>The display shows that you have received a Telstra call and the address of the calling station.</p>	This is an example of a Telstra call from the Brisbane station with selcall ident number 104.

Notes: On receipt of a call you have two options:

- either answer it immediately, refer to *Answering a received call* in section 5
- let the transceiver automatically store the callers self identification number in memory to await your reply, refer to *Returning a received call* in section 5.

If your transceiver was unattended at the time the selective call was received, the callers self identification number is stored in memory for you to review at a later time. Refer to *Reviewing the list of received calls in memory* in section 5.

Notes cont. If you do not answer the call immediately, once the call is stored in memory your transceiver will continue to give out 'pips' every four seconds to indicate that a call has been received. If you wish to silence these 'pips', yet still retain the display, press the 'Disp' button.

If you only wish to receive selective calls, ensure the S'Call Mute indicator is lit.

If the microphone PTT button is not pressed before the end of the tones:

- the called display will remain on to indicate that a call was received
- a 'pip' will be heard every four seconds
- the external alarm relay contacts will close for approximately two minutes (refer to section 5, *Using the external alarm feature*).





CODAN

8. Changing the setup options

Some of the setup options in this section can be completed by the user; others must only be carried out by qualified personnel, either at the Codan factory or by a Codan agent. A statement is made in the procedure whenever qualified personnel are required.

All displays in this section show examples of channel and frequency numbers. You must insert your selected channel and frequency numbers.

Setup option links

Some of the setup procedures may need a link to be moved inside the transceiver, while some need a link soldered inside the transceiver. The moveable link is called the control head link (refer to figure 8.1).

The control head link

This link is located inside the control head. The link is located on a row of four vertically mounted pins on the PCB (figure 8.1).

The control head link can fit into four positions on the PCB, only three of which are used:

- 2** not used
- 1** used for setup options
- F** not used
- E** used for extended control head transceivers.

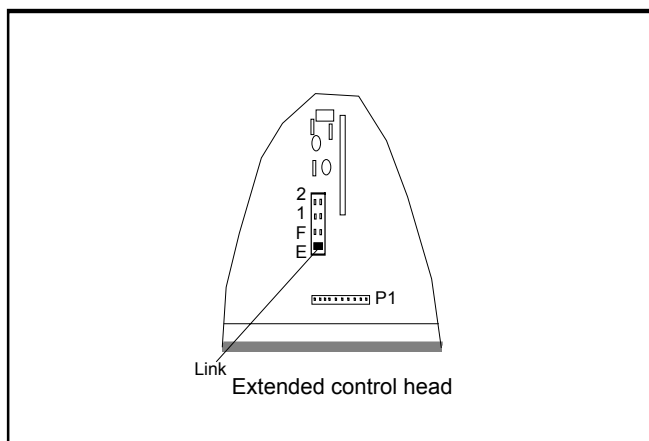


Figure 8.1: The control head link



Changing the position of the control head link

The link is a black plastic moulding incorporating linked metal contacts. The contacts short together pins located on the control head display PCB.




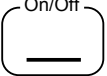


Extreme care should be taken when handling the transceiver to prevent damage to the components.

Step	Action
1.	Turn the transceiver off and disconnect the power.
2.	Remove the control head rear panel of extended control head transceivers.
3.	Move the control head link from position E (extended control head) to position I.
4.	Carry out the relevant setup procedures.
5.	After completing the setup procedures, turn the transceiver off and disconnect the power before returning the link to its original position.
6.	Replace the cover before reconnecting the power to your transceiver. Your transceiver is now ready for normal use.



Reviewing setup options

This facility allows you to see what setup options have been enabled with the transceiver. You can review the setup options at any time. This procedure does not require you to move or install links in your transceiver.

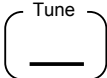
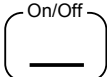
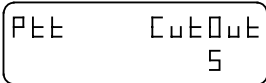





Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Ensure your transceiver is off.	No display.	
2.	Hold down  and press 	Hold down the Display button until the display shows 	The display starts with the scan setup option.
3.	To scroll through the options press 	Shows each option.	Each press of the Display button scrolls to the next option. SCAN prog ENABLE CHAN No inhib diSP S-CALL ENABLE diSP CALL LONG diSP Addr CALL diSP Addr SELF diSP bEACON ON Ptt CutOut diSP bEEPS loud
4.	To exit the review mode and resume normal operations, press the PTT button.		

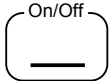


PTT timer

This facility stops the transceiver from being left on in the transmit state. If the transmit time exceeds the PTT timer setting, the transceiver reverts to the receive mode and an error message is displayed.

The timer is set at the factory to 10 minutes. You may turn this facility off, or vary the time between 5 and 35 minutes, in five minute intervals.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Turn the transceiver off and move the control head link to position 1.	No display.	Before moving the link, note its original position. Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.
2.	Hold down  and press 	Hold the Tune button down until the display shows 	This turns the transceiver on, and into the PTT timer setup mode.
3.	Press  or 		The PTT time out time can be changed from 5 to 35 minutes. Press either the  or  buttons to increase or decrease the time. Stop at the setting you require.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
4.	Press 	No display.	Your selection has been made and the transceiver is now switched off.
5.	Return the control head link to its original position.		Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.
6.	Replace the cover before switching on your transceiver.		Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.



Enter a PIN (Personal Identification Number)


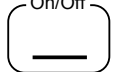

If you select a PIN for the transceiver, you will have to enter this PIN each time you switch the transceiver on. If you fail to enter the correct PIN, the transceiver will automatically switch off.

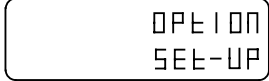


If a PIN code is set, the transceiver can only be operated by entering the PIN.

**It is important that every person who uses the transceiver knows the PIN.
Alternatively, do not set the PIN code.**

If you forget the PIN, you must return the transceiver to the factory.


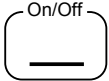



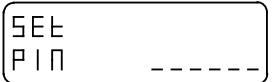
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Turn the transceiver off and move the control head link to position 1.	No display.	Before moving the link, note its original position. Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.
2.	Hold down  and press  On/Off	Hold down the numeric 3 button until the display shows 	This switches your transceiver on and into the PIN setup mode.
3.	Use the numeric buttons to enter your PIN.	The display will show the number you enter.	You can select a number between 1 and 999999.




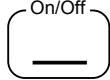
Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
4.	Press B'con Enter		Your PIN number has now been registered within the transceiver.
5.	Press On/Off	No display.	The transceiver is now switched off.
6.	Return the control head link to its original position.		Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.
7.	Replace the cover before switching on your transceiver.		Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.



Changing or deleting a PIN

This procedure allows you to change or delete your PIN.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Turn the transceiver off and move the control head link to position 1.	No display.	Before moving the link, note its original position. Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.
2.	Hold down  and press 	Hold down the numeric 3 button until the display shows 	This switches your transceiver on and into the PIN setup mode.
3.	Use the numeric buttons to enter your existing PIN		Example of existing PIN number 1234.
	and then press 		You may now change or delete the PIN.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
4.	To insert a new PIN, use the numeric buttons and press  To clear a PIN, do not insert new numbers, just press 	The display will show the number you enter, or if you cleared the PIN 	You can select a number between 1 and 999999. A new PIN is now registered, or the old PIN has been cleared.
5.	Press 	No display.	The transceiver is now switched off.
6.	Return the control head link to its original position.		Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.
7.	Replace all covers before switching on your transceiver.		Refer to the procedure on page 8-3.

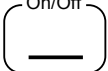
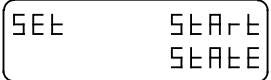


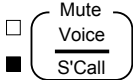
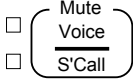

Power-on settings

There are two power-on settings that may be set at any time without the need to move or install any internal links. These are the default settings that will always be present when you switch on the transceiver.

- **Mute settings.** This facility allows you to select either Voice Mute On, Voice Mute Off, or S'call Mute on.
- **Beep volume.** This facility allows you to set the beep volume to either loud or soft.

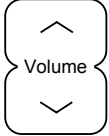
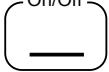
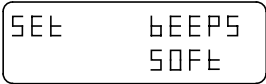
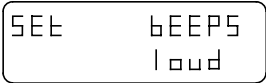

Mute settings

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Hold down <input type="checkbox"/> Mute <input type="checkbox"/> Voice <input type="checkbox"/> S'Call and press On/Off 	Hold down the Mute button until the display shows 	This switches your transceiver on and into the Mute setup mode.
2.	Press <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mute <input type="checkbox"/> Voice <input type="checkbox"/> S'Call	No change in the display.	The Voice Mute is on when the Voice Mute indicator is lit. If you wish to select Voice Mute, proceed to step 4. If you wish to select S'call Mute proceed to step 3.

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
3.	<p>To select S'call Mute on, press</p>  <p>to select S'call Mute off press</p>  again	No change in the display.	<p>The S'call Mute is on when the S'call Mute indicator is lit.</p> <p>The Mute is off when neither indicator is lit.</p>
4.	<p>Press</p> 	Reverts to normal display showing channel and frequency numbers.	Your selection has been made and you can switch off the transceiver.



Beep volume

Step	Action...	Display shows...	Remarks...
1.	Hold down  and press On/Off 	Hold down either of the volume buttons until the display shows  or 	This switches your transceiver on and into the beep volume setup mode. The display will show the last beep volume setting.
2.	Press either of the volume buttons to switch between the beep volume settings.	The display will switch between soft and loud.	
3.	Press 	Reverts to normal display showing channel and frequency numbers.	Your selection has been made and you can switch off the transceiver.





9. Display messages






In addition to showing the normal channel information, the display is able to show messages indicating the results of an operation, such as an operator error or a system error.

These error or fault messages are generally accompanied by one or more 'beeps'.

If a transceiver fault is indicated, the transceiver must be switched off and tried again. If the fault re-occurs the transceiver must be sent to Codan, or a Codan agent, to have the fault rectified.


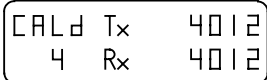
Messages will be displayed for five seconds and then normal operation will be resumed. Pushing any button or the microphone PTT button during this five second period will immediately restore normal operation.

Messages and operator errors

No. of 'beeps'	Message displayed	Meaning
2		The automatic antenna has been satisfactorily tuned.
2		The automatic antenna has failed to tune.
2		<p>An attempt has been made to transmit before the automatic antenna has been tuned. Wait until the automatic antenna has tuned.</p> <p>If a fault exists, refer to the antenna handbook for details.</p>
1		An attempt has been made to enter more than 15 channels in the scan program.
0		A channel has been entered in the scan program.


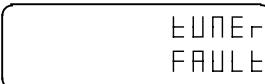
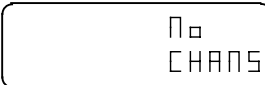
No. of 'beeps'	Message displayed	Meaning
1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> No PTT Error </div>	<p>An attempt has been made to transmit on a receive-only channel, or while the scan mode is selected.</p> <p>If the transceiver is scanning, press the Scan button to stop scanning. If the channel selected is a receive-only channel, select another channel.</p>
1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> SCAN Error </div>	<p>An attempt has been made to select the scan mode while the transceiver is transmitting, or no channels have been entered in the scan program.</p> <p>Check that the program has scan channels, if not select another program.</p>
1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> No ENABLE </div>	<p>An emergency call or a selective call has been attempted on a channel where that function has not been enabled.</p>
2	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> PTT Timeout </div>	<p>The microphone PTT has been active for a longer time period than set. Refer to Section 8, <i>Changing the setup options</i>.</p>
1	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> CHL CALL ---- </div>	<p>A request for you to enter a selective call address.</p>

Display messages

No. of 'beeps'	Message displayed	Meaning
0		A selective call has been received. This example shows a call received from station 428 on channel 2.
0		A call has been received on another channel.



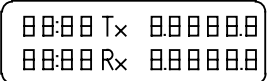
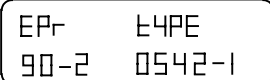
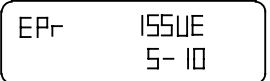

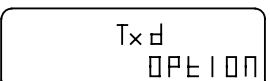
System errors

No. of 'beeps'	Message displayed	Meaning
3		<p>Internal synthesizer is unlocked. All transmission is inhibited and the receiver is muted.</p> <p>Turn the transceiver off and then try again. If the problem persists, the transceiver must be returned for service.</p>
2		<p>The external tuner has not completed a tune operation within five minutes.</p> <p>Turn the transceiver off and then try again.</p>
0		<p>No channels have been programmed into the transceiver.</p>



Reviewing the EPROM program content

With the transceiver on, push and hold the On/Off button. The display will show the following test displays at three second intervals. On releasing the On/Off button the transceiver is turned off.

No. of 'beeps'	Message displayed	Meaning
0		Display lamp test—all segments must be on and all the indicators lit.
0		This shows the Program (EPROM) type number (for example 90-20542-1).
0		Program (EPROM) issue number (for example 5.10). Some indicator lamps will turn off.
0		Shows the number of channels programmed by the factory or agent. This can be up to 15.
0		This displays indicates an option fitted to the transceiver. d indicates that the transceiver is inhibited from entering transmit frequencies from the control head.





CODAN

10. Front and rear panel sockets

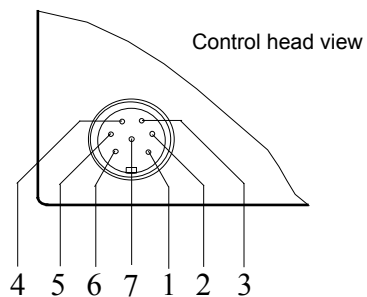
Only suitably qualified personnel should use the information contained in this section. Failure to observe this criteria could result in damage to the transceiver.

Details are provided on the following sockets:

- microphone socket
- external alarm
- antenna control socket
- remote control socket.

Microphone socket

This socket is located on the control head of the transceiver. It is used to connect the microphone to the transceiver.



Pin No.	Designation	Pin No.	Designation
1	PTT ground	5	N/C
2	PTT (active low)	6	Audio output
3	Microphone input	7	Audio ground
4	Microphone ground		



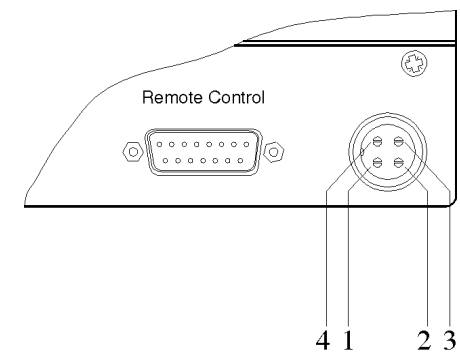
External alarm socket

This socket is located on the rear panel of the transceiver.

- **Selective call alarm**

This facility allows an external alarm device to be connected to the transceiver. When a selective call is detected, internal relay contacts close across pins 2 & 3.

The contacts are rated for 1A at 50V DC.



Pin No.	Designation	Pin No.	Designation
1	Not used	3	Relay contact
2	Relay contact	4	Not used



Antenna control socket

This socket is located on the rear panel of the transceiver, and allows you to connect an automatic tuning antenna to your transceiver.

There are two options available which determine the connections made to the pins on this socket:

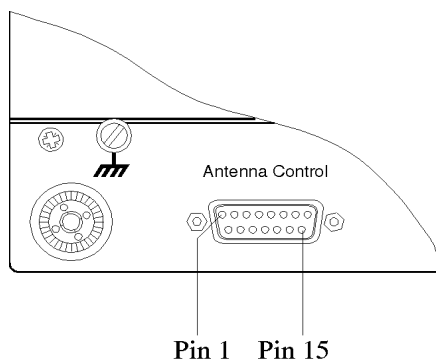
- **Antenna control—standard**

This option allows an 8551 antenna driver to be connected to the transceiver.

- **Antenna control—option AD**

Fitting of this option is identified with a WARNING label fitted above the antenna control socket.

This option allows an 8558 automatic tuning antenna to be connected to the transceiver.



Antenna control—standard

Pin No.	Designation	Pin No.	Designation
1	Channel number Bit 3 (oc)	9	Channel number Bit 1 (oc)
2	Channel number Bit 4 (oc)	10	Channel number Bit 2 (oc)
3	N.C.	11	Tuned in (active low)
4	Tune in/out (active low)	12	Switched fused battery voltage
5	Scan (Active antenna, oc, active low)	13	Switched fused battery voltage
6	N.C.	14	Ground
7	N.C.	15	Ground
8	PTT out (+10V 1k Ω source)		

(oc) = Open Collector (Active high)



Antenna control—option AD

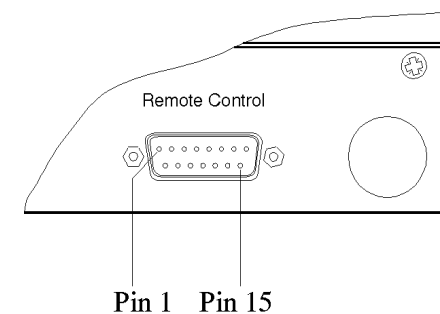
Pin No.	Designation	Pin No.	Designation
1	Channel number Bit 3 (oc)	9	Channel number Bit 1 (oc)
2	Channel number Bit 4 (oc)	10	Channel number Bit 2 (oc)
3	Disable (ground to disable)	11	Switched +12V Motor
4	Load	12	Switched fused battery voltage
5	+ 12V Scan	13	Switched fused battery voltage
6	Motor phase 1 (oc)	14	Ground
7	Motor phase 2 (oc)	15	Motor phase 3 (oc)
8	Motor phase 4 (oc)		

(oc) = Open Collector (Active high)



Remote control socket

This socket allows the following peripherals to be connected to the transceiver remote control head 9320.



Pin No.	Designation	Pin No.	Designation
1	Loudspeaker	9	Ground
2	Remote PTT (active low)	10	Ground
3	Receiver audio input *	11	Transmit audio input (1.5V pp)
4	Power on (active low, pulse)	12	Receiver demodulator output (1.5V pp)
5	Data (I ² C Bus, 5V)	13	Receiver audio output *
6	Data line enable (I ² C Bus, 5V)	14	Interrupt (I ² C Bus, 5V)
7	Clock (I ² C Bus, 5V)	15	Switched fused battery voltage
8	Transmit lamp		

* Special: Adjusted to suit attached equipment.



Front and rear panel sockets



11. Specifications

Frequency range	Transmit: 2 to 24 MHz Receive: 250 kHz to 30 MHz
Channel capacity	15 channels
Operating mode	Single sideband (J3E; USB)
Transmitted power output	100 watts (PEP)
Supply voltage	12V DC nominal, negative earth Normal operating range 10.5V to 15V DC Maximum operating range 9V to 16V DC Reverse polarity protection is provided
Over voltage protection	Shutdown at 16V DC (nominal) for duration of over voltage
Supply current	Receive (no signal): 0.4A Transmit J3E voice: 6A (average) J3E two tone: 9—12A
Size and weight	9313 transceiver 250 mm W x 320 mm D x 78 mm H; 3.3 kg (excludes vehicle mounting frame) 9320 control head 190 mm W x 50 mm D x 75 mm H; 0.4 kg (includes mounting bracket)



12. Options and accessories

The following options and accessories are available for the 9313 transceiver.

Code	Options
-------------	----------------

- | | |
|----|--|
| AD | Fit antenna driver interface for 8558 automatic tuning whip antenna. |
| E | Program RFDS emergency call. |
| SE | Program selective call encode (specify operating channels). |

Code	Accessories
-------------	--------------------

- | | |
|------|---|
| 112 | Vehicle installation hardware kit. |
| 117 | Vehicle mounting cradle–front entry complete with 6 metre DC power cable (normally supplied with the 9313). |
| 118 | Vehicle mounting cradle–top or bottom entry complete with 6 metre DC power cable. |
| 704 | Vehicle interference suppression kit. |
| 711 | Bulkhead mounting fuse holder for transceiver DC power cord–supplied with 32 amp fuse. |
| 712 | 32 amp fuse for code 711. |
| 2052 | Service manual for type 9313. |
| 9320 | Control head complete with 6 metre interface cable fitted with connectors and hand PTT microphone. |



